St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXX. ST. LOUIS. FRIDAY. JUNE 10, 1881. NO. 9.

BARGAINS

BARGAINS

The Wonderful "Bargain" Sale

AT

BARR'S

Was Unabated Yesterday, and the Crowds Were Simply Immense All Day.

A CARD.

We ask the indulgence of our patrons who may be inconvenienced during the present rush, and can only say, by way of excuse, that the Bargains offered compensate for the effort to get them.

WM. BARR DRY GOODS CO.'S

GREAT CENTRAL STORE,

FRONTING ON SIXTH, OLIVE AND LOCUST STREETS.

CITY PRINTING.

OFFICE OF REGISTER, CITY HALL, ST. LOUIS, June 2, 1881.

Pursuant to the requirements of the charter and ordinance of the city of St. Louis, sealed bids will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon,

MONDAY, JUNE 13, 1881,

from the publishers of newspapers (in the English language) in the city of St. Louis, having a uniform daily circulation of over three thousand (3,000) copies, for the city printing during the year ending June 4, 1882. Said bids must propose to do the city printing and advertising as required by law or ordinance, to be done in the newspapers at a uniform price per line "nonpareil," and must be accompanied with the affidavits of said publishers that the uniform daily circulation of their respective newspapers is over three thousand (3,000) copies.

The parties bidding shall also state in their bids the price per page they will print two hundred copies of the proceedings of the Municipal Assembly (200 copies for each house, and no blank pages to be counted as may be published in such paper, in pamphlet form, and furnish the same within two days after each meeting to each house of the Municipal Assembly.

The parties bidding will also state at what price per page they will furnish three hundred printed copies of the ordinances as may be published in the newspapers of a uniform size, suitable for binding in the customary pamphlet form (no blank pages to be counted). The parties bidding will also state at what price per page they will furnish one hundred printed copies of the proceedings of the Board of Public Improvements, as may be published in the newspapers. (No blank pages to be counted.)

Bidders will be required to make a cash deposit of one hundred dollars. A bond of ten thousand dollars will be required for the faithful performance of the contract.

No bids shall be considered in which there shall be an erasure or interlineation. All bids must be indorsed, "Proposals for City Printing."

The paper receiving the contract will be required to furnish twenty-two copies of the daily paper free of charge. The paper receiving the contract will be required to furnish one dozen slips of each advertisement made by the Commissioner of Supplies, without delay, free of charge, to the said Commissioner.

NICHOLAS BERG, Register.

Popular Music at Peters' New Music Store, 307 N. Fifth st., Near Olive.

ORGANINAS.

Price $10 With Music.

"Flower From Mother's Grave, song and ... March, 35c; Only ... to Waltz, ... Kindly to Me, ... by Pike, 40c; The Old Love ... the New, song, Mistrale, 40c; Primavera, spring ... waltz song, Torry, 75c; Butterfly, waltz song, ... 75c; Chimes ... Bells of Long Ago, song and ... Shattuck, 40c; Racquet Galop, original edition; Kate Simmons, 50c; Fresco Waltz, by the author of the Racquet, 50c; Westward Ho! galop, with picture of St. Louis Bridge, 50c; Unique Galop, with picture, Cadmus, 60c; Emmett's Lullaby, 40c; Cackle Song, 35c; Twinkling Stars, 40c; Golden Slippers, 40c; When the Leaves Begin to Turn, waltz song, White, 75c, and other popular music, mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price.

J. L. PETERS, 307 N. Fifth st.

HEADQUARTERS IN THE WEST, FOR

Civil Engineers' and Surveyors' SUPPLIES.

Transits, Levels, Compasses,

Drawing Papers, Profile and Cross Section of every Description.

Tracing Linens and Papers,

Tapes, Chains, Scales, Drawing Instruments, Etc., Etc.

ALOE, HERNSTEIN & CO.,

Cor. Fourth and Olive Sts., St. Louis.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

W. SOMERVILLE, Pres. J. W. SLAUGHTER, Sec'y.

MISSOURI GLASS COMP'Y.

GLASSWARE,

China and Crockery, Lamp Stock, Bottles, &c.

Office and Salesrooms: Iron Building, Nos. 501, 503 and 505 N. Third street.

Warehouse: New Building, Eighth street, from Spruce to Poplar streets, Union Depot.

Orders and correspondence, also personal visits of buyers solicited. The largest stock and best facilities

PARLOR SUITS. *In Endless Variety. LOWEST Prices in the City.* Burrell, Comstock & Co

LARGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE

235

Residence Lots!

IN THE ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY TRACT AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

On the Premises,

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY June 14 & 15, '81.

Commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. each day,

We will continue the sale of the well-known property of the St. Louis University, situated on the commanding elevation which forms our beautiful northern suburbs, immediately north of Grand avenue, directly opposite the O'Fallon Park, and on the same tract as the new German Catholic Church, only a few minutes' walk to the Fair Grounds and Zoological Garden, and approached by three lines of street cars.

This property fronts on the following streets: Florissant, Linton, College and O'Fallon avenues; Eleventh, Twelfth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth sts; Curran, Grattan, Orchard and Dominique sts., and ten buildings lots fronting on Bellefontaine road. The streets are 60 feet wide and the alleys 20.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third cash; balance in one and two years, with 6 per cent interest on deferred payments and secured by deed of trust on the property sold; $20 to be paid the auctioneer on bidding off each lot. Title good and warranted. Plats can be had at our office.

GREEN & LAMOTTE,

AUCTIONEERS.

Cheffoniers LARGEST STOCK EVER SHOWN.

Men's and Youths' Clothing.

The above cut represents one of the most fashionable and popular Business Frock Suits. This is always a genteel style, no matter what else may be the passing rage. The coat is a Single Breasted Sack, closing one button, medium ... high, with medium length of ... and skirt. We are showing an enormous variety of goods cut in this shape, both in plain and fancy patterns, at prices ranging from $8 to $20.

MABLEY,

The Clothier,

N. W. Cor. Fifth and Pine.

THE AMERICAN BRAKE CO.

SPECIAL

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders of the American Brake Company that a special meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of the Company, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust streets, St. Louis, at 12 o'clock on the 29th day of July, 1881, for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of the Company to Two Million Dollars,

S. W. McMUNN,
D. H. CHAPMAN,
ALBERT BLAIR,
JOHN B. GRAY
D. S. RANDOLPH,
W. H. WATERS,
E. E. CHASE,
} Directors.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is the intention of the Union Savings Association, located in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to reduce its capital stock to one hundred thousand dollars, such reduction to take effect on the 24th day of June, 1881, and that such reduction is made in conformity with the provisions of article 7, chapter 21, volume 1, of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, and a resolution of the Board of Directors of said Association adopted May 4, 1881; and that the owners of more than two-thirds of the capital stock of said Association have consented in writing to said reduction.

Dated May 6, 1881.

PETER NICHOLSON, Pres.

SCRUGGS, VANDERVOORT & BARNEY

Our Great Reduction Sale

OF

Mann & Co.'s Entire Stock

WHICH WAS COMMENCED

YESTERDAY

IN THE STORES HERETOFORE

KNOWN AS H. D. MANN & CO.'S,

WAS INEXPRESSIBLY

THE GRANDEST SUCCESS

Of any sale ever attempted in St. Louis. The knowledge that it was a

Genuine Reduction Sale

OF AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

New, Clean, Desirable Dry Goods

BROUGHT OUT THE

LADIES BY THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS,

Thronging the stores to such an extent as to render it ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY TO KEEP THE DOORS CLOSED the greater part of the day. To the immense number who, after waiting hours, were unable to even gain admittance, we tender an apology, and most courteously invite them to visit us again, assuring them of our desire to serve them.

The Great Sale Will Continue From Day to Day,

And Every Morning the Stores will be Opened

PROMPTLY AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Extra Edition.

DYNAMITE DEMONS.

Attempt to Blow Up the Town Hall, Liverpool.

The Arrest of Two Irishmen—A Fenian Plot—The Political Duel Between Gambetta and Grevy—Cornell Crew—Tunis News.

England.

LONDON, June 10.—Sir Duncan McGregor, K. C. B., Inspector General of the constabulary force in Ireland in '48, is dead.

THE FRENCH TARIFF CONVENTION.

LONDON, June 10.—In the Commons last evening Dilke, the Under-Foreign Secretary, said the Anglo-French Commissioners were now engaged on a draft of a convention and tariff which has been confidentially communicated by France. Some items are worse than the statu quo and some better. Her Majesty's Government, he said, were thoroughly alive to the injuries which might be inflicted on the British trade by the the exclusion through the operation of specific duties of cheaper kinds of articles and would not consent to any scale causing such exclusion. Some points were already provisionally settled in regard to iron, steel chemicals and pottery, but the intentions of France in regard to the most important question, namely that of textiles, had not yet been formally announced.

A DYNAMITE PLOT.

LIVERPOOL, June 10.—An attempt was made last night to blow up the town hall of the city, but only resulted in breaking the windows in the hall and in Brown's building on the opposite side of the street. It is reported two men were arrested with a quantity of dynamite and loaded revolvers in their possession.

THE PRISONERS.

LIVERPOOL, June 10.—The persons captured in the attempt to blow up the town hall have been identified as Liverpool Irishmen, named McKevett and Roberts. Both were well supplied with money. Documents were found in their possession connecting them with Fenianism. Roberts has been for some years in America.

The prisoners will also be charged to-morrow with complicity in the attempt to blow up the Central Police Station of this city the night of May 6.

IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, June 10.—In the Commons Harcourt, the Home Secretary, stated both Irishmen arrested in Liverpool this morning in connection with the attempt to blow up the town hall recently arrived from America.

Gladstone said there was no foundation whatever for the statement. The Government intends to abandon portions of the land bill.

THE CORNELL CREW.

LONDON, June 10.—The Cornell four are dissatisfied with their exclusion from the race for the Visitors' plate in the Henly regatta, which they believe they could win. They doubt their ability to win the Stewards' cup. Efforts will be made to secure their admission to the contest for the Visitors' plate.

France.

PARIS, June 10.—Monseigneur Louis Garton de Segur, the eminent French prelate and author of many religious works, is dead.

THE SCRUTIN DE LISTE.

The Senate's rejection of the Scrutin de Liste bill marks the beginning of another revolutionary era. It is a duel between Gambetta and Grevy.

PRESS OPINIONS.

PARIS, June 10.—The Republique Francaise, Gambetta' organ admits the defeat of its party and compares the vote on the Scrutin de Liste in the Senate yesterday to the reactionary proceedings of the 16th of May, 1877. The relations between the Senate Chamber of Deputies, it says, will now became greatly strained. A general election, preceded as it will by a strong agitation, will be adverse to the Senate if the people pronounce in favor of the Scrutin de Liste. The article concludes as follows:

"We are not discouraged. We shall regain our liberty of action and shall use it."

The moderate journals declare the question of the Scrutin de Liste will now be referred to the electoral body, which is its natural judge.

The irreconcilable and monarchist papers profess to regard the vote as putting an end to Gambetta's dictatorship. There are rumors current that Constans, Minister of the Interior, Cozat, Minister of Justice, and Gen. Farre, Minister of War, will tender their resignations and that Gambetta will resign the presidency of the Chamber of Deputies.

Tunis.

TUNIS, June 10.—The Franco-Tunisian treaty has been ratified. Roustan, the French minister, has informed the foreign representatives here that the Bey by special decree has appointed him sole intermediary for the transaction of business with them.

Germany.

BERLIN, June 10.—The Reichstag rejected by 153 to 102 the credit demanded by Bismarck for the establishment of an Economic Council.

Ireland.

LONDON, June 10.—Joyce, Secretary of the Kilmalloch, County Limerick, Branch Land League, was arrested under the coercion act.

READING HIS BIBLE.

Cold Blooded Murder in Arkansas—Pursuit and Capture of the Murderers.

LITTLE ROCK, June 10.—Particulars of the murder of Louis Sweeton in Van Buren county last Wednesday have just been received. Last winter six men of that neighborhood were arrested for stealing bee-gums and tried before a Justice of the Peace and acquitted. Louis Sweeton said the matter should be presented to the next Grand Jury. The fellows then threatened to kill Sweeton if he reported them. Notwithstanding this threat Sweeton reported them to the Grand Jury which indicted them. On Wednesday six men went to Sweeton's house. Stopping at the front gate they called him. Sweeton was at the time nursing the baby and reading the Bible. When he heard the call he laid the child and the book on the floor and stepped to the door. As soon as he made his appearance the murderers fired, hitting him in several places. He turned and ran through three rooms and fell dead on the back porch. The neighborhood was soon alarmed. An armed posse went in pursuit. They came on the murderers in an old house. They were well ... sound asleep. Their guns already ... beside them, but their pursuers ... on them, and when they awoke ... the drop ... less. One however managed to escape.

TRAPPED HIS WIFE

And Stabs Her to the Heart in a Beer Garden.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—George C. Gailing stabbed and killed his wife at the Atlantic Gardens yesterday afternoon. He suspected her of infidelity, wrote her a decoy note, which she answered by going to the gardens. He met her in a room and stabbed her to the heart.

A Dangerous Contest.

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 10.—A special to the Courier-Journal says: Sloan's Valley, Cumberland Mountains, on the line of the Cincinnati Southern Railway, is full of people engaged in the tan bark business. Disputes and contentions over the titles to land are of constant occurrence. A Mr. Gory of Lexington, who works about 500 hands, and Cutton and Wray of Danville, Ky., are quarreling over a large survey and it is reported that the hands of each are carrying guns and are daily expecting a deadly conflict. Matters at this time are looking quite serious.

Terrible Explosion.

POTTSVILLE, PA., June 10.—A terrible boiler explosion occurred at noon to-day at Atkins Bros'. Fishback Rolling Mill. Eight or ten men were badly scalded. At least three will die.

AN EPISODE.

There's a silence deep and a brooding sleep,
That over the drear earth steals;
And the gentle buzz of the June-bug's coz
Through the orchard and meadow peals.

At the garden gate, though it's rather late,
Stands a youth and maiden fair;
She is seventeen, and a little lean,
And she bangs her nut-brown hair.

The old gate creaks as Maud's blushing cheeks
Are kissed by two rose-red lips;
Down the garden path, with a great big lath,
A stern parent softly skips.

There's a scattered group, and a wild, wild whoop,
And a swiftly moving boot;
In the new spring pants see him madly prance
And away for the street car scoot.

JOHN J. COLLINS.

AN EDUCATED BANTAM.

How a Little Invalid Girl Trained a Trick Chicken.

From the New York Times.

Somewhat over a year ago a very little girl was quite ill, and during her convalescence a pretty bantam hen hatched out a brood of chicks, and to amuse the child some of the tiny unfledged creatures were brought to the child to look at. When the chicks were about being taken away the little one begged to have one left for her to play with, and to humor the invalid a chick was left, it being the intention of the mother to return the chick to the hen as soon as the child went to sleep. Somehow the child went to sleep, the chick was forgotten and both were found well next morning. Then the little girl insisted that the baby chicken should belong to her, and live with her. This was at first thought to be a cruelty to the little bird, but the foster-mother was so gentle and painstaking with her adopted child that the chick was allowed to remain. For some ten days the chick nestled in the bosom of the little girl, and was fed on bread-crumbs soaked in milk, with an occasional mite of hard-boiled egg. Once it was rescued from death, when the little girl was in the act of giving it some of her medicine, which had been left on the table by the bedside. As the patient grew stronger and had beef jelly, the little chicken partook of the same dish. By the end of May, 1880, the little chick had grown considerably, could scamper all over the room, but would invariably when any one came in run to the side of the trundle-bed and intimate that it wanted to be taken up, and the little girl would lower an arm and the chick would get into the hand and be transported into the bed, where he would hide, for he was a little bantam cock. The illness of the little girl continued, a relapse followed, and her life was in danger. The presence of the chicken in the bed was inconvenient and an effort was made to remove it, but the first act of returning consciousness on the part of the child was manifested when he said, "Please don't take away my dear Garibaldi"—for the child's mother was an Italian, and Garibaldi was the little girl's hero. Accordingly Garibaldi reigned supreme.

When health returned and the girl could sit up in a chair. Whenever she was motionless, for the poor child could hardly stir hand or foot for a month, the bantam never left her, but let her show the least movement and away went the chicken. Now as the chicken gained strength his perching qualities were displayed. A picture about seven feet from the floor became at first his roosting-place, and he would fly from a chair to a dressing-table, thence to a gas bracket, and then to the picture; but the little girl declared that she was lonely with "Gari" so far from her, and he was induced, by the removal of the picture to roost on the back of a chair alongside of the bed. Now came a series of lessons which the little girl imparted to the chicken, who was now fully 3 months old. If she held out her finger he would fly from the ground and light on it, and would take a piece of bread from her mouth. His first inarticulate crow was soon after heard, and he was taught to crow at the word of command, and he never would crow without special permission. The hardest task was to teach him to bring any small object, such as a penny or a nickel, when dropped on the floor. When a heavier piece of money, as a half-dollar, was given him, he never would touch it, and no amount of persuasion would make him do it. He became an adept retriever with pocket-handkerchiefs and collars, though with a trailing handkerchief he would often trip up and tumble. Occasionally he would develop a spirit of mischief, especially if a bit of red ribbon was exposed. With this in his mouth he would scamper around until he reached the grate of a furnace, which was in the room, and here he would drop it, pushing it out of sight with his beak. He was never allowed to go into the bed of his own free will: only when the little girl spoke to him and held out her hand; then he would come with a wild flutter, but always waiting to be lifted in. Then the only place he would take was poised right on the child's head, when if called on to crow would crow and crow again. His period of confinement in the room was limited to four months, and so far he had never seen a chicken, because his brothers and sisters and parents were in the yard in the back of the house, and his little mistress lived in the front room. Still he was conscious that some of his relatives were near him, for he could hear them. The cluck of his own mother seemed to affect him, for he would sometimes start toward the door, bent apparently on seeing the outside chicken world. At last he was given the opportunity, on the occasion of the little girl's first going into the garden.

Gari was perched on her head. For a moment he gazed with outstretched neck at his comrades. Instinct was too strong, and in an instant he was amid his relatives, and in a moment afterward was in a fight with his own brother. His mistress tried to prevent it, but Gari's blood was up. Home training had made him probably a poor fighter, though it had not deprived him of his courage. Half a dozen times he was knocked over, but still he came up smiling to be pecked and spurred again and to be upset on the grass. He might have died right then and there had not his mistress rescued him and carried him into the house, declaring that "he never should be bad that way again," and that "his brothers were wicked, wicked things." Gari was watched for two or three days, his wounds cared for, and he rapidly recovered. It was thought he had had enough of the outside world, but a few days afterward he was missed early in the morning at about daybreak. His return up-stairs occurred an hour afterward—but such a return! He was stiff and bloody, and could hardly stand, and his budding comb was all mangled. He had apparently been quite badly treated. He moped for a week, refusing food for a couple of days. One of his toes was minus a claw, and he limped around for ten days. But he came round. It became then evident that Gari had been very badly whipped, and the question was whether he would not be killed outright some of these days by the other bantams. "He just," said the cook, "sailed in, and was fighting every mother's son of them at the same time, and it was me, Miss, that cotched him, belike dead, and put him in the kitchen, and he hopped up-stairs. He's a dead chicken if you lave him wid his brothers. Bantams is just as bad as Irish, Miss."

Somehow or other, for months the lesson Garibaldi had received seemed to have impressed itself on his chicken brain, for he showed no disposition to enter the lists. He was very observant of the cock-crow below, and, having now access to the back room, would perch on the window-sill, and with the permission of his little mistress would crow defiantly by the hour at the other cocks below.

His programme of performances now increased. He would flap his wings at the word of command, and stand on one foot. His greatest achievement was to draw a little pasteboard box on wheels. This performance he evidently was disgusted with, for, though he would start off at the full run, he would, however, deliberately turn round at times, and pick at the paper vehicle. Still Gari's temper was not to be trusted, for not one of the girl's brothers or sisters could take any liberties with him. No one could lift him up save his mistress, and if any one presumed to point their foot at him Gari's feathers would bristle and he would peck at the boot. There was no cat in the house during the first six months of Gari's life; then a white kitten was introduced. A fight was expected. If Gari's inclinations had been allowed to have their full bent a pitched battle would have ensued, but Kitty was not pugnacious. As there was no resistance on her part, she allowed herself to be bullied, and Gari and Kit became fast friends. No playfulness was ever exhibited by Gari, so when Kitty would try to find amusement by clawing him her companion would peck at her in earnest. They became quite intimate in time, and Gari and Kitty eat out of the same saucer.

All Gari's accomplishments have been fully stated. His mistress tried to accustom him to a suit of clothes—a kind of loose coat—but Gari declined. You might put a coat on him, but so accoutered he never would budge. Last autumn Gari once more went into the basse-cour. Whether he had acquired the art of fighting, or was in a better humor, or his brothers were satisfied with his former prowess, is not known, but from his condition—there was not a feather ruffled—it was supposed that there had been no scrimmage, out of respect, perhaps, for an educated chicken.

After that it was thought to be against nature to keep him from his belongings. In fact, he showed visibly that though he appreciated his in-door life the garden had greater charms for him. He is still obedient to call and a word from his little mistress will always bring him to her. On the least inducement he will follow her up stairs and perform his tricks. He will even drag the little paste-board cart around and pick at it when he upsets it. Occasionally—he is now over a year old—he will come and spend a whole day with his mistress of his own accord. It may be said to her credit that an offer of $30 made to her by a well known showman for the purchase of Gari as a trick bantam has been refused. "No sir," she said to the man when he came in person, "I am not going to sell Gari—no more than I am going to eat him—and next week I am going to take another little chick just like him, and I think I can teach him to be as smart as Gari. It ain't so hard to do."

A SUMMER SNOW SLIDE.

Dislodged Boulders Boom Down Buckskin Gulch and Bury a Miner.

From the Leadville Democrat.

A fatal accident occurred a few days ago in Buckskin Gulch, and the remains of the victim passed through this city yesterday on their way to his old home for interment. James C. Powers, who is well known in this city, and who was here for a long time, went into Buckskin Gulch some time ago and has since that time been diligently employed in sinking for pay mineral. On the evening referred to Powers had concluded his labors of the day and was about to descend to the cabin. The mountain was covered with several feet of snow, and it was difficult to reach the base without the aid of snow shoes. Accordingly Powers took his seat on his shovel and getting ready began to go down with good progress. While he was thus moving on his way a huge boulder was dislodged and began to roll after him in his snowy track. Powers looked behind him and saw the dreadful thing coming after him. At each bound it would stir up other boulders, and soon it looked as if the whole mountain had suddenly been torn into rocks and sent after him. Suddenly there was a crash, and a thundering sound penetrated forest and echoed through canyon. Hearing the rumble and roar of the rocks as they tore down the mountain side, the miners who were near by came out of their doors and witnessed the race between man and avalanche. They saw Powers overtaken and then disappear between the tons of rock and snow. At once they ran to the place and with their picks and shovels they proceeded to unearth the unfortunate miner. This was about 5 o'clock and darkness soon came upon them. Afraid to proceed in the dark for fear of cutting the buried man in delving for him, they secured candles, as it was a gloomy night. There in the gloom the lights flickered and the steady and rapid strokes of the miners were heard for miles away. They were reinforced by others, who could not understand the scene, and at 9 o'clock some one shouted: "My God, boys, here he is, dead!" His body was doubled up and the rocks beneath his head were stained with blood, which showed most ghastly under the dull glare of the candles. Dropping the implements they went to work with their hands, and in a few moments the rocks were away and the body lifted to the surface. It was carried by strong hands into the cabin and the Coroner was notified on the following morning.

A Blackmailing Parson.

From the New York Tribune.

A rich native recently died in Bombay whose course of life had been such that it was evidently necessary to take special pains to secure his eternal welfare. According to the custom, the widow repaired to the priest to obtain a letter of introduction to his "brother Gabriel" on behalf of her departed husband. The priest, seeing an excellent chance to practice a sort of ecclesial blackmail, informed her that owing to the acknowledged wickedness of her late husband it would be a difficult and expensive job to propitiate Gabriel, but that he would undertake it for 500 rupees. The money was paid and the widow went home with the letter of introduction, which enjoined Gabriel to take good care of the newcomer and to grant him among other favors a separate bungalow and a pomegranate tree. The letter was tied around the neck of the corpse, which was thereupon confidingly buried. A son, however, a precocious youth, whose intellect had been sharpened by an English education, did not approve of the loss of 500 rupees, and surreptitiously removed the letter of introduction. He then indorsed upon it, in a clever imitation of the hand-writing of his father, a statement that the latter, having duly presented his credentials to the Archangel Gabriel, had received, instead of the separate bungalow and the pomegranate tree, nothing but abuse. Armed with this letter the lad visited the priest and informed him that he should invoke the aid of the police for breach of contract unless the 500 rupees were restored forthwith. He promptly received the money.

William Penn's Bones.

From the New York Sun.

The Philadelphians who have undertaken to transfer the bones of Penn to their city meet with obstacles on which they had not reckoned. Whether or not the present guardians of these bones have appreciated them hitherto, it is quite certain they value them now, and that they decline to give them up. It seems that Jordans, in Buckinghanshire, England, where the remains of the great Quaker are buried, is a kind of Mecca for the English Friends; and to take away its main historic association would be a grief to them, even though for the purpose of enriching Pennsylvania. Besides, it would be a breaking up of a group of the dead. There in the churchyard lies the famous Founder, between his two wives, and with his five children and other relatives by blood or marriage around. About him, too, are associates in his work. No resting place more fit could be found for him. William Penn was a different sort of a man from William Shakspeare, and hence the hearty, human curse left on record and in rhyme for any disturber of the poet's bones is not to be found over the Quaker's grave; nevertheless its tenant had himself selected this burial ground as his last resting place.

A Lilac Tree One Hundred Years Old.

From the Portland (Me.) Argus.

A gentleman from Deering has left with us a bunch of lilacs from a tree that is a century old. The tree is about ten feet high, the trunk ten inches in diameter and stands at the street end of the residence of Augustus Tate, Esq., Stroudwater. Seventy years ago a private school was kept by Thaddeus Broad in a one-story building, since enlarged and used as a dwelling house by Mr. George W. Morton, and the girls, one of whom is now alive, used to pick flowers from the tree for their teacher. They could just reach the top of the tree by standing on the top rail of the fence.

THE LATE JOSEPH SABIN.

History of a Man Whose Epitaph Should be "Killed by a Dictionary."

From the New York Sun.

Joseph Sabine, the Nassau street bibliopole, who is famous in the book markets of the world, died of Bright's disease Sunday night in his home at Weirfield street and Broadway, Brooklyn. By a strange feat Mr. Sabin's last illness was such as naturally would end a long life of dissipation; but he has been a rigid and extreme total abstinence man. He never drank any liquors, and used neither tea, coffee, nor tobacco, but his physicians say that in his belief that he had thus invigorated his constitution, he overtaxed his mind and body. Mr. Sabin was born in 1821 in Hampshire, England, on December 5, and was indentured at 14 years of age to a bookseller of Oxford, and a year after his apprenticeship he became chief manager. His indenture papers now hang in a frame in his book store at 64 Nassau street. He married the daughter of an architect and builder of Oxford in 1844, and soon afterward began a general publishing business. The first book of his own was a compend on the thirty-nine articles of the Church of England, which he published anonymously. He came to America in 1848, and began his life as a bibilopole in Philadelphia with the Appletons. While with them he introduced the half-calf binding and calf antique. Up to that period books in this country were put between boards or bound in sheep, the latter being less durable than cloth and uglier. He came to New York City through the influence of W. H. Appleton, and he soon took rank as an expert in cataloguing in important collections of books. In 1855 Mr. Sabin established a book-selling house in Philadelphia, and set out to sell the better class of books and to cultivate a taste for fine foreign books. His business was broken up by the war, and he left the city in debt, but he subsequently extinguished every claim against him. Returning to New York, he catalogued and sold the library of the comedian, Wm. E. Burton, and catalogued the library of Edwin Forrest. Mr. Sabin very early began a dictionary of all books relating to America, and all of the spare time he had he devoted to this. It exhausted all of his spare funds and kept him a poor man until his death. He had carried the dictionary so far in the alphabet as the letters "Pa," and upon his death bed he said that he did not wish to die before he had finished this work. Had Mr. Sabin lived to finish this work no country would have had so complete a national bibliography. The task was colossal. He denied himself rest, indulgence and recreation to finish it. The last hour before going to bed and the first on waking were given to it. Thirteen volumes, describing over 50,000 different lots, describing many more different books, have already been published. But for Mr. Sabin's devotion to this costly work, which with him was a patriotic labor, he would have died possessed of a fortune. Mr. Sabin's labor in the Brinley sale of books brought about his final sickness. His physician advised him against undertaking it, but he was unwilling to break his pledge. Mr. Sabin had been trying for some time to sell the library of an English nobleman, valued at $1,500,000, to some American millionaire, but he had not succeeded. His last trip across the ocean was in connection with this great collection. It was commonly said of him that when he was waked by a customer about a book he never thought of what he had to sell, but would immediately begin to tell the customer what was the best edition in existence or the best copy of some rare old tome, or where he could probably get what was best suited to his taste. This did not tend to improve his receipts. For some time the business has been conducted by one of his sons, but Mr. Sabin was as much in the old store as ever. His gray beard bending over old books at a desk in the rear of the place was a familiar feature. He numbered among his customers the late Mr. Lenox, Robert L. Stuart, the late George Brinley, William Menzies, Prof. West, J. Carson Brevoort, Charles A. Dana, Horace Greeley, Henry C. Murphy, S. L. M. Barlow, Joseph W. Drexel, S. J. Tilden and many others. Mr. Sabin's accuracy in establishing the value of books was wonderful. He estimated the value of a large library once within $50 of what it sold for by auction, and he did it by merely glancing at the shelves. He catalogued about 150 libraries. He took the greatest pleasure in directing books he recommended his clients to buy brought a profit when sold. Mr. Sabin's wife and six children survive him. "His epitaph should be," said a friend, "Killed by a Dictionary."

Two Fortunes After Twenty Years.

From the Fall River (Mass.) News.

Twenty years ago, May 29, 1861, Job Terry, of Freetown, died, leaving two heirs—a son, David Terry, then about forty-five years of age, and a daughter, Mrs. Abby T. Evans. Mr. Terry, in his will, provided that after the payment of his debts, which amounted to about $20,000, the balance of his property should be placed in the hands of Henry H. Fish, then cashier of the Fall River Bank, and Leander Borden, cashier of the Massasoit Bank, to be held by them in trust for the term of twenty years, at the end of which time it was to be paid over to his heirs. A clause in the will authorized the trustees to pay, at their discretion, a sum not exceeding in any one year $1,000 for the maintenance and education of his grandchildren, if needed. The amount paid into the hands of the trustees by the executor of the will was $69,942 50, and so judiciously has the estate been managed and the proceeds invested that to-day it has swollen to the handsome sum of $204,396 25. Over $60,000 of this amount is invested in United States bonds, and the balance mainly in bank, railroad and mill stocks. In a few days, as soon as the bonds are received from Washington, the trustees will pay over to each of the heirs above named the sum of $101,939 50, being the net amount due each after deducting some expenses incident upon the management of the property. David Terry, the son, is a farmer in fair circumstances, but Mrs. Evans, the other heir, has frequently been hard pressed for the necessities and comforts of life. Her husband has been in feeble health for a number of years; sickness has often visited her family, and she has been called to bury three of her four children. Their good fortune comes to them at a period of life when their capacity to enjoy it has in a great measure ceased.

Last of the Grenadier Guard.

From the New York Sun.

Of the famous Grenadier battalion that accompanied Napoleon I. to Elba after his first abdication at Fontainebleau, the last survivor expired in Paris a few days ago at the advanced age of 96. Jacques Raymond, sixty-seven years ago, was a sergeant in the Imperial Guard, and during his eleven months' sojourn in the island of Elba, whether he had been detached as one of the Imperial exile's escort, was attached to the garrison of Porto Ferino. On the 1st of March, 1815, he landed at Frejus with the Emperor, and received his Majesty's orders to summon Antibes to surrender. While fulfilling this mission he was captured by the Royalist forces, and it would probably have gone hardly with him had not the rapid triumph of the Napoleonic cause led to his speedy liberation. As soon as he had been set free he joined his old regiment, and fought with it at Ligny and Waterloo. After the conclusion of peace he was compelled by the Bourbon Government to retire on half pay. Under the regime that came to power during the "July days" of 1830 he was restored to full pay, promoted to the rank of Captain, and appointed inspector of the Hotel des Invalides, which post he retained to the day of his death.

Tunnelling Under New York.

From the New York Herald.

The New York Tunnel Railway Company, which organized on the 26th of last June under the Hayes Tunnel act, met yesterday at No. 24 Pine street and held its first annual meeting, which resulted in the election of the following board of officers and directors for the ensuing year: President, H. Watson Webb; Vice-President, H. C. Stetson; Secretary, T. N. Brown; Treasurer, C. V. Sidell; Directors, C. D. Ingersoll, W. Walter Webb, C. V. Sidell, Henry L. Sprague, T. N. Brown, B. Aymar Sands, James D. Mowrey, S. J. Gorman, H. C. Stetson, Ogden P. Pell, Henry F. Pultzs, H. R. McElligott and H. C. Hepburn. The route of the proposed railroad is to extend from near the outlet of the Hudson River Tunnel in Washington Square, thence under Wooster street and University place to Fourteenth street, thence by a curve under that street to Fourth avenue, thence under and up Fourth avenue to the "Fourth avenue improvement," which begins near Forty-second street. The Secretary said that they expected to begin work very soon, but could not tell just when. A double track railway is to be in the tunnel in connection with the one that is to extend under the Hudson River. The tunnel is to be at least eighteen feet below the surface of the ground. The alleged object of the enterprises is to carry freight and ultimately passengers under the city to New Jersey, so that cars may run direct from Boston to Montreal to New Orleans, Charleston and other Southern cities without the annoyance and delay of a New York transfer.

Gerster Going to See Her Baby.

From a New York Letter.

She would be a remarkable woman if she couldn't sing a note. As she stood to-night in the pauses of the Casta Diva, quietly listening through the bars of music till her turn should come to take up the song again, her silent presence impressed one almost as much as her vocal art. Her square face has a sweetness that relieves its strength. Her eyes look forth serenely from under her level brow, conscious, but not too conscious, of the multitude whom she entranced. Her brown hair, in waves above her forehead, was her womanly crown. Her head bowed gently, half deprecatingly, at the irrepressible eagerness and enthusiasm she evoked. She wore a lustrous white satin, embroidered exquisitely in colors. Morning-glories and light-winged birds were in the pattern, and diamonds and emeralds shone at her throat and ears. The elbow sleeves and square corsage, adorned with lace, revealed her pink, glowing flesh. She was so intensely alive, so joyous, yet so modestly self-repressed—this woman whose voice yields as rich a largess as we give our President. There was, with all the rest, an expectancy in her face that looked toward the home-returning in early June. "I'm glad I'm going home to my baby," her mother-heart seemed to say—that august baby-coming delayed her from us for a year—and whose state of measles and colic is duly cabled to her every week. After all, there is a touch of the pathetic in a vocation that makes the broad sea roll between a mother and her baby.

The Great Violinist.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Henri Vieuxtemps, whose death is announced by cable, was the foremost representative, after the death of his master, De Beriot, of the Franco-Belgian school of violinists which De Beriot may be said to have founded. The characteristics of this school, as distinguished from the classical French school of Viotti, were due to the influence of Paganini, from whom De Beriot adopted the florid execution and dazzling effects of harmonics, arpeggios and pizzicatos, without sacrificing the breadth and richness of tone of the older violinists. Vieuxtemps was born at Verviers in 1820. He played the violin in public at the age of eight, and by the time he was ten had appeared with success in Paris and Vienna and had already begun to compose. From that time until within a few years he has been almost continuously engaged in concert playing in the various capitals of Europe and in this country, having made three separate visits to America—in 1843, 1855 and 1870. On the last occasion he was associated with Nilson in a concert tour. His playing, like that of the somewhat younger Wieniawski, who died about a year ago, was remarkable for its elegance, grace and facility of execution joined with accuracy of intonation, and some of his compositions, though without profound originality, are possessed of a delicate, poetic feeling that will insure them continued popularity.

Dangerous Toy.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

A dangerous weapon has made its appearance, which passes for a toy pistol, and is being sold to small boys by the gross. It is intended to be used in firing blank cartridges for Fourth of July amusement, but will take in a cartridge loaded with ball just as easily, and it does not require a prophet's vision to foresee that such cartridges will be frequently used, by accident or purposely. Some of the boys are filling up the barrels of these dangerous playthings with sand after having loaded them with a blank cartridge. No better means of blowing out eyes could be devised. Should a pebble happen to find its way into the barrel with the sand, life would be endangered. The pistols are marked "Army," but not have the manufacturer's name upon them. Two dozen of them have been sold by a single groceryman in Southside. Ex-Senator Lord, impressed with the dangerous character of the so-called "toy," filled one of them by placing a buck-shot in the barrel after loading it with a blank cartridge. When fired off the buckshot was imbedded in a board to the depth of three-quarters of an inch. So dangerous a toy could not be sold. Its sale ought to be suppressed by the authorities. It certainly comes within the meaning of the statutes forbidding the carrying of concealed or dangerous weapons. A long list of casualties will be averted if the "toy" is suppressed.

Rumored Shooting of Jay Gould.

From the New York Sun, 8th.

It was reported in Wall street yesterday that on Monday a despatch had been received in this city from some point in the West to the effect that Mr. Jay Gould had been fatally shot. The despatch, it was said, was addressed to the Associated Press.

Last evening the Associated Press issued a statement to the effect that a telegram announcing the shooting of Mr. Jay Gould—filed at a Western Telegraph office on Monday, but detected and disproved in time to prevent its publication—is believed to have emanated from a "syndicate" organized for the purpose of disseminating false financial and commercial news, to affect markets in grain and other produce as well as stocks. The results of investigation thus far seem to show that the "syndicate" has its agents in several cities East and West, besides an agent in London, and one who travels between that city and New York on the business connected with the "syndicate."

Had such a despatch as the one spoken of been officially circulated, it undoubtedly would have had a very decided effect upon the stock market. Inquiry was made at the office of the Associated Press last evening for further particulars relative to the despatch. The agent in charge was unable to say from what point it was sent or by whom it was signed, as the occurrence took place in the dey, before he came on duty.

Skylarks in New Jersey.

From the Hackensack Republican.

On the 1st of May Henry Hales liberated at Ridgewood, Bergen county, N. J., seventy-four of the skylarks imported by I. W. England, and reports the entire success of the experiment. After a few days' enjoyment of the sweets of liberty the birds set about housekeeping. They stole away by pairs in the fields and began nest building. The males became more and more vocal, and soared aloft above their sitting mates and poured forth their sweetest strains. The nests, hidden in the grass or garin, were not easily discovered, but some of them were found. They contained four or five freckled eggs of a greenish-gray cast. Like other nests placed on the ground, some of them have been visited by cats or other predatory animals, but in other cases the eggs have gone safely through the process of incubation and the young larks—real American born skylarks—have appeared. There is no question that the youngsters will take care of themselves, and, barring accidents common to all birdlings, reach maturity.

Nothing is better in the hayfield than the old-fashioned farmer's drink, "Switchell." This consists of molasses and water, with enough vinegar to give a pleasant sharpness; some ginger is usually added. This satisfies thirst and is always very welcome to the hands, who appreciate any provision for comfort.

BLESSED DREAMS.

The sunset's smile had left the sky,
The moon rose calm and fair,
As low a little maiden knelt
To breathe her nightly prayer.
And thus her brief petition rose,
In simple words and few—
"Dear Lord, please send us blessed dreams,
And let them all come true."

O, I have stood in temples grand,
Where in the rainbow gloom
Rose pompous prayers from priestly lips
Through clouds of dense perfume.
But never one has seemed to me
So guileless, pure and new—
"Dear Lord, please send us blessed dreams,
And let them all come true."

Ah, little maiden, kneeling there,
Beneath the sunset skies,
What need have we of other prayer
Than yours, so sweet and wise?
Henceforth I breath no studied plea,
But bow and pray with you—
"Dear Lord, please send us blessed dreams,
And let them all come true."

FLORENCE PERCY.

CANCER IN THE STOMACH.

Its Removal by Surgery—Prof. Billroth's Account of the Operation.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

It was noticed some time ago in our columns that Prof. Theo. Billroth, of Vienna, had succeeded in cutting out the cancerous part of a human stomach and that the patient recovered. He had previously demonstrated its possibility by experiments performed on dogs, and has since three times successfully repeated the operation. His official account of the first operation has been sent by United States Minister Kasson to the New York Tribune, and we reproduce it as having great interest to our medical readers:

The operation of cutting out parts of the human stomach has, like any other new operation, been prepared anatomic-physiologically and technically by myself and my assistants. Every surgeon having any experience in experiments on animals and similar operations upon the human body arrives at the conclusion that this operation must and will succeed. Pean, the Paris surgeon, was of the same opinion. He attempted the removal of a cancerous pylorus, about six centimeters in diameter, in the case of a patient very much reduced by suffering, and who died four days after the operation. His method of operating, and especially his choice of catgut as sewing material, did not seem to me a good one. He has not attempted to repeat the operation, so far as I know, and no other surgeon has ventured to undertake this by no means easy task.

The few cases which came under my notice in the course of the past year did not seem to me to be the proper ones for a first operation of this kind. It was only recently that the case of a woman was presented to me where the diagnosis of a cancerous pylorus was certain. After a few days of observation, the patient assenting, I made up my mind to undertake the operation. The woman, about 43 years of age and mother of eight children, was taken sick—very suddenly it would seem—in October, 1880, with vomiting. The symptoms of cancer of the stomach with stenosis of the pylorus soon showed themselves. The only thing she was able to retain for any length of time was sour milk. The preparation for the operation consisted in nourishing the patient to peptonized injections, and the cleansing of the stomach by the well known method of injection and pumping. The room, specially prepared for the occasion was heated to 24° R., and the narcotic administered by one of my assistants, every one of whom seemed to be conscious of the importance of the undertaking. No interruption and not a minute of unnecessary delay occurred. The movable tumor, lying a little to the right, seemed to be of the size of an ordinary apple. A diagonal incision about eight centimetres long was made over the tumor, which proved to be a knotty and infiltrated cancer of the pylorus, occupying more than a third of the lower portion of the stomach. Separation of the adhesion to the omentum and the tranverse colon followed, then the division of the large and small omentum. Every vessel was tied before being cut, the loss of blood being very small. The tumor was turned out over the abdominal walls and a cut was then made through the stomach one centimeter beyond the infiltrated part, at first only backward, then in the same manner through the duodenum. The attempt to put together the edges of the cut parts showed the possibility of joining them. Six stitches were taken through the edges, but the threads were not yet tied, and only used to retain the edges in position. A further cutting through the stomach was then made diagonally from the upper and inner to the lower and outer side, but always at a distance of one centimeter from the infiltrated portion of the coating of the stomach. The next thing done was to join the diagonal cut upward, until the opening was small enough to fit the duodenum to it. A complete separation of the tumor from the duodenum was effected next by an incision one centimeter on the other side of the infiltrated portion, and parallel to the cut through the stomach. Then the duodenum was introduced into the opening left in the stomach. About fifty stitches were taken with [Czerny's carbolized silk. The whole was cleansed with a two per cent carbonized solution. The stitches were then examined, and a few more added where there seemed to be weak spots. The whole was replaced in the abdominal cavity, the outer wound closed and the bandages applied.

The operation lasted about one hour and a half. No weakness, no vomiting, and no pain seemed to be apparent after the operation. The patient was given ice only in the first twenty-four hours, then peptonized injections with wine. On the following day, at first every hour only, then every half hour, a tablespoonful of sour milk. The woman slept the greater part of the night, with the aid of a small injection of morphine. The only food taken for some days after the operation consisted of sour milk—one litre a day, as an attempt to nourish the patient with broth did not seem acceptable to her.

The peptonized injections were dispensed with, as they produced flatulence and colic. Injections of wine three times daily were therefore substituted. The patient upon her own request, was a few days later removed to the general ward, and she has since been discharged from the hospital cured. The excised part measures at the greater curvature (horrible dictu) fourteen centimeters, and it is with difficulty only that I am enabled to pass a goose quil through the pylorus. The shape of the stomach is changed little by the operation. It is only a little smaller than formerly.

Baron Rothschild's Goblet.

From the Boston Traveller.

Baron Charles de Rothschild, of Frankfort, has recently purchased for the enormous sum of 800,000 francs ($160,000), a silver gilt cup by the celebrated Jamitzer, which is said to be a marvelous work of art. This sum, according to the *Chronique des Arts*, is, as far as it knows, the largest price ever paid in modern times for a single object of art. The work is the center piece of a table service. The foot is composed of a rock entirely covered with grasses and field flowers, on which disport themselves beetles, little lizzards, locusts and snails.

From this arises the figure of a woman, emblematizing the earth and bending in eloquent pose as she supports on her head and her hands a tall chalice, decorated by grotesques and topped by a cover, which terminates in a vase in form of a baulster, from which springs a bunch of leaves and flowers. The silver gilt of which the cup is made has ornaments in opaque and translucent enamels. The goldsmithery of the sixteenth century is said to offer nothing more finished in execution, and which, though open to criticism, possibly from the standpoints both of taste and style, has its weaknesses, counterbalanced by the wonderful perfection of all its details.

The story of Baron Rothschild's acquisition of the work is quite curious. It formed part of the estate of the late Nuremberg banker, Merkel, who died in 1873, and whose heirs by common accord agreed to loan it, together with Albert Murer's portrait of Holchurcher, to the German museum of Nuremberg, of which Jamitzer's chef d'œuvre became one of the greatest treasures. Indeed the public, during the years it was on exhibition, thought it belonged to the museum. It was so arranged that the work could not be taken away without joint consent of the heirs and a ministerial authorization.

Some months ago the celebrated art work disappeared from the galleries, to the great astonishment and consternation of the Nurembergers and the country in general. After a while it leaked out that a Frankfort dealer in art objects, the agent of Baron Rothschild, had appeared with the necessary papers from the family and the minister, and the Director of the Museum had been obliged to deliver to him the cup. The whole affair was conducted with great secresy, and it is certain that had it been known that the object was for sale the Director of the Nuremberg Musem, as well as those of many others, would have competed with the present purchaser for its possession."

Jay Gould's Tannery.

Scranton, (Pa.) Cor. New York Sun.

Jay Gould used to live not far from here, and when he came to Scranton the other day with Sam Sloan and Sidney Dillon there was a general desire to see him. He did not stay very long, however, to make or renew acquaintances. His train came thundering down from Moscow at the rate of fifty miles an hour, and the order, "Clear the track!" went through from here to Oswego as soon as the party came in sight. Here he found time to step out on the platform. The only new acquaintance he made was W. R. Storrs, general coal agent of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad. Storrs is an austere, thorough-going, hard-working man, who has general supervision of the mines in this section. When he and Gould were introduced he asked after Gould's health, and the latter replied by asking, "What's your capacity?" He meant for producing coal. Mr. Storrs understood, and promptly answered, after which the party boarded their special train and went flying through the Notch.

An old man who saw Gould on the platform, and heard that he could not remember whether he gave his check for five millions or ten millions when he gathered in a little telegraph stock, said: "I worked with him more than a quarter of a century ago up the mountain at Gouldsboro. He got into a snarl with the authorities there about the ownership of the old tannery, and the military had to be called out to drive him from possession. He was as hard to fight then as he is to-day. The whole region was excited about it, and the affair was known all over the country as 'the Gouldsboro rebellion.' A big lawsuit grew out of it. Charley Pike, of Wilkesbarre, defended Gould, and got him off all right."

The scene of the tannery warfare of which the old man spoke is a short distance south of this city, on the Pocono Mountain. When Gould passed through it the other day he is said to have remarked to Sloan: "This place don't seem to have changed much since I ran the tannery here."

A Bride in Duress.

Cregon (Ill.) Special to Chicago Times.

A social event took place last week, on Wednesday, which shook our society from center to circumference, the contracting parties being Mr. Al. Wagner, late of Maryland, a young man of respectability and promise, and in every way worthy, and Eva, youngest daughter of a wealthy retired merchant, Wesley Johnson, and sister to T. O. Johnston, editor of the Ogle County Reporter. It seems that Wagner had been paying Miss Johnston some attention for a few months, but on the sly. Being a poor man, he naturally thought that the family would not smile at his wooing, and an understanding was had that as soon as the girl's father, who was going to Texas on business, should be well out of the way, they would meet, he armed with a marriage license, and then together proceed to the residence of the Rev. Mr. Hoyt. The father left in the morning and the programme was carried out to the letter, for in the afternoon Miss Eva returned from "a walk" accompanied by Mr. Wagner, whom she introduced to her mother as her husband. Wagner made some remark about being glad to call her mother, etc., but the old lady would not hear to it, but promptly ordered him out of the house, and Miss. Eva was at once locked up, where she yet remains, Wagner being unable to get her without force, which he will use if she is not surrendered soon, declaring that she is of age and his wife. The girl's father yet remains in blissful ignorance of the addition to his family, unless the story has been told over the wires. It seems that every effort will be made by the bride's family to keep her secluded till her father arrives, when there will be a scene, as they are of proud and haughty descent. The bride is young, beautiful and accomplished, and worth a few thousands in her own right. Just where the matter will end is now the subject of much speculation.

The Ups and Downs of Life.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The freaks of fortune are rarely more painfully illustrated than in the position which one of President Garfield's old educational companions now occupies in an apartment in the City Infirmary. This companion is an old lady eighty-one years old, a Miss Davidson, who years ago was a teacher in Hiram College, a teacher there when President Garfield was a tutor. Miss Davidson knew Garfield well. Her position was then superior to his. While her former inferior, as President of the United States, occupies the marble halls of the White House, she, as a pauper, is happier within the stone walls of our City Infirmary. Miss Davidson is a bright, intelligent old lady, and talks cheerfully of herself, and is an enthusiastic admirer of the President. She is one of the most industrious inmates of the infirmary, always using her needle mending or sewing for her unfortunate companions.

Reclaimed by Her Husband.

Indianapolis Special to Chicago Times.

Last evening a well-dressed couple were observed hurrying to the depot, the woman crying, and the man wearing a determined look and carrying something in his hand that shone like a revolver. There was considerable comment on their unusual appearance, but as they boarded a north-bound train immediately upon reaching the depot, no one had an opportunity to question them. To-night a Times reporter struck a trail which solved the mystery. Some time ago Mrs. Taylor Landers, of Whitestown, Ind., abandoned her husband and took refuge with disreputable associates in this city. Yesterday her husband traced her, and by force compelled her to return home. The story is short but suggestive. No one knew the cause leading to the separation on her part, for during her stay she made but few confidants.

Material for a Romance.

From the New York Herald.

Fourteen years ago a Maine man left his wife and child at dinner and sauntered away. One day ten years later he sat in a hut under the comfortable shadow of Table Mountain, Cal., a tired, unlucky miner, and was eating his brunette bacon and beans. His wife and daughter (the latter grown to be a young lady) entered. He raised his eyes from his plate and said: "Ye've got here at last, hev ye?" and continued his meal. Two years later the women disappeared from that home. The other day the mother was fourth in a San Francisco walking match, credited with 398 miles, and the daughter, forsaken by a lover, tried to drown herself, was confined in Oakland while laboring under temporary insanity, and is now in the care of her mother. Bret Harte, where are you with this fact?

New Plays.

From the Buffalo Courier.

Mr. W. D. Howells has agreed to write for Lawrence Barrett an original play founded on incidents of early colonial life. His first idea was to dramatize the story of Miles Standish, but that project he has abandoned. The play is to be ready for the coming winter season. Mr. Barrett has also accepted a five act tragedy in blank verse by Mr. Wm. Young of Illinois. It is called "Pendragon," and is founded upon the stories of the Round Table. This play is also to be brought out next winter—for the

RIVER NEWS.

LEYBE's Spread Eagle will be off for Grafton at 5 p. m.

THE Lady Lee will be the Kansas City boat for to-morrow.

THE Jno. Gilmore, of the M. V. T. Co., takes a tow of barges South to-morrow.

MR. W. T. GOULD, son of the Commodore, was married yesterday to Miss Katie L. Weyle.

THE Gem City has steel boilers. The material was furnished by Ripley & Kimball, manufacturers' agents.

THE Diamond Jo Line will send the new and splendid steamer Mary Norton to St. Paul to-day. Killeen commands.

JENKINS & SASS announce the Sidney to leave for Pittsburg to-morrow. Woodbury and List at the head of departments.

THE beautiful steamer Grand Tower, Capt. Geo. Cornell, leaves for Vicksburg to-morrow evening. Thomas H. White presides.

THE arrivals were the Spread Eagle, from Grafton; Gem City, Keokuk; Sidney, Pittsburg; Grand Tower, Vicksburg. The John A. Scudder and several other boats are due.

E. D. FORCE, Jr., formerly of the old Broadway foundry is now running the Polytechnic foundry, 1305 South Sixth street. Mr. Force is a young man of excellent business capacity.

RIVER 21 feet by the gauge, a swell of 2 inches since yesterday. There is a coal boat stuck in the Ohio at Pittsburg to-day. Business continues good. A packet and two fleets of barges leave for New Orleans to-morrow.

A PITTSBURG telegram of Wednesday says: The Wyoming lies over until to-morrow, when she will leave for St. Louis with a big trip. She will be followed by the Pittsburgh, which boat is due here to-morrow. There will be plenty of water for coal boats to-morrow.

THE officers of the Gem City are satisfied, from what they have seen of her, that she is the fastest thing afloat on Western rivers. When turned loose the boat fairly flys. She will go through to St. Paul as soon as the War Eagle can be procured to take her place in the Keokuk trade. Commodore W. F. Davidson and a number of friends will make the trip on her.

THE new and elegant steamer Bright Light takes her departure for Pittsburg to-morrow. J. M. Vandergrift, a competent and courteous boatman, has charge and Archie Woods is chief clerk. The Bright Light is one of the most complete passenger and freight packets on the river and merits the patronage of both shippers and travelers. She is loading at the Northern Line wharfboat.

Sixty-Two Years Ago.

From the N. O. Democrat.

Capt. H. S. Buckner, of this city, is probably the oldest steamboatman living south of Louisville, and in a conversation had a few days ago the Captain gave the following interesting reminiscences: The first boat I commanded was the Mississippi, built at Blakely, Ala., and owned by William and Jonathan Montgomery and H. M. Shiff, of this city. She measured 378 tons. Her engines were built in England and worked with a walking beam; the machinery was very complicated and so heavy that it almost loaded the boat. I ran her between Mobile and this city and afterwards in the Mississippi until 1822, when I sold my interest in her. She was not a profitable boat. My second boat was the Natchez, built in New York in 1823 by L. Millandon, of this city, measuring 206 tons. She had a vertical low-pressure engine, with condenser and walking beam and was rigged with two masts. The machinery was in the hold. I bought an interest in her and ran her for three years to Natchez. She was not a very fast boat, as it took her three and a half days to go to Natchez. We met with many delays on account of breakage to machinery, though she proved a profitable boat.

"My third boat was the Walk in the Water, 240 tons burthen, built in New York in 1826, and owned by John Linton and John B. Byrne, of this city, and Francis Surget and Campbell Wilkins, of Natchez. Her engines were low pressure, of the same pattern (Watt & Boulton's) as those of the Mississippi and Natchez. Proving to be very slow I took her to Cincinnati in the latter part of 1827, and replaced her machinery with a high-pressure engine, built by Harkness & Co., of that city. I also had her lengthened thirty feet, making her a 2,500-bale boat. She then made the run to Natchez in one day and eighteen hours and was considered a very fast boat. I quit the river in 1832 and engaged in mercantile pursuits, and have resided here ever since.

"I remember seeing the first steamboat built by Livingston and Fulton at Pittsburg—the New Orleans. I was a young chap at that time at school in Louisville. She remained at Louisville for some time waiting for water to pass the falls. I also remember the Enterprise, Capt. H. M. Shreve. I went on board to see Capt. John Shallcross, her engineer. She was a small boat, had a recess wheel in the stern and a high pressure engine. Very few men are now living who steamboated in my day. Capt. Swager, residing near Louisville, is the only one of them that I know of. I remember well in 1819 when Capt. Shreve made the quick trip from this city to Louisville with the Washington in twenty-four days. This was considered such a wonderful feat that the citizens of Louisville complimented Capt. Shreve with a dinner. I was present at the dinner and heard Capt. Shreve state that within the next ten years the same trip would be made in half the time—a prediction verified by the Pennsylvania making it in 12 days and 16 hours, and the Caledonia in 12 days, in 1825. I also remember well the Vesuvius and Etna, which ran up to the twenties. From 1820 to 1836 we had some great boats running between this city and the Cumberland and Tennessee rivers, among them the Red Rover, Mohawk and Monican. They were single engine, high pressure boats, with nine single-flue boilers. The Mohawk rated as a 3,000-bale boat."

Capt. Buckner is 82 years of age, has been successful in all of his undertakings and retired years ago from business. He is now enjoying the fruits of a busy, well spent life.

PERIHELION PERILS.

The Planets Swerving the Sun Off His Center Nearly a Million Miles,

Producing a Marked Decrease in the Terrestrial Temperature,

And Playing Havoc With Human Health.

The conjunction of the planets with the sun, it is reasoned by those who have made it a careful study, is having a very marked effect on that luminary. It is estimated that the sun has been drawn from its place 700,000 miles. If this is so the effect on the earth must be marked. As a matter of fact it is said by meteorologists that the average temperature during the past winter had been several degrees lower than for many years, and the effect upon humanity has been seen in a great increase of mortality. The winter has been a long one and a cold one. The summer promises to be a long and hot one. This means increased mortality. It is therefore of the greatest importance that the health should be carefully guarded. Do not permit the slightest approach of disease. It has become an admitted fact that nothing so thoroughly restores and keeps the body in perfect health as Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

D. W. Bartine, M. D., D. D., who resides in Orange, N. J., after a careful experience, has given the following facts to the public:

Some three months ago I found myself suffering from Bright's disease—Albuminuria. By the use of a reliable test I found albumen in the urine, and in some slight degree in a few instances in a coagulated state. I suffered from dropsy, particularly about the ankles, slight pains about the kidneys, a derangement of digestion, great dryness of the skin, at times much thirst, and, of course, a gradual failing of strength. This was about the state of things when I commenced using Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. I took about six tablespoonfuls every day for a week, when I found all my symptoms decidedly improved, and at the end of two weeks it was difficult to detect any trace of albumen. Having imprudently taken cold, I had a slight relapse some two weeks ago, when I began again using the medicine, and am now as well as ever.

The conclusion from the above statement and the facts which accompany it must be evident. Disease is in our midst, and we must guard ourselves in time. A little precaution may save severe sickness, perhaps death.

STEAMBOATS.

Notice to Churches and Societies.

The steamer Chas. P. Chouteau is for charter for picnics and excursions. Apply at Isndell Hotel or at Merchants' Exchange.

WM. H. THORWEGAN. Master.

Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE.

Packets for Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg,
Leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Str. GRAND TOWER.....Carroll, Master
Leaves Saturday, June 11, 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis.
Str. STE. GENEVIEVE,
Leaves Friday, June 10, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste Genevieve, St. Marys, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT.....Postal, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
For New Orleans,
Str. GILMORE and Barges.
Leaves Saturday, June 11. at 5 p. m.
For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to
WM. F. HAINES, Freight Agent.

FOR NEW ORLEANS AND WAY LANDINGS.
The Magnificent Steamer,
Str. ANNIE P. SILVER.....Bryan, Master
Will leave wharfboat foot of Market st. Saturday, 11th inst., 5 p. m. For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN W. CARROLL, Agent.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL PACKET LINE.
The steamers of this line tow no barges.
For Burlington, Rock Island, Dubuque, La Crosse, St. Paul and Minneapolis,
ALEX. KENDALL.....Davidson, Master
Leaves Saturday, June 11, 4 p. m.

The new side-wheel steamer,
GEM CITY.....Thompson, Master
For Hannibal, Quincy and Keokuk, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p. m.
Excursion tickets to all cool northern resorts; privilege of returning by river, rail or lake. Freights contracted at low rates to all points north. To Fort Benton, Helena and other Montana points special low rates for freight and people—quick time. For through rates, freight or passage, apply a. general office on wharfboat foot of Olive street.
JOHN F. BAKER, Gen. Freight Agt.
JAS. A. LYON, Gen. Pass. Agt.
JENKINS & SASS, Agents.

DIAMOND JO LINE.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, LaCrosse, Read's Landing and St. Paul.
MARY MORTON.....Killean, Master
Leaves Friday, June 10, 4 p. m. from Diamond Joe wharfboat, foot of Washington ave.
T. J. BUFORD, Agent.

Missouri River.

KANSAS CITY PACKET COMPANY—STAR LINE.
For Miami, Waverly, Lexington, Kansas City and way landings.
STR. LADY LEE.....Ebaugh, Master.
Leaves Saturday, June 11, at 4 p. m.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

Illinois River.

CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
Str. CALHOUN.....Gray, Master.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m. from Company's wharfboat, foot of Market st. C. S. ROGERS, Prest.
F. L. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

"WE ARE IN THE RING."
The fine steamer
BEDFORD.....Williamson, Master
For pic-nic and moonlight excursions can be had by applying to JENKINS & SASS, Agents, 508 N. Commercial st.

Ohio River.

HO, FOR THE OHIO!

For Cairo, Paducah, Louisville, Cincinnati and Pittsburg the new and elegant steamer
BRIGHT LIGHT,
J. M. Vandergrift, Master.....Archie Woods, Clerk
Leaves on Saturday, June 11, at 4 p. m. For freight or passage apply on board boat at K. N. Line wharfboat.

ST. LOUIS, CINCINNATI, HUNTINGTON AND PITTSBURG PACKET CO.
For Paducah, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Huntington, Wheeling, Pittsburg and way landings.
Str. SIDNEY,
C. W. Woodbury, Master.....Eugene List, Clerk
Leaves Saturday, June 11, at 5 p. m. Receiving at K. N. Line wharfboat
JENKINS & SASS, Agents.
508 N. Commercial.

P. P. MANION,
BLACKSMITHING AND WRECKING COMPANY.
Corner of Levee and Morgan sts.. St. Louis. Mo

EXCURSION BOAT FOR CHARTER.

The fine passenger steamer ILLINOIS for picnics and pleasure excursions anywhere within fifty miles of St. Louis. Can be had at short notice by applying to
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL.
Missouri River Wharfboat.

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN MAGUIRE,

Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.

Houses, lots and stores for rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.
519 Walnut st., Office bet. 5th and 6th.

BOARDING—One or two couples desiring to locate for the year, if suited, can have each a suite of two fine large unfurnished rooms and best home board (or a party of gentlemen), at 2638 Olive street. 9

MUSICAL.

NEW and second hand pianos for sale or rent at lowest rates. Inquire at Pommer's, 1218 Pine street.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS—
$ 35
$ 45
$ 60
$ 85
$100
$125
$150
$185
$200
$270
At Barreiras',
Corner Eleventh and Olive.

F. P. OLSHAUSEN & CO.,

10 South Fourth Street,
Pianos, Organs, Musical Instruments, Music Books, Etc.
Sole Agents for the Celebrated
SOHMER PIANOS,
Grand, Square and Upright, which received the First Medal of Merit and Diploma of Honor at the Centennial Exhibition.

BOOKS.

F. ARCHER has removed his large stock of new and second-hand books from Seventh and Olive to 207 N. Sixth street. Globe Edition Shakespeare, 75c

MONEY TO LOAN.

$5,000 TO $30,000 TO LOAN—At 6 per cent, in sums to suit.
BUILDING LOANS made to improve property; collateral loans made on short time.
DYER & RUTLEDGE, 707 Olive st.

MONEY loaned on household goods; no removal; lowest rate. D. H. Evans & Co., 307 N. Seventh street. 23

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 514 Pine.

MONEY to loan on household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F., Bettz, Notary Public, 208 North Eighth street.

FREE OF CHARGE.

Situations wanted, male and female; lost and found, help wanted, male and female; rooms for rent, rooms or boarding wanted, not exceeding three lines, and not of a business nature, will be inserted free of charge.

PERSONAL.

ALL Cast-off Clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

A YOUNG lady, nice looking and lively, wishes to form the acquaintance of a good looking gent. who would be willing to assist her financially. Object, fun and amusement. Ad. U. R. Francis, this office.

BEST MAKE gasoline furnaces for sale by Wilson & Sons, 414 Morgan street.

CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

CALF SHOES $3 50, to measure, at John Lotrup's, 614 North Fourth street.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

ILLINOIS MILK COMPANY,

1523 FRANKLIN AVENUE,
DEALERS IN PURE ILLINOIS MILK.

This milk is very highly recommended by our leading physicians for children. Orders from families, hotels, etc., will receive prompt attention. Deliveries made twice daily.

JOHN KINCH will hear of something to his advantage by making application at general office of Western Union Telegraph Company. John Marriott.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

Prof. Stoehr's Hair Restorative Parlors, where baldness and falling out of the hair is successfully cured, at 307 South Fourth street.

NICKEL PLATING fixtures and material for sale by Wilson & Sons, 414 Morgan street.

PIANOS for rent (first-class) at H. Koerber's, No. 310 N. Eleventh street, bet. Olive and Locust.

PERSONAL—All the newest designs in paperhangings, window shades, pictures, etc., cheap, at Stephens', 811 Washington avenue.

PERSONAL—F. W. Drosten, 619 Olive street, has always a nice selected stock of watches, clocks, jewelry and silverware. Special attention paid to the manufacture of new jewelry. Watches, clocks, jewelry and silver ware repaired and warranted. 25

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 723 Chestnut street. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge. 6

FOR RENT.

Dwellings.

916 GARRISON AVE.—For rent, handsome 3-story stone front, 11 rooms, modern conveniences. Rent $1,000 per annum. Possession May 1. F. J. COMSTOCK, 402 North Fourth street.

FOR RENT—Furniture for Sale. No. 3109 Adams street. A new and neat stone front six room dwelling, finished complete. Will sell for 50 per cent less than cost one year ago. Owner about leaving city. Apply to John Maguire, 519 Walnut street.

FOR RENT—At Ferguson, four minutes' walk from station—A party going East wishes to rent a six-room house and to sell the furniture of same. Apply to B. M. McCullough, at State Savings Association, corner of Third and Vine.

SMALL, cozy cottage near railroad and depot, 16 miles from city. $5 a month. C. M. Seaman, 623½ Olive st., up stairs.

Rooms.

20 SOUTH SIXTEENTH ST.—Fur. rooms for light housekeeping or sleeping rooms. 8

1206 WASHINGTON AVE.—Third story front and back rooms for rent without board. 9

1209 WASHINGTON AVE.—Large second and third story front rooms, nicely furnished. 8

1221 WASHINGTON AV.—Rooms en suite, furnished or unfurnished hall rooms, with or without board. 7

1954 CASS AV.—Two rooms and kitchen completely furnished for housekeeping, second floor, or unfurnished; cheap. 7

2309 CHESNUT ST—Nicely furnished rooms, suitable for gent and wife or gentlemen, with board. Also table board. 10

2632 CHESTNUT—Nicely furnished room with board. 9

A THIRD story front room for rent on the southeast corner of Sixteenth and Pine; $3 a month. 7

FOR RENT—Neatly furnished room; private family; references; $7 a month. 702½ North Twelfth street. 8

FURNISHED room for rent at 1009 N. Sixth st. 6

FOR RENT—Four or six rooms, second story, good locality, $15 per month, to parties without children. Address R., this office. 7

FOR RENT—An elegant, newly furnished second story room, fronting Carr Park, at the southwest cor. of Carr and Sixteenth sts. Inquire up stairs at 1604 Carr st. 7

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, also rooms for light house keeping. 1009 N. Sixth st. 7

FOR RENT—One large front room suitable for two young gents; furnished or unfurnished. Call at 2842 Adams street. 7

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms single or en suite; reference required. 2800 Chouteau ave. 7

FOR RENT—Commercial alley and third floors, 40 x80, water elevator in building. Apply on premises to Wm Eliot Smith, 507 and 509 North Levee.

HANDSOMELY furnished suit of rooms, 1242 Clark avenue. Breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner if desired. 10

NICELY furnished front room, third-story front, southern exposure rent only $8 a month; also back room, $6 a month. 1409 Franklin ave. 10

ROOMS FOR RENT—1522 Morgan st.—2d story, 4 unfur. rooms; light housekeeping. 8

ROOM furnished for housekeeping, including sewing machine; $8 per month. Apply any afternoon to R. S. Kelly, 820 Market st. 10

VERY FINE front room furnished with first class board. 1326 Chouteau avenue. 10

WITH Board, a large front room suitable for two gents, near Garrison and Locust; $40 per month. Address W. B., this office.

FOR SALE.

ALL kinds of desks for sale; store desks, railing and office fixtures made to order. F. Bollhagen, 713 Pine.

FOR SALE—Two handsome lots fronting 50 feet on Kennerly avenue, nearly opposite Cote Brilliante School, having a depth of 145 feet to alley. The ground is high and location first class; will be sold cheap for cash. Title perfect. Apply to the foreman of this office. 10

FOR SALE—Lots and farm lands, inquire of Page & Buckland, Missouri avenue, East St. Louis, Ill.

FOR SALE—Choice creamery, dairy and fresh grass butter, wholesale and retail; delivered to all parts of the city fresh daily. Union Market Butter Depot. CHAS. F. FITZPATRICK,
O119 506 Christie avenue.

GOOD horse and wagon for sale at 1838 Linn st.

NOTE THIS.

Three-fourths three-ply garden hose with couplings, bands and screw tip nozzle, only $5.
BOWMAN MACHINE CO.
708 Market Street.

WANTED—BOARD.

WANTED — Rooms and board for six to eight persons for three to five months. Locality preferred between Sixth and Tenth. Washington avenue and Market. Address H. S., this office. 7

WANTED—By a lady engaged during the day, board in a small private family where there are no other boarders; terms must be very moderate. Ad. A. A., this office 6

ELECTION NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Lead Mining Co., for the election of seven directors for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the company, 602 North Fourth street, on Monday, the 13th day of June, 1881, at 9 a. m. of said day.
S. B. KELLOGG, President.
EDWARD P. CURTIS, Secretary.
June 1, 1881.

New Fire-Proof Hotel
THE SOUTHERN

Now open for business. Rates to permanent boarders same as prevailed at the Old Southern.

DAY BOARD $50 PER MONTH.

Appointments unsurpassed by any hotel in the country.
Attached to the hotel will be a restaurant of superior excellence.

W. M. BATES, General Manager.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

A COMPETENT book-keeeer of long experience who has some leisure time desires to keep the boks or other office work for parties not wishing to employ a book-keeper permanently. Ad. B. C., this office. 7

A LIVE man from a live town (Atlanta, Ga.,) wants a position in a live house. S., 205 N. Second street. 9

A YOUNG man would like a sit in some wholesale or commercial house. Address L., this office.

A RETIRED English officer, age 29, having a small income of his own, desires employment. Can keep books, travel, or anything else. Excellent testimonials. No. 368 N. Twelfth st. 10

EXPERIENCED bookkeeper desires employment. Moderate salary; speaks German. Address K. F., this office. 10

SITUATION as book-keeper or salesman by a young man of ten years' experience. Address P. D. S., this office. 7

SITUATION by an industrious young man to take care of horses and work about a place. Address D. M., this office.

SITUATION by a young teacher and law student, speaking French and English, to teach children at night in part payment for board. Address J. 10, this office. 7

SITUATION by an industrious young man to take care of horse and work about a place. Address D. M., this office.

SITUATION by a young man to drive a delivery wagon or as porter in this city, or would like a steady job in Colorado or Arizona. Best city reference. Address for two days E. E. P., 1500 Salisbury street. 9

SITUATION—Young man of 23 wishes something to do evenings between 5 and 12 o'clock. Ad. R. S., 716 N. Fifth st. 9

SITUATION wanted by man and wife in private family; woman understands all kinds of house work and man fully competent to take care of horses; best refs. given. Address M. A. G., this office. 10

WANTED—Employment by a sober, industrious man at any kind of work; is willing and obliging; has good references, Address H. H., this office.

WANTED—Situation as office boy. Ad. E. R., 1210 Grand ave.

WANTED—An active young man, aged 16, wants to learn a light trade. Address H. 32, this office. 9

WANTED—A refined English officer, age 29, with excellent testimonials, showing fourteen years' service under British Government, desires genteel employment, where honesty and ability will be appreciated. Address N., 368 N. Twelfth street. 7

WANTED—Situation as book-keeper, salesman or clerk by a young man (German). Address R. S., this office. 8

WANTED—A situation as porter in a wholesale house by a sober, industrious workman. Address Porter, this office. 8

WANTED—A position as porter in a wholesale house of any kind by a willing worker. Ad. P., this office. 6

WANTED—A situation by a young man in a wholesale house, either as an assistant bookkeeper or traveling salesman. Address F. O., this office. 9

WANTED—Situation by a young man at anything; some experience at molding. Address D. F., this office. 6

YOUNG man, 18 years of age, wishes a situation in some wholesale or commission house where there is a chance of working up. Address A. L. S., this office. 10

HELP WANTED—MALE.

5 BOYS wanted at brush factory; must be willing to work and learn trade; 113 Morgan street.

AN ACTIVE, pleasant gentleman with good address and a fair supply of "brass and cheek" wanted, with good references, to act as agent and solicitor. Call up stairs, 1107 Clark avenue. 8

A MIDDLE-AGED Englishman or German wanted to drive carriage and care for horse, etc. For further particulars call at 213 Chamber of Commerce. 10

A FIRST-CLASS barber (white) can find a good place, good board and good pay by calling on or addressing Charles Debeltran, 12 Bell street, Alton, Ill.

BOY to milk and tend horses, etc.; suburban place; good home and $6 per month. 709 Olive street. 8

BOY of 16 or 17 that has worked in a restaurant. 504 Market street. 10

MAN and wife to work in the house of widower's family; strictly honest; small children preferred. Apply at 2309 Carr st. 10

ONE carriage painter wanted by Schanuel Bros., Belleville, Ill. 10

SHOVELERS wanted on the work of Forest Park and Central Railroad Company, near Clayton. A. H. Shultz, President Forest Park and Central Railroad Company.

WANTED—Carriage drivers and hostlers at No. 3439 Manchester road. 7

WANTED—Painter to varnish; $2 75 per day. Apply at 1017 Howard street. 7

WANTED—A baker and confectioner; must understand his business. Call at 1913 Park ave. 8

WANTED—Baker at the Silver Bell Bakery, 2006 Broadway.

WANTED—A second hand confectioner wanted immediately; good wages and steady work and good pay. L. Mohr, cor. 15th and Chouteau ave.

WANTED—At 1546 Broadway, 2 boys or girls to do dining room work. 10

WANTED—A youth to work in candy factory and attend to horses. Apply at 2015 Franklin ave. 9

WANTED—Eight or ten first-class machinists, immediately. Otto Kraker & Co., No. 928 Main street.

WANTED—Good hostler immediately at 918 Pine street. 9

WANTED—Good machinists, pattern makers and millwrights. Apply to I. Q. Halteman & Co., 1611 Jackson st., manufacturers of steam engines and flour mill machinery.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—One bunch of keys at Hurst's Hotel; owner can have same by calling on Henry B. Isaacson, bell boy. 7

LOST—On the 3d inst. a breast pin bird holding a diamond. A liberal reward for return to McA., N. W. cor. Sixth and Pine sts. 6

LOST—A book of stubs left in Olive street car, marked No. 1, Dist. 3; if found please return to any Olive street conductor, or to the Assessor's office.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon on Garrison avenue, between Locust street and Lucas avenue, a handsome black-and-tan. Please return to 2913 Locust street and be rewarded. 8

LOST—On Grand avenue, a Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine tucker. The finder will be doing a great act of kindness by leaving it at this office, as it belongs to a poor woman. 6

LOST—On Friday afternoon, June 3, a red leather pocket-book containing some money, railroad passes and papers of no value to any one but the owner. The finder may keep the money but is requested to kindly return the papers to the St. Louis Transfer Co., 219 North Third street.

LOST—Party holding dog with license No. 1473 can not be found. Please leave same at J. E. Kincker's, southeast corner Mississippi and Chouteau avenue. 9

LOST—In alley between Main and Second streets, near Taylor street, a fine cameo ring with Sheridan's head on it. The finder will please leave it at Mrs. Briggs', Taylor street, bet. Main and Second, Carondelet, where a reward of $5 will be paid. 10

LOST—Yesterday morning on the St. L. and S. F. train, or between the Union Depot and this office, a diary for 1881, of no value to the finder. A liberal reward will be given for the same at the office of the Commercial Gazette, Third and Walnut. 7

LOST—Gold watch bearing inscription: "Presented to Charles J. Wieschahn," etc. Liberal reward by returning to F. W. H. Wieschahn, 309 N. Fifth, fourth floor.

ALL SORTS.

FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, STOVES, CARPETS, and other household goods sold on monthly payments. S. MYERS.
619 and 621 Market st.

TRUNKS and traveling bags repaired and made to order. Cheapest place in town. 1221 Olive st. M. Kauffmann.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING,

Old Gold, Silver, Carpets, Feathers and Furniture bought by Prof. Speelman, 2619 Franklin avenue, who pays the highest market price. All orders strictly attended to.

A. BANCHEREL,

Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks, Corner Main and Spruce streets. Painting and Repairing.

PERSONAL—Aramantha Jane and everybody else gets Greenwood's Ready Mixed Gloss Paints, Brushes, Varnishes, etc., at 1722 Franklin ave. 10

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 518 Walnut st

Loans large and small amounts. Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

WANTED—DWELLINGS.

WANTED—To buy a 2 story brick, with all improvements, in front part of city, from $3,000 to $4,000 cash. Ad. P. E., this office. 4

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

A YOUNG lady of some experience would like a position as teacher in some school not in city. Address G., this office. 6

A YOUNG lady wishes a situation in dental room. Address Kitty, Box 36, this office. 10

A FIRST-CLASS washer and ironer desires to have family washing at home and will do it on reasonable terms. Apply at No. 1612 Locust st. 6

A WOMAN and daughter want work, one to cook, wash and iron, the other for housework. Call at 911 N. Fourteenth street; reference given if required. 7

A COMPETENT German girl wants a situation in a respectable private family. Call at southeast corner Fourteenth and O'Fallon. 8

A RESPECTABLE girl wants a place as housekeeper in a small family; don't object to help with work; 7 and 3 years' reference given. 1420 N. Ninth street. 8

A RESPECTABLE young woman desires a situation to do house work or sew and is capable of taking charge of a house during the summer; none but first class private family need apply. Address E. 19, this office. 8

A RESPECTABLE girl wants a place to do housework; seven and three years' reference given. Apply at 1420 N. Ninth st. 7

BY a girl to do light work and take care of children. Call at 1413 North Fourteenth street. 10

RESPONSIBLE lady will take charge of house and children during the summer for small compensation. No objection to country. Ad. X., this office. 9

SITUATION by a good cook; will leave the city; can do both meat and pastry. Address Cook, 1217 N. Sixth street. 7

SITUATION.—A German lady with ref. wants a situation as housekeeper or to take care of children. No objection to leave the city. Address No. 1115 North Twenty-first street. 6

SITUATION wanted by a young lady as saleslady, in a dressmakers' or milliner's. Would like to learn business. Address J. L., this office. 10

SITUATION as first-class nurse. Call southeast corner Fourteenth and O'Fallon. 8

WANTED—A situation to nurse an invalid or travel with lady and children. Address Mrs. Guthrie, this office. 7

WANTED—A situation as houseker or seamstress. Call at No. 1438 North seventh st. 6

WANTED—Situation by an experienced nurse; willing to be useful; no objection to leave city. Call at 2210 N. Eighteenth street. 9

YOUNG lady to go out by day or take sewing home. Address 1614 Wash st., L. M. 8

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

1424 WASHINGTON AVE.—Wanted a good woman to do washing. 7

A LAUNDRESS wanted to go to the country, near Kirkwood; good references required. Call at 2739 Locust street, between 10 and 12, Tuesday. 6

A WOMAN wanted to scrub a house. Apply to Starkes, 811 Lucas avenue. 10

GIRL for general housework. Small family. Apply at 1311 Hickory street. 10

GOOD seamstress by the day at 1532 Mississippi avenue. 10

GIRLS wanted, machine and hand sewers. Apply No. 2004 N. Fifteenth; on shop coats. 8

WANTED—Two dining-room girls and one hostler at Green Tree Hotel, East St. Louis. 7

WANTED—Three girls with sewing machines and one without. Call for three days at 1008 N. Twenty-first st. 6

WANTED—A few good girls to learn dressmaking. Apply to Mrs. Parsons, 1326 Glasgow ave. 6

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Call at 1913 Park ave. 8

WANTED—Good cook, washer and ironer. References required. Apply at 513 Ware ave. 7

WANTED—A housekeeper by a widower with no family. Address Walker, this office. 8

WANTED—Girl in a small family. 1432 North Sixth st. 6

WANTED—Good steady nurse girl about 15 years old at 3105 Pine street; ref. required. 9

WANTED—Nurse girl, 14 or 15 years old, at 2806 Broadway. 9

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family; no washing. Wages $12. Meramec street, second house west of Stringtown Road.

WANTED—Seamstress at 8 N. Tenth st. 10

WANTED—A first class cook at 1326 Chouteau avenue. 10

WANTED—Lady competent to teach, to join me in opening a private scool in the city next September. Ad. M. 5, this office.

WANTED—A girl for general housework in a small family. 1440 Leonard ave. 8

WANTED—At 2334 Olive street, a competent girl for general housework. 6

WANTED—ROOMS.

SMALL unfurnished room wanted with privilege of light housekeeping; terms not to exceed $8 per month. Ad. X., this office. 9

WANTED—Pleasant furnished room, without board, for gentleman and wife, on Stoddard or Gamble streets, between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-ninth, or thereabouts. Address M., this office. 9

WANTED—Three rooms and kitchen or four rooms by a family without children. Address E. H. F., this office. 7

WANTED—Three or four-room house or rooms for light housekeeping; would buy furniture outfit of same if desired; will pay liberal rent for good location and such quarters as I want. Address J. P. L., this office.

WANTED—To rent, within reasonable walking distance of Fourteenth and Washington avenue, 2 or 3 nice, airy rooms in good condition, unfurnished; must be provided with reasonable conveniences; small family; steady tenant. Address with particulars, J. L. Stolz, N. W. corner Thirteenth and St. Charles sts. 9

WANTED—Nicely furnished room with southern exposure by two gentlemen willing to pay a fair price for a comfortable room. Ad. C. S. B., this office. 10

WANTED—Furnished room where there are no children or roomers in a quiet part of the city, with a widow alone preferred; price not above $8. Address B. Bixis, this office.

WANTED—By gentleman and wife, two unfurnished rooms on second floor, with good board in private family, convenient to cars. Address O. F., this office.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

ANY one having a squirrel cage which they have bought cheap may address D. P. O. box 2431, stating price, etc. 10

ONE and two quart fruit cans sold wholesale and retail by Wilson & Sons, 414 Morgan street.

TINWARE—Pressed and plain tinware at Wilson & Sons, 414 Morgan street.

WANTED—A gentleman room-mate at 1900 Biddle street. 10

NOTICE TO LADIES.

Just published, a new Guide of Health, giving treatment and cure of all diseases peculiar to females. Every married lady should have one. Will be sent securely sealed on receipt of six cents in stamps.

Address
DR. E. J. WILLIAMSON,
900 Franklin Ave. St. Louis Mo.

DR. WHITTIER

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer located than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones cured Safely, Privately.

Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-Abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or over brain work, producing nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, or night losses, rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet one stamp. Medicines sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE FIRE PLATES. 260 PAGE GUIDE!

Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry? How life and happiness may be increased; Effects of celibacy and excesses and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it then keep under lock and key. 25 cts. by mail in money or postage.
Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles st. St. Louis Mo

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles Strudel is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit.:

Number 1. A lot of ground on Ohio avenue, in city block 2709, 25 feet in front or width and 312 feet in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 1 in city commons.

Number 2. A lot of ground on Ohio avenue, in city block 2709, 25 feet in front or width and 326 feet in length or depth, being lot 8 in block 1 in city commons.

Number 3. A lot of ground on Ohio avenue, in city block 2709, 25 feet in front or width and 341 feet in length or depth, being lot 9 in block 1 city commons.

Number 4. A lot of ground on Ohio avenue in city block 2709, 25 feet in front or width and 355 feet in length or depth, being lot 10, block 1 in city commons.

Number 5. A lot of ground on Ohio avenue, in city block 2709, 27 feet 6 inches in front or width and 370 feet in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 1 in city commons.

And I will, on
TUESDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,
between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 1, 1881. 51A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John Moran is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit:

A lot of ground on Magazine street, containing one and nineteen

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

JOSEPH PULITZER : : : PROPRIETOR.

111 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

ST. LOUIS will not be a great racing center until we begin to raise thoroughbred leapers on this side of the Mississippi.

As they used to say in Rome at an early day, *per aspera ad astra*. Through much tribulation the City of St. Louis has finally secured a Chief of Police.

THE Twine Binders, we observe by the thrilling special dispatches, are still struggling for supremacy. It is about time for some charges of bribery and corruption.

THERE is never but one kind of music floating on the ambient air when a Republican Legislature is electing a United States Senator—"Bribery and corruption; corruption and bribery."

WE must be permitted to remark again that while we have had no doubt about the general incompetency of ex-Chief MCDONOUGH of late, we have never felt like questioning the old gentleman's integrity.

OUR friends in Ireland are showing a disposition to carry the war into England. They attempted to blow up the municipal buildings in Liverpool last night and succeeded in shattering some valuable window glass.

IT is to be hoped that the KNAPPS will not be totally cast down by the loss of their beloved Chief of Police. By cultivating Gov. CRITTENDEN with a little more assiduity they may be able to name a few of the Notaries Public.

PATCHES of rotten macadam continue to make their appearance on the down town streets. They mean simply more mud and dust, but the city is willing to put up with the nuisance in order that the Macadam Ring may flourish.

THE new Chief of Police talks like a man who has used his eyes and brain since entering the police service. His views are sound and if he is not interfered with by the Commissioners and if he does'nt undertake to please the narrow-guage KNAPPS the city will soon feel the benefit of his experience.

A GRAND JURY has been impaneled in Washington to hear the testimony that has been collected against the Star Route swindlers. It will be interesting to observe the power of the press on this jury, for the Ring has three influential newspapers in the Capital devoted to its interests.

IT was quite natural that Mr. VANDERBILT should seek to buy a seat in the Senate for his friend, Mr. DEPEW. Nearly two-thirds of the Republicans who lounge in luxurious dignity in the Senate Chamber bought and paid for their seats like little men, or had them presented by men who did pay for them. The custom is quite prevalent.

DOWNEY, the gifted Delegate from Wyoming who had a poetic speech printed in the *Record* last year as a specimen of Territorial eloquence, turns up as one of the Star Route "crooks." The Laureate was doubtless swept into the business by his rich and fertile imagination, but, after all, his swindle on the Government is infinitely better than his poetry.

THE *Globe-Democrat* comes to our aid and has established the fact that GRANT is the grandest carpet-bagger of the age. He has sojourned in nearly all the States in the Union; has dead-beated around the world, and is not altogether certain now whether his home is in Illinois or New York. The kind treatment that he recently received in Mexico may induce him to take up his abode among the descendants of the Aztecs.

THE investigation now being made in the New York Legislature shows conclusively that money has been liberally used to defeat Mr. CONKLING. The exposures touching the methods used to advance the interests of DEPEW, the corporation candidate, will tend to strengthen Mr. CONKLING'S position very much, but the time of the Legislature is likely to be taken up for the remainder of the session with bribery investigations, and the selection of two Senators may be entirely overlooked. Mr. CONKLING has not only been compelled to fight the power and patronage of the Federal Administration, but the power of the wealthy, designing capitalists of his State as well.

OUR esteemed friend, BRITTON A. HILL, who has been more or less villified during the past month, announces that he will shortly institute damage suits against all the newspapers in this region and such private citizens as have abraded his moral cuticle with libellous tongues. The money collected in this way he proposes to bestow upon city charities. We will wager now that he won't make money enough off these suits to shingle a pig pen, but, if he should happen to strike some newspaper for a hundred thousand dollars or such a matter, we would like to call his attention to the fact that the greatest need of the city just now is an addition to the pumping capacity of the City Water Works.

AGAIN the subject of Mr. BLAINE'S health is up. A Washington dispatch says that the Premier's condition is causing his family and friends the gravest apprehension. During the past fortnight he has not been able to attend his public duties for whole days, but has been compelled to leave his office at an early hour. The days of his entire absence from the State Department are growing more frequent. It is believed that he is suffering from Bright's disease of the kidneys, and his early retirement from the Cabinet is becoming quite probable. The probabilities are that Mr. BLAINE has simply worn himself down a little in his great combat with CONKLING. His nerves are so acutely drawn that he can't stand much strain.

IT is not likely, judging from the family opposition made in England, that the bones of WILLIAM PENN will ever be brought to this country for sentimental interment. If the American people, however, wish to do a creditable thing they will go to that neglected graveyard in Paris, dig up the remains of JOHN PAUL JONES, carry them to Washington City and erect above them a grand monument. PAUL JONES was the father of the American Navy. He was the first man to unfurl the flag of liberty on salt water, and though nearly as much of a pirate as a patriot no braver man ever burned gunpowder in behalf of the American cause. About all that he ever received from the American people, outside of his prize money, was a resolution of thanks and a small medal. He died in poverty and neglect, and was thrust away in an obscure cemetery in Paris. He has no relations to object to the removal of his remains. He should sleep in the soil which owes much of its freedom to his indomitable courage and devotion.

IT seems that no policy of the HAYES Administration met such universal approval on the part of the American people as the exclusion of intoxicating beverages from the White House table. The temperance women of the country have never ceased to thank Mrs. HAYES for her noble stand in behalf of total abstinence. The fact that HAYES saved about $15,000 per year by not furnishing his guests with wine and that his sense of economy, rather than his principles, induced him to stand by his wife in this matter, does not seem to have penetrated the intellects of the temperance people in the slightest degree. The women of Illinois, or rather a percentage of them, have prepared a magnificent album of 650 pages which is soon to be presented to Mrs. HAYES as a token of their esteem for her as an advocate of total abstinence. MARK TWAIN furnishes an autograph to the album with this sentiment: "Total abstinence is so excellent a thing that it cannot be carried to too great an extent; in my passion for it I even carry it so far as to totally abstain from total abstinence itself." If the stories about the private jug that Mr. HAYES used to keep in the White House cellar are true, we can imagine the smile that will flit over his rubicund, flaccid countenance when his eye falls on MARK'S highly practical sentiment.

WHEN the terrified vandals of the *Republican* jumped on their great rival, the *Times*, in its consumptive state and choked the life out of it, they assumed that they had wiped out the city advertising contract which had been chiefly instrumental in bringing the concern to its low estate. As a matter of fact, having absorbed the *Times* they were in duty bound to carry out all its contracts. Taking advantage, however, of their friendly relations with the City Government, the proprietors of the *Republican* secured a contract to do the city advertising at an advance of nearly two hundred per cent over the price paid the *Times*. The following is the official record of the transaction.

OFFICE GEORGE KNAPP & CO., MISSOURI REPUBLICAN, THIRD & CHESTNUT. ST. LOUIS, March 14, 1881.

Richard Walsh, Esq., City Register:

We propose to enter into a temporary contract with the City of St. Louis for the printing of all advertisements required by ordinance to be done in the newspaper at the uniform price of 3 cents per line, nonpareil measurement, and all pamphlet work and slips of ordinances at the same price per page as per former contract with the St. Louis Times.

Respectfully,

GEORGE KNAPP & CO.. Publishers Mo. Republican.

The above temporary contract is accepted, subject to the approval of the Mayor.

RICHARD WALSH, Register.

Approved: HENRY OVERSTOLZ, Mayor.

It will be observed that this "temporary contract" was promptly approved by Mayor OVERSTOLZ, who was at that time a candidate for re-election and was depending largely on the KNAPPS and their valuable influence. The contract was entered into without warrant or precedent, for the Charter requires explicitly that all municipal work shall be publicly bid for and awarded to the lowest bidder. There was no competition in this case. No other newspaper was asked for a proposal. Under this neat little arrangement the *Republican* has drawn from the City Treasury the following sums: From March 14 to April 30, $3,915 15; for the month of May, $1,081 21—making a total of $4,996 36. The bills for the first week of June have not been rendered, but it is safe to say that the *Republican* has drawn over $5,000 since the 14th of March, and it is the deliberate judgment of Mr. SCUDDER that the city printing ought not to cost more than $6,500 a year. Mr. SCUDDER'S dirty trick of inducing the City Council to reject the award made to the POST-DISPATCH the other day was simply designed to stave off a fair, judicious contract in order that the *Republican* might have another half month in which to swindle the city under the illegal arrangement entered into with OVERSTOLZ. Tax-payers, we think, will catch the idea.

THE old sport of boat-racing on the Mississippi has about disappeared. It has been some time since we had a real nip-and-tuck marine contest with heated chimneys, bacon in the furnaces, negroes holding down the safety valves and deck hands standing around the boilers with sledge-hammers in hand to knock down the blisters on the seething iron surface. The great race between the Lee and Natchez in 1870 was about the last of the old-time amusement. A dispatch from New Orleans, however, brings the assurance that the taste for that sort of thing has not died out entirely. Two lower river packets, the St. John and the John Hannah, have been in the habit of leaving New Orleans about the same hour and during the past month they have tried their engines in a friendly way more than once. Last Wednesday evening they sailed out of port almost simultaneously and laid themselves out for a red-hot race. They were proceeding excitedly up the river with furnaces stuffed with fuel and with every pound of steam that the boilers would carry, when the Hannah collapsed a flue and flooded her lower deck with steam and scalding water. We can not resist the temptation to say that the people on board were soon able to discover what was the matter with Hannah. Eleven scalded roustabouts and coal heavers was the net result, eight of whom have passed to that land where boat-racing is unknown. It is due to the officers of the Hannah to say that they deny emphatically that they were racing, but the condition of the steam guage and the fact that every deck hand on the boat was shoving coal toward the furnace at the time of the accident may be accepted as evidence that the captain was making an humble effort to keep up with the St. John. The driving of a fragile Western steamboat at full speed, when every pound of steam carried above the regulation imperils life and property, is a crime of the most fiendish and premeditated character, and it would be a most excellent thing if the captain of the Hannah could be convicted of manslaughter and furnished with a prolonged residence in some good prison.

IT is nonsense to say that we are not a humorous people. There is but one land on the face of the earth that could produce a man capable of writing such a paragraph as the following, and that land is the one we live in:

A suspicious mother down South placed some nitro-glycerine in her daughter's corset on the evening her fellow was coming. The girl loaned it to the cook, and they had to scrape the old man off the ceiling to get enough to hold an inquest over.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Hugg is an Ohio Postmaster, but Ohio young ladies go to the postoffice for a letter, and not for a Hugg.

—The Emperor William is ill again. Mr. Tilden should take extra care of himself. Misfortunes never come singly.

—Theodore Parker used to murmur about "the evening of love." But that was before people had learned to say "some other evening."

—In order not to fall behind the times we make the regular annual announcement that Mr. James Gordon Bennett is building a $200,000 yacht.

—Emma Abbott is reported to have invented a new kind of kiss. It it is an improvement on the old one no tenor with false teeth will do for Emma's troupe.

—It is understood that Mr. Hayes has finished the fence, and is about to begin the erection of two chicken-coops and a dog-house. The mind of a statesman is never idle.

—Mary Anderson has bought a five-story brown-stone front house in New York. Mr. Mary Anderson ought to be a very happy man when he goes to the brown-stone front bower she has shaded for him.

—"They accuse me of sitting down too much," said Policeman Blinks, as he settled his fat proportions on the shelf of a hard wood chair at the corner, "but I know what I'm about. My boots shall never cost me more than my breeches."

—We do not credit the rumor that Clara Louise Kellogg is really engaged to be married to a gentleman by the name of Andrews. Clara is a romantic and sentimental young creature, and could not allow her heart to go out towards any man with a less imposing name than Smith.

Those Notaries Public.

ST. LOUIS, June 10, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Is not the idea of Gov. Crittenden's making fifty notarial appointments at one time and fifty at another open to serious question? The first appointees, having a sure thing, will band together and secure the city's business, while those (the other fifty) uncertain ones will have to be satisfied with what is left. Wouldn't it be the better plan to adopt the race course style of making the "send off" as nearly fair as possible? IMP.

Cause of the Turmoil.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

There are over thirty thousand British troops in Ireland. The Bloody British, knowing that Jim Redpath was on the way, and that he had dared Garfield to allow him to be detained in prison, have been pouring in reinforcements.

The Repudiators' Platform.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Mr. Frank Blair, the Readjuster candidate, for Attorney General of Virginia, has formulated the platform of his party in what is coming to be an historic utterance: "Honor will not buy a breakfast."

The Boss Recommendation.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

The Readjusters' candidate for Governor of Virginia has been shot in the neighborhood of the bowels. Among a certain class in Virginia this is the highest test of a man's intellectual ability.

As an Independent Party.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

As an independent party Mr. Conkling would make a prettier figure than Judge Davis, but it wouldn't carry as much weight with it.

The Busy Officials.

From the Chicago Times.

The Washington officials were never so busy as at present. It is the excursion season.

Omaha En Fete.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

OMAHA, NEB., June 10.—The festivities of the Sangerfest continue with increasing interest. The grand parade came off at 10 o'clock. It was a magnificent affair and was witnessed by thousands of people who thronged the line of march. The weather continues favorable. The crowd is very orderly and the occasion proving a most enjoyable one, especially for the Germans. The second grand concert takes place to-night and Sangerfest Hall will be packed to its utmost capacity. At Council Bluffs the only attraction this forenoon was the novelty foot races, in which there was not much interest taken. The Denver men won two races and the Council Bluffs men one, but the time and names were not given. A grand free for all horse race comes off this afternoon. The crowd is still large and everything going successfully.

Hanlon Matched.

TORONTO, June 10.—A race in Lapstreak boats has been arranged between Wise, of Riverside, and Edward Hanlon. The race is for $1,000 a side, and will come off in six weeks in Toronto Bay. The course will be five miles with turn.

THE RACES.

Knight-Templar Has a Walk-Over in the First Race.

Lizzie S. Makes the Fastest Time on Record in the Five Furlong Race.

Uberto Wins the Merchants' Stakes—The Attendance To-Day Slim—News Notes and Horse Gossip.

The weather clerk is favoring the Jockey Club. The track throughout the week has been in the best of condition, and after the first two days the dust nuisance was abated. Until yesterday the sport was rather tame, but the monotonous success of favorites was broken by three exciting contests. The winning of the three-quarter spin by Lizzie S. was a surprise, and accomplished by the hardest kind of work. Bancroft won the Brewers' cup, but not without being hard pushed by John Davis, the St. Louis horse whose performance gratified local pride if it did cause a doleful look on faces in the betting ring. In the selling race Churchill and Bob Johnson afforded a pretty contest. The hurdle was a tame affair, although the jumping was prettily done by both Glasgow and Andy Woodcock. It is to be hoped that another year the promised steeple chase course will be laid out.

When the entries closed last evening for to-day's sport it was found that Knight Templar had no opposition for the opening event—a mile and a quarter selling race. The management immediately determined upon an extra contest, and announced it this morning—five-eighths of a mile, entries to close at 10:30 a. m.

In the Merchants' stake Uberto, King Nero, Windrush, Maretzek, Clan Alpine and Baybee were the probable starters, the last named having been added to the list this morning. They sold in the pools during the morning in the order named, Uberto being a pretty strong favorite.

For the mile and an eighth heats Pacific was a favorite but not a hot one. Getaway was next in favor, Jim, Murphy and Billy Ward selling as a field.

Substituted for the Steeple Chase.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

RACE TRACK, June 10.—The management has made the following substitution for the Steeple Chase tomorrow: Purse of $250 for horses beaten at this meeting; mile heats. Horses beaten once allowed five pounds, twice seven pounds, thrice ten pounds; $200 to first horse, $100 to second and $50 to third.

The Attendance Small.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

RACE TRACK, ST. LOUIS, June 10.—At half past 2 the promise for a large attendance was not good. About 600 people were present, and neither the field nor the stand presented an animated appearance.

Who Were There.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

RACE TRACK, June 10.—The crowd to day is smaller, but very select. The ladies' stand is well filled. Miss Clara Baker has a seat near the railing and is naming winners straight along. Miss Nellie Hazeltine is seated near her in a pretty sky-blue costume. Among the others present are Miss Ella Sturgis, Mrs. James Patterson, Mrs. Dausman, Miss Louise Frost, Miss Carr, the Misses Boislinere, Miss Tallie Brant, Miss Valle, the Misses Adele and Mamie Morrison, Miss Floyd of Kentucky, Miss Hopkins, Miss Fannie Wickham, Miss Darby, Miss Papin, Miss Lou Scott and Mrs Blossom. Gov. Crittenden is in the judges' stand. Among the other notabilities are Erastus Wells, John H. Maxon, Charles P. Johnson, J. C. Normile, Grif. Prather, Chas. Green, Given Campbell, G. O. Kalb, William Moore, Charley Greeley, John M. Glover and P. B. McLaran.

First Race.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

RACE TRACK, June 10.—Knight Templar grew in popularity for the five furlong dash and sold at $100, while Lizzie S. brought $35, the field at $25.

Knight Templar alone galloped over the track, taking the purse in the selling race, no time being recorded. The horse was bought in for $810 by Green Morris, the former owner.

The Second Race.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

RACE TRACK, June 10.—The getting off the eleven horses proved a difficult task for the starter. When they did leave Lizzie S. and Knight Templar had the best of it and the race was between them. The others followed in a bunch. The favorite kept alongside the leader until the turn was made into the stretch, when he fell back in spite of all the urging his rider could give him. Lizzie S. led under the wire in 1:02, making the fastest five furlong time on record, being a quarter of a second better than Brambelatta's time at Philadelphia in 1876. The result was received with great cheering. Templar was second and Pope Leo third.

The Third Race.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

RACE TRACK, ST. LOUIS, June 10.—The mile and a half was an exciting contest between Uberto, Windrush and Nero. The others had no part in it. Windrush took the lead and held it for a mile. Rounding the upper turn on the last half mile, Uberto, Nero and Windrush ran side by side. On the home stretch Uberto took the lead and Nero under lash fell back to second and then to third place, Windrush following the leader under the wire. Time, 2:38.

Notes.

D. L. Hall, Secretary of the Chicago Driving Park, is in the city to-day.

Capt. George W. Ford officiated as one of the judges part of yesterday afternoon.

Mr. John Hobbs guards the Press Gallery from intrusion with good judgment.

The book makers do not like surprises. After the first race yesterday they were very chary about giving odds.

The combination paid $297 at Roche's yesterday. Lizzie S., John Davis and Churchill made up a short end trio.

Governor Crittenden finds many old friends among the visiting turfmen. He was chaperoned yesterday by Major McGrath.

They said Glasgow couldn't jump stiff hurdles. He does it though, and what is more goes over without checking speed.

So far the field of equipages opposite the grand stand has escaped a runaway. During former meetings a go-as you-please by some frantic horse was furnished daily.

Gen. Grant likes a "sure thing." He put up $5 even that Bancroft would win, and of course President Hunt took it. On a level with ordinary betters the General would have won a single dollar for his five.

The lively antics of a couple of young women in a buggy directly opposite the grand stand yesterday created some amusement for the possessors of field glasses during an interim between races, and made the more decorous in their vicinity feel somewhat out of place.

There will be two extra days next week. Monday, the Citizens' plate will be the big race. On Tuesday there will be a dash of three-quarters for two-year-olds, three-quarter mile heats for all ages, mile heats for all ages, and a dash of three quarters for two-year-olds that have not won during the meeting.

John Davis' performances yesterday surprised even those who knew him best. Away last spring St. Louisans backed him on the books strong, but just before the race they lost confidence in him. Among the very few who yesterday predicted a strong run from him and named him next to Bancroft was W. M. Spink, the Globe-Democrat sporting editor.

There was some good hedging done just before Knight Templar's downfall. In the morning he was bought as a favorite about even with the field. At the track he sold two to one against the others bunched. A few who had bought the Knight in the morning before he came on the track went into the pool ground and took the short end, not only saving themselves but doing a little better than that.

The Chicago Summer Running Meeting commences on June 25 and continues to and including July 4. A large number of race horses are already on the ground, though the majority will go from St. Louis at the close of the present meeting. The track is in first rate condition, having been put in complete order for the meeting. The trotters who have been working on the track have been notified to move, and everything will be given over to the the thoroughbreds until the close of the running meeting.

The extra race put down to follow the walk over proved popular. No less than eleven entries were made on short call. The distance, five-eighths of a mile, is not a usual one and the uncertainties as to what could be done at it caused considerable speculation. The entries were made at the track and at 10:30 Secretary Clarke's book showed the following: Knight Templar, Bribery, Oak Grove Rose, Bernice, Fraud, Bagdad, Guy, Pope Leo, Minnie Lewis, Boston-on-the-Table and Lizzie S. The first named proved the favorite in the pools, Lizzie S. and Pope Leo selling well, the others not much thought of.

Saturday's Races.

CONSOLIDATION PURSE.

$200 for horses that have run and not won during the meeting; 1 mile.

STREET RAILROAD STAKE.

For all ages; of $50 each, h. f., with $700 added; of which $200 to second and $100 to third; 1¼ miles.

GRAND STEEPLE CHASE.

Purse $350; of which $50 to second.

Roche's Turf Exchange.

St. Louis and Brighton Beach races to-day. Auction, mutual and combinations all day. Winning combination yesterday paid $297 55 for each $2 ticket. Books open on all events of importance.

LAWLESS DESPERADOES.

Daring Outlaws Defy the Law in Perry County, Arkansas.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., June 10.—Maj. Gen. Robert C. Newton, Commander of the State Militia, has been ordered by Gov. Churchill to Perry county to report upon the situation. Reports this morning state that great excitement prevails. The desperadoes armed and declared a determination to prevent the return of Harris and Matthews to the county. The action of the Governor depends on the report of Gen. Newton. Serious trouble is apprehended.

MORE OUTRAGES.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., June 10.—The County Assessor and two other citizens of Perry county reached this city at noon, claiming they had been compelled to flee for their lives. They were captured yesterday, roughly handled by the captors, who threatened to hang them this morning. They managed last night to elude the vigilance of their guards and reached this city in a deplorable condition, their feet bleeding and torn, having walked the entire distance barefooted. Great indignation exists among the law-abiding portion of the community. Gov. Churchill will adopt summary measures to put down the outlaws and protect the place. It is rumored he will place Perry county under martial law and order the Pawpaw Guards and Capital City Guards to the scene of action.

The Brewers' Strike.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Twenty-five non-Union brewers obtained employment to-day in different breweries in the city through the Employment Agency. While going to the breweries they were threatened with violence by the Union brewers, who used most threatening and abusive language, and were only restrained from doing bodily harm by being outnumbered. There is a strong feeling among the members of the Saloon Keepers' Union to buy Milwaukee kegs in preference to beer from the brewers in this city employing non-Union men.

Total Wreck.

HALIFAX, June 10.—The Norwegian barque Mette Margoethe was wrecked off St. Paul's Island on the morning of the 5th and the captain, first officer, carpenter, two seamen and a boy drowned.

RISING RIVERS.

Allegheny City Partially Flooded and Much Destruction of Property.

PITTSBURG, PA., June 10.—The heavy and continuous rains of the past week have caused the rivers to swell to immense proportions, flooding portions of Allegheny City and the south side, causing great destruction to property and almost universal suspension of railroad travel on roads leading to the city. The B. and O., Pan Handle, Allegheny Valley, Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston and Pittsburg and Lake Erie roads are the greatest sufferers, traffic on some of these being delayed at least two days. Fort Wayne and Pennsylvania are still in good shape, with trains running a little behind time. At noon to-day there was twenty feet of water at this point, with both rivers rising at the head waters, and a prospect of having ten feet more. Should this be true it will be as great as the flood of 1832, when the river reached thirty-five feet—the highest record. On the Allegheny River near [illegible],000 feet of lumber valued at $100,000 [illegible] been swept away. No great damage has resulted on the Monongahela, the coal men fortunately getting their craft nearly all out before the rise arrived.

The Rain Storm.

NEW YORK, June 10.—The cold rain storm which has prevailed in this city for the past twenty-four hours has been very general in the Midde and Southern New England States. High winds and damage is reported at Long Branch, and accounts of railroad washouts and detention to travel are coming in. The Chief Signal Officer reports dangerous floods anticipated for the mountain region of Western Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Eastern Ohio.

Damage by a Rain Storm.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., June 10.—The most destructive rain-storm for years visited the city last night about 11 o'clock. From that hour until 3 in the morning the rain poured down in torrents, flooding the cellars and lower floors in the principal part of the city. The town branch of the principal sewer of the city burst its bounds inflicting great damage. The rain was accompanied by severe wind, which blew down trees, outhouses and fences. The damage will amount to several thousand dollars.

CITIZENS AND VISITORS

Should to-day stop and look at

Our beautiful show-window display of

DIAMONDS.

In one small tray will be seen

35 Exquisite PAIRS, value, $30,000.

In another 12 PAIRS of Ear-rings,

Value per pair, $75.

In another 12 PAIRS of Ear-rings,

Value per pair, $150.

In another 12 PAIRS of Ear-rings,

Value per pair, $200.

Also a superb collection of

Solitaire and Cluster Finger-Rings, Pendants, Bracelets, Scarf and Sash Pins.

MERMOD, JACCARD & CO.,

Nos. 401, 403, 405 N. Fourth-st., corner Locust.

To intending BUYERS of Diamonds we would say that we have just received an immense stock from Europe, being the purchase of one of the firm just returned, and as another member of the firm will soon again leave for Europe we can make prices for diamonds that we are certain cannot be duplicated (considering quality) in the United States.

☞ Orders from the country will receive the careful attention of one of the firm of

MERMOD, JACCARD & CO.,

Fourth and Locust streets.

Funeral of Ed. P. McCarty.

The funeral of the late E. P. McCarty took place this afternoon from his late residence at 3417 Franklin avenue. The remains were encased in a handsome rose wood casket and were laid out in the front parlor of the residence. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful and the persons attending them represented all the leading profession of the city. Rev. Dr. Nichols, of the Seventh Presbyterian Church, performed the ceremonies, the pall-bearers being as follows: Judge Laughlin, W. Patrick, Howard Kretschmar, W. H. Swift, L. Garrett, D. D. Duncan, W. W. Rockwell and Henry Paschall. Among those present were Col. Jas. O. Broadhead, Judge Boyle, Judge Thayer, Albert Todd, Dr. Powers, H. D. Hawley, Jas. McCaffrey and many others representing the law, medical and other professions. The remains were taken to Bellefontaine and interred in the family lot.

Moerlein's

Celebrated Cincinnati

Lager Beer at

BESSEHL'S.

BRADLEY'S BRIBE.

Speaker Sharpe Examined Before the Investigating Committee.

Two Ballots Taken in the Joint Convention at Albany To-Day—Political News.

The Bribery Investigation.

ALBANY, June 10.—The Special Committee to investigate the alleged legislative bribery case met this morning all the members present. Speaker Sharpe, the first witness, was sworn and said: I know Samuel H. Bradley. I had an interview with him the night before last at the Delavan House about 9 o'clock in my room. No one was present except Bradley and Jones, a member of the Republican State Committee. Bradley and Jones came in the room together and Bradley said he had an important thing to say to me. He said he had been approached a little while ago and was offered money to vote for Depew. I asked him if he had the money? He said yes, he was given the money. He then said he wanted me to take it. I asked him why, and he said as the chief officer of the House he preferred to give it to me. He said he was in doubt whether to make a statement in the House or in joint convention. He wanted my advice and I did not want to give it. My impression is that he asked Jones whether he should tell who gave it to him. He told me it was the Senator from his district, Sessions. He then gave me the money. I counted it; there was $2,000—three 500 and ten fifty dollar bills. (The Speaker here handed over the money to the Chairman of the Committee.) I put the money in that envelope and put it in my pocket. I counted the money again before I went to bed and counted it again in the morning. I carefully examined the bills. These are the same bills. There are three 500 dollar Treasury notes. Witness detailed the numbers and series of the bills.

Mr. Brooks moved that the money be deposited with the Comptroller to be held for final disposal by the Speaker. Carried.

Witness: I had no other interview with Bradley than I have stated, nor at all on that day other than related. Jones said he thought it to be Bradley's duty to do as he was doing. There was no reason for Bradley to think I was in the room from 7 to 9, I was in the room receiving persons. It was known at the hotel I was there. I was not there specially to receive Bradley.

Mr. Peckham inquired what decision the committee had reached as to counsel for Senator Sessions?

Chairman—The committee has no counsel.

Mr. Skinner said the committee had decided to allow counsel.

Mr. Peckham cross-examined Speaker Sharpe—I did not give Mr. Bradley any advice, telling him that while I did not want to take the money still I thought he had the right to leave it with me. When I took the money I asked him if he had mingled the money with any other? He said he had not. He asked Jones if he had ought to tell from whom he had received the money and I think Jones told him he ought to. Bradley then said it was the Senator from his district (sessions.) He then asked me if I would recognize him on the floor in the Assembly next day. He asked when it would be in order and I told him at any time. I did not advise him to see Sessions in the morning. I did not see him again until I saw him in the House. The room in the interview took place in was the Gen. Arthur's room; was there receiving callers. Bradley and Jones were there, the only ones in the room at the time, and they staid only five or ten minutes. I was at Vice President Arthur's room simply to receive calls. These callers came on general business. The Senator in question was spoken of.

Mr. Smith, of Sessions' counsel—Why did you not ask Bradley if that was the identical money?

Mr. Sharpe—I know of no reason for asking the question.

Mr. Smith—Did you ever ask such a question before?

Mr. Sharpe—I never had such a case before.

Mr. Smith—Why did you take a memorandum of the bill?

Mr. Sharpe—I have no reason except that as a lawyer it would be reasonable to take particular memorandum. I spoke of the matter to Gen. Arthur within half an hour. He was the first man I communicated it. He was alone. I did not speak of it to anyone else that night. Jones is called "Orsini." He comes from the Cattaraugus district. He was a member of the Republican State Committee. He is a supporter of Mr. Conkling. There was no prearrangement by which I made the statement from the chair corroborative of Mr. Bradley's statement. It was not my duty to do so, but as Mr. Bradley had said he gave the money to me I deemed it my duty to say the statement was correct. (To the Chairman)—My impression now is that Mr. Jones is not now a member of the Republican State Committee. Speaker Sharpe there left the stand.

Senator Williams was sworn. He related having seen Senator Sessions and Assemblyman Bradley at the Kenmore Hotel the night before last. He had no conversation whatever about the Senatorial election with either; did not see either after or before; spoke to Senator Sessions and walked toward my room.

The committee adjourned until afternoon.

The Joint Convention.

ALBANY June 10.—The Joint Convention met at noon, Senator Robertson presiding, and proceeded to vote for a successor to Roscoe Conkling. Result: Conkling, 75; Wheeler, 4; Cornell, 2; Folger, 1; Jacobs, 3; Rogers, 8; Lapham, 1; Bradley, 1. Assembly—Conkling, 25; Wheeler, 16; Cornell, 25; Folger, 1; Jacobs, 42; Rogers, 10; Lapham, 6; Tremaine, 5; Harris, 1. Combined vote—Conkling, 33; Wheeler, 20; Cornell, 15; Folger, 2; Jacobs, 47; Rogers, 18; Lapham, 7; Tremaine, 5; Bradley, 1; Harris, 1. No choice.

The Convention then proceeded to vote to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Platt. Result: Senate—Platt 6, Depew 14, Kernan 3, Cornell 3, Folger 1. Assembly—Platt 22, Depew 40, Kernan 42, Cornell 6, Lapham 3, Folger 2, Crowley 4. Combined vote—Platt 28, Depew 54, Kernan 48, Cornell 9, Lapham 3, Folger 3, Crowley 4.

Mr. Raines announced that he would change his vote from Tremaine to Depew, eliciting much applause. No choice?

Senator Hayes moved that the Convention adjourn.

Senator Forster on the part of the Senate asked for the yeas and nays, and the Senate voted 10 in the affirmative and 20 in the negative.

Senator Alvard asked for the ayes and nays on the part of the House. They were—ayes 9, nays 57.

The joint vote stood ayes 70, nays 77, and the motion to adjourn was declared lost. Another vote was taken to fill the Conkling vacancy, with the following result:

The Senate voted as follows: Jacobs 5, Conkling 8, Wheeler 5, Rogers 7, Cornell 2, Bradley 1, Folger 1, Lapham 1. Assembly as follows: Jacobs 42, Conkling 25, Wheeler 16, Rogers 1, Cornell 9, Folger 1, Lapham 10, Tremaine 4, Harris 1. Combined vote: Jacobs 47, Conkling 33, Wheeler 1, Rogers 12, Cornell 11, Bradley 1, Folger 2, Lapham 11, Tremaine 4, Harris 1. No choice.

The Convention then proceeded to vote to fill the Platt vacancy with the following result: Platt, 6; Depew, 14; Cornell, 3; Kernan, 6; Folger, 1.

Assembly—Platt, 22; Depew, 40; Cornell, 6; Kernan, 42; Folger, 2; Crowley, 4; Lapham, 2. Combined vote: Platt, 28; Depew, 54; Cornell, 9; Kernan, 48; Folger, 3; Crowley, 4; Lapham, 2. No choice. The Convention then adjourned to 12 m. to-morrow.

Secretary Blaine.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Secretary Blaine is confined to his house with rheumatism.

CENSUS EXPENDITURES.

Many of the discharged census clerks have resumed work, trusting to Congress to pass a deficiency bill next winter to pay them for their services from now on. There will be no attempt to make this deficiency bill the basis of inquiry into the manner of the expenditure of former appropriations for census work. An effort was made last winter to investigate census affairs and the expenditure, but it failed as it was charged it was investigated by disappointed persons. Next winter this effort be will renewed, and when the bill to make another appropriation comes up it is said Congressmen will be found to insist on showing how the census money has been expended. Gen. Walker's work seems to give general satisfaction.

Distributing Diplomas.

ANNAPOLIS, June 10.—President Garfield, Admiral Porter and staff arrived at 11 o'clock to-day, and were received with naval honors. Senator Morgan of Alabama delivered an address to the graduates, and President Garfield and Secretary Hunt made speeches. Secretary Hunt delivered the diplomas. In consequence of the rain all exercises were in the Chapel.

The New Hampshire Senatorship.

CONCORD, N. H., June 10.—An opinion of the Supreme Court has been sent the Senate in effect that it is the duty of the present Legislature to elect a United States Senator.

...'S BRIBE.

...Examined Before
...ting Committee.

...In the Joint Conven-
...ny To-Day—Po-
...l News.

...Investigation.

...The Special Committee
...leged legislative bribery
...all the members present.
...first witness, was sworn
...nuel H. Bradley. I had
...the night before last at
...about 9 O'clock in
...was present except
...member of the Republican
...adley and Jones came in
...d Bradley said he had an
...y to me. He said he had
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...er from his dis-
...then gave me the
...it; there was $2,000—
...dollar bills. (The Speak-
...the money to the Chair-
...) I put the money in
...put it in my pocket. I
...gain before I went to bed,
...in the morning. I care
...composition had set in and no marks of vio-
...lence could be discovered.

KATIE WILLIAMS and Amanda Cooper are re-sponsible for the scalp wound that now adorns Pinkey Daniel's cranium, according to Pinkey's statement. She says that this afternoon they attacked her with a brick. All parties to the affair are now cooling off in the calaboose.

THE picnic of the Sabbath School connected with the North Presbyterian Church at O'Fallon Park to morrow promises to be a most enjoy-able affair. The school will leave the church at 8 a. m., taking the Bellefontaine cars to the Water Tower, where a procession will be formed and march to the park.

Bribery Trial.

The trial of Police Officer James D. Todd, charged with bribery, was begun in the Crimi-nal Court this morning. Kaub, the lottery man, testified that he had given Todd money on various dates. Mr. Bishop is Todd's coun-sel. The testimony is of the same nature as that introduced at the last trial, when Todd claimed he was not an officer at the time al-leged in the indictment. After examining Officer Belt the court adjourned until to-mor-row morning.

Local Weather Report.

SIGNAL OFFICE,
ST. LOUIS, MO., June 10.

Time.	Ther.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
6:07 a. m.	6.96	E	Cloudy.
7:00 a. m.	65.0	SE	Threat'ng.
10:07 a. m.	73.4	S	Fair.
2:00 p. m.	82.4	SE	Clear.

Minimum temperature, 61.0
Maximum temperature, 83.5 deg.
River 20 feet 11 inches.
Stationary.

H. J. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Service U. S. Army.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis,
Dealers in
U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
County Bonds, Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds,
And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Robert E. M. Bain, Foreign Exchange, 306 Chestnut street, reports: June 10. Prime bankers' sterling, 4 83¼@4 86½, per cent; com-mercial, 60-days sterling, 4 81¾@4 82¼, per cent; do demand sterling, 4 83½@4 84 per cent; 60-days francs, 5 25½@5 25 ; do demand do, 5 24¼@——; do 60-days reichs marks, 93½@93¾; do demand do 94@¾; 60-days guilders and florins, 39¼@39⅝. Market quiet, dull.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street, city.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due	Interest payable	Bid.	Ask
6's of 1881	1881	Jan. & July	103¾	103
New 3½'s	1891	Jan. & July	103¾	103¾
4½ per cent ouds.	1891	J. S. D. & M.	115½	115½
4 percent bonds.	1907	J. A. J. & O.	117½	118

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1882	Jan. & July	105	106
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July	110	111
Mo. 6's	1888-'89	Jan. & July	112	114
Mo. 5-20's of 1875 and '76	1894	Jan. & July	115	.....
Mo. 5-20's of.. 1877	1895-'96	Jan. & July	103	104
	1897	Jan. & July	104	106

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	110	111
N. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. & July	119	120
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Jan. & July	126	115½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. & Aug.	116½	115
K. P. D. Ex. 7s	1899	June & Dec.	113	114
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	109	.....
St. L. & I. M. 1st 7's	1897	Feb. & Aug.	120	109¼ 122

ST. LOUIS AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1889-'94	Various	113	115
City 6's, gold	1898	May & Nov.	116	118
City 6's, c'y	1886-'87	Various.	109¼	110½
City water 6's	1887	June & Dec. 25	109	110
City water 6's	1890	June & Dec. 25	111	113
City water 6's	1892	Apr. & Oct.	112	114
City 5's, gold	1900	Jan. & July	108	110
County 6's, gold	1895-'96	Jan. & July	114	116
County Park	1905	Jan. & July	116	120
County T's c'y	1885	Jan. & July	109	111

*Interest to sel.er.

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
...and warrants, 160 acres		.....
Land warrants, 120 acres	$184	.....
Land warrants, 80 acres	135	.....
Land warrants, 40 acres	91	.....
Clearings to-day	44	.....
Balances to-day	$ 2,621,740	491,242

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Money 3@3½; prime mercantile 5@4½. Bar silver 111½. Exchange steady at 83¾ long, 85¾ sight. Governments quiet and steady. States dull. Railroads in light request. Stocks—market continued dull with somewhat firmer tone to speculation but without any important change in prices. Pacific 6s of '95, 1 30 bid.

Rock Island	144½	A. & T. H. prfd	68
Panama	272	W., St. L. & Pacific	96
Fort Wayne	138	W., St. L. & Pacific prfd	54½
Pittsburg	141	Hannibal & St. Joseph	39½
Pittsburg ofrd	141	prfd	83½
Illinois Central	142	Iron Mountain	81
C. B. & Q	143	St. L. & San Fran	51½
Chicago & Alton	143	prfd	117½
prfd	143	C., St. L. & N. O	82
Chic'go & A. prfd	.....	first prefd	111½
N. Y. Central	119½	Kansas & Texas	51½
Harlem	200	Union Pacific	127⅝
Lake Shore	113½	prfd	.....
Canada Southern	76	Central Pacific	111½
Michigan Central	111½	Texas Pacific	97½
Erie	39½	Northern Pacific	72⅝
prfd	89½	prefd	83½
Northwestern	129½	Louisville & Nash	107
prefd	140	L. & N. A.	88
St. Paul	120½	Houston & Texas	112
prfd	133½	Denver & R. Grande	111⅝
St. Paul & Minnesota	.....	St. Paul & Omaha	49
St. Paul & Sioux City	.....	prefd	107½
St. P. & S. C. prfd	.....	Boston Air Line, pfd	92
Del. & Lack	126½	Oregon Navigation	110½
Morris & Essex	130	Montauk Coal	.....
N. J. Central	110½	Buffalo, Pittsburg & W	48½
Reading	104	American Union	.....
Ohio	59½	Memphis & Ch	83½
prefd	43½	Western Union	128½
Cleveland & Ohio	118	A. & P. Telegraph	.....
first prfd	31	Pacific Mail	43½
second prefd	46½	Adams	140
Mobile & Ohio	92½	Fargo	135
Cleve'd & Col	84½	American	127½
C., C. & I. C	97½	United States	86
Ohio Central	53	Canton	74½
Erie & Western	45	Boston Water Power	.....
Peoria, D. & E	51½	Boston Land	.....
Ind., B. & W	new 51½	Canton	.....
Marietta & Cin	.....	Consol. Coal	.....
first prfd	.....	Quicksilver	17
second prefd	12¼	prefd	.....
C. C. C. & I	168	Central Arizona	.....

*Bid.
†Offered.

COMMERCE.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis.

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING at 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

	City	R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat	5,110	2,828	9,236	17,174
Corn	14,526	15,444	50,840	80,810
Oats	2,510	.....	870	3,380
Rye	.....	.....	.....	.....
Barley	470	.....	.....	470

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—1 car No. 3 spring, 1 car No. 2 spring, 8 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 4 cars No. 3 Medi-terranean, 47 cars No. 2 red winter, 6 cars No. 3 red winter, 1 car No. 4 winter, 4 cars rejected winter. Total, 72 cars.

Corn—1 car St. Charles, 40 No. 2 white mix-ed, 14 cars rejected white mixed, 99 cars No. 2 mixed, 24 cars rejected, 8 cars no grade Total, 195 cars.

Oats—9 cars No. 2, 4 cars rejected. Total, 13 cars.

Barley—None.

Rye—2 cars No. 2. Total, 2 cars 232.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business To-Day.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
Total	382,926	807,921	193,798	3,468	1,766
Total yesterday	306,683	767,872	186,610	3,468	2,236
June 11, 1880	173,028	402,998	71,935	22,225	1,659

Visible Supply of Grain.

	June 4. 1881.	May 28. 1881.	June 5. 1880.
Wheat, bu	16,288,000	14,309,921	19,580,257
Corn, bu	10,592,000	9,822,828	16,407,750
Oats, bu	5,210,000	4,589,330	2,944,805
Rye, bu	288,000	327,327	391,488
Barley, bu	561,000	513,092	436,558

The Markets.

MORNING BOARD.

Flour—Flour very quiet; demand light, but seller showing no pressure. We quote: Fancy $5 50@6; choice $5 20@5 30; family $4 85@5 00; XXX $4 45@4 70; XX $3 85@4 00; 3 00; extra fancy and patents held higher.

Wheat—Was manifestly firmer, with an ad-vance in price, but the gain in cash was slight, though sales were readily made, although fu-tures bettered fconsiderably. Grade No. 2 red sold for milling, speculative and export at $1 11¾@⅞, closing at $1 11¾; No. 3 red for shipment at $1 05 this and $1 05½@⅞ E. side; No. 4 salable at $1 this side; No. 4 available at $1 and $1 00¼ E. side; shippers and millers took No. 2 Mediterranean at $1 10¾@⅞; for No. 3 do bids of $1 05¾ this, $1 06 E. side; $1 12½ bid for No. 1 red; $1 02 for No. 2 spring. Futures of No. 2 red sold at $1 11¾@⅞ for June; $1 10⅞@ @⅞ bid; $1 09⅝@⅞ August, closing at $1 09¾ bid; year at $1 08¾@⅞ September, closing at $1 09⅞

Corn—Was also firm, with an advance in No. 2 and rejected white mixed and rejected under a sharp competitive demand, and futures of No. 2 mixed also higher and very stiff, while all else was steady. No. 2 mixed taken main-ly for export at 45@45⅛; No. 2 white mixed for shipment (part on orders) at 46¼@47, closing at 46⅞ this side and 47 E. side; rejected white mixed in milling, order and shipping demand V., 40½ in C., 41@41½ in St. L., 41@40⅜ in order account sold at 32@33⅛ in St. L., 33⅛ in A., 34 in E., no grade brought 37¼ E. side and had 38¼ bid for this side. No. 2 mixed sold at 44⅜@45 for June; 43⅞@44⅛ July; 44⅛@ 44½ August, but worth 44⅜ late, 44⅛@44⅞ Sep-tember, closing at 39½; 49⅜@39⅞ to 40½ year. No. 2 white mixed at 47¼ July, and that bid for June in St. L.

Oats—Higher under a better demand and firm, No. 2 selling at 35¾ in E. and regular to speculators at 26; rejected offered at 34 with-out a bid and No. 2 white was neglected. Fu-tures sharply sought after, with sales at 36@⅞ with 27½@⅝ bid at close, 36¾ year with 26¾@27 bid later.

Rye.—Grades still nominal, No. 2 having sellers at $1 10 and no bids and for rejected 90 bid, none offered. Samples weaker at 92½ for prime.

Millfeed—Bran was in better demand and stronger. Sacked sold at 48c f. o. b., 45@48 at mill, bulk at 41c f. o. b. E. track.

Hay—Dead flat and hardly any business was transacted for lack of buyers. All sales were to strictly choice $14@15 50, fancy $16 50. East track receipts unsalable.

Provisions—Were firm, with a stronger tone developed, though with no appreciable change in value. Standard mess pork sold at $16 75 and had $16 55 bid for the round lot; June and July offered at $16 60, bids of $16 50 and $16 40 respectively. Prime steam lard held at $10 65, bid $10 50. In dry salt meats an active business has been transacted, about 650,000, the winter c'ribs changing hands for smoking, though terms were kept private; fairly quotable at 5.65 for shoulders, 8.20 for long clear, 8.40 for clear ribs, 8.60 for short clear. Packed bacon short clear brought 9½; shoulders worth 6¼@6⅝, and clear ribs 9.20@9¾. Hams at 10¾@11½ for s. c. canvased; small size fancy 12@13c.

Tallow 5¼@6¾ according to quality. Breakfast bacon 11¼@12¼c. Grease 4@ 4½c for brown, 5@5½c for yellow, 6@7c for white, S@9c for manufacturing lard. Beef—Extra mess $12 per bbl.; prime mess $9 50 per bbl.; family $7 per bbl.; prime dried 14@15c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 per doz. Salt nominal.

Highwines—Steady sales 196 bbls at $1 06; Cincinnati $1 06; Chicago $1 08; Peoria $1 06. Lead—Soft Missouri is selling steadily at $4 25.

Closing Prices To-Day.

ST. LOUIS: Wheat—Cash $1 11¾; June $1 11¾; July $1 11¾; August $1 09¾@⅞ bid; September $1 09⅞ bid; Year $1 09⅞. Corn—Cash No. 2 mixed 45½; June 45; July 44⅞; August 44½; September 44¾; Year 40½. Cash No. 2 white 46⅞@47; June 47; July 47¼. Oats—Cash 36; June 36¼; July 34½ bid; August 27¼@⅜ bid; Year 26⅞@27 bid. Rye—Cash 92½ bid for No. 2 spring. Futures of No. 2 red sold at $1 11¾@⅞ for June; $1 10⅞@ @⅞ bid; $1 09⅝@⅞ August, closing at $1 09¾ bid; year at $1 08¾@⅞ September, closing at $1 09⅞ asked; August 55¾ asked.

NEW YORK: Wheat—Cash $1 25½@1 23½; June $1 25@1 26; July $1 25½; August $1 24¾@1 23½; September $1 22¾@1 23. Corn—Cash 56½; June 55⅝@56; July 55¾@56; August 56¾; September 56½@58.

TOLEDO: Wheat—Spot $1 16; June $1 16¾; July $1 15¾@⅞; August $1 13¾; Year $1 12½. Corn—Spot 45¾; June 46 bid; July 47¼; August —.

CHICAGO: Wheat—June $1 09⅝ bid; July $1 10@⅛; August $1 10½@¾; September $1 07⅞ @$1 08. Year $1 05½. Corn—June 43¾@44; July 43⅝; August 44⅜; September 45; Year 42½ bid. Oats—June 37⅝; July 37¼; August 28; Year 26⅝ bid. Pork—July $16 10; August $16 12½ bid. Lard—July $10 72½ bid; August 10 72½; Year 9⅞@.90. Short Ribs—June 8. 10 bid; July 8. 20 bid; August 8. 27½ bid; September 8.4 bid.

Cotton.

Spots ⅛ higher at 10⅜ for middling; sales 688 bales. New York steady, holders asking an advance on middling and above; Liverpool steady.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands, 6 3-16d. Orleans, 6⅛d. Futures closed dull; June and July, 6 7-32d; July and August, 6 7-32d; August and September, 6 9-32d; September and October, 6 3-32d; October and November 5 29-32d; November and December, 5¾d; December and January ——.

NEW YORK.

Middling 11 1-16. Futures closed steady. June, 11.07; July, 11; Aug. 11.18@11.19; September, 10.74@0.75; October, 10.32@10.33; November, 10.20; December, 10.20; January, 10.32@10.33; February, 10.44@10.45; March, 10.57 @10.59.

LUMBER MARKET.

White Pine.

Clear tank stuff, rough 2½ to 4 in		$55 00
1st and 2nd clear, " " 1¼ to 2 in		50 00
" " " 1 in		47 00
3d " " 1¼ to 2 in		42 00
" " 1 in		40 00
A Select " " 7 to 9 in		35 00
" " 1¼ to 2 in		37 00
" " 1 in (10 in. and over)		34 00
B Select, " " 7 to 9 in		29@29 00
Clear Frames " " 1 in $24; 1¼ to 2 in		27 50
Select " " 2x6 and 2x8		30 00
Clear and Select " " 2x4		27 50
A Stock, 12 in. " " 12 to 20 ft		25 00
B " " 12 to 20 ft		38 00
C " " 18 to 20 ft		36 00
D " " 12, 14 and 16 ft		30 00
A 10 in " " 18 ft		18 50
B " " 12 to 14 ft		18 50
C " "		36 00
D " "		33 00
A Box " " 12 ft		17 00
B " " 13 ft		43 00
C " "		39 00
D " "		30 00
Flooring D and M clear 4 in		18 00
" clear and 1st com. 4 in		37 00
" 2nd com. 4 in		35 00
" 3rd com. 4 in		33 00
" 4th com. 4 in		28 00
No. 1 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 12, 14, 18 & 20 ft		18 00
No. 1 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 12, 14, 18 & 20 ft		16 00
No. 2 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 12, 14, 18 & 20 ft		15 00
Cull Fencing, 4 in		13 50
Joists, 10 to 16 ft., 2x12 & under		11 00
Joists, 18 ft., 2x12 & under		13 50
Joists, 20 ft., 2x12 & under		14 00
Yellow Pine.		
1st and 2d clear flooring (count) 4 in		$32 00
Star flooring (count) 4 in		27 00
Common flooring (count) 4 in		22 00
1st and 2d cl. flooring, mixed widths (tape)		20 00
Star flooring, mixed widths (tape)		30 00
Common flooring, mixed widths (tape)		20 00
1¼ in. 1st and 2d cl. flooring mixed widths (tape)		40 00
1¼ in. common flooring mixed widths (tape)		30 00
1 inch 1st and 2d cl. step stuff, S 2 S		40 00
1 and 1¼ 1st and 2d cl. step stuff, S 2 S		35 00
Large timbers at special prices.		35 00
Grub and No. 2 joists, 10 to 16 ft		11 50
Grub and No. 2 joists, 18 to 20 ft		11 50
No. 2 scantling, 12 ft		11 50
No. 2 scanting, 14 & 16 ft		12 00
No. 2 scantling, 18 & 20 ft		12 00
12-inch boards (Nos. 1 & 2) 14 to 18 ft		14 50
No. 2 boards, 10 & 26 ft		13 50
No. 2 boards, 12 to 18 ft		12 50
Cull boards or sheathing		13 50
Poplar and Ash.		11 50
1st Siding		17 50
2d "		16 00
1st Ceiling, 7-16 in. 12 ft		18 00
2d Ceiling, 7-16 in. 6 in		18 50
1st Ceiling, ⅜ in		14 50
1st Box boards, rough, 14 ft		27 00
2d (select) Box boards, rough, 14 ft		——
Common boards, rough		20 00
1st Panel, S 1 S, ⅜ in		28 00
2d Panel, S 1 S, ⅜ in		——
Ash Flooring, 4 inch, $40; 6 inch		38 00
Ash Flooring, common, 4 and 6 inch		20 00
Red Cedar.		
Sawed Posts (quartered), No. 1		30
Sawed Posts, square, 8 ft 4x4 35c; 6x6		51
Sawed Timbers, 14 to 16 ft B. M		37 50
Shingles and Lath.		
		Car Load.
Eau Claire and Meridean, extra clear, dry		$3 15
Eau Claire and Meridean, No. 1		——
Duncan & Taylor, extra choice		95
Choice "A" McCartney		3 00
Good* No. 1 (S. & B.)		2 95
Lath		1 20
Lath and shingles extra dry		2 40
Common Lumber.		
No. 1 boards, 14, 16 & 18 ft		$16 00
Joists, 12 & 24 ft., 2x12 & under		15 50
Siding, 1st and 2nd clear		$18 00@19 00
Siding, clear and 1st com		21 00
Siding, 2nd com		19 00
Siding, 3rd com		18 00
Siding, 4th com		14 00
Ceiling, ⅜ in., clear		10 00
Ceiling, ⅜ in., clear & 1st com		22 00
Ceiling, ⅜ in., 2d com		20 00
Ceiling, ⅜ in., ad com		19 00
Ceiling, ⅜ in., clear & 1st com., 4 or 6 in		15 00
Ceiling, ⅜ in., clear & 2d com., 4 or 6 in		25 00
Ceiling, ⅜ in., clear & 3d com., 4 or 6 in		23 00
Ceiling, ⅜ in., 1st com., 4 or 6 in		19 00
Ceiling, ⅜ in., 2d com., 4 or 6 in		32 00
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 12 ft		30 00
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 14 & 16 ft		13 50
Scantling, 2x6 to 4x4, 18 ft		13 50
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 12 to 16ft		15 00
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 18 ft		15 00
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 22 ft		16 00
Joists, 26 ft., 2x12 & under		18 00
Joists 28 & 30 ft., 2x12 & under		20 00
		$22 00@24 00

GROCERIES.

[Jobbers' Cash Quotations.]

Salt—Common.

Ohio River ₱ bbl 1 25

Sugar—Refined.

BELCHER'S.			
Cutloaf	11¾	Standard A	10⅝
Crushed	11	Missouri A	10⅝
Powdered	11¼	Extra C	10¼
Standard Granulated	11	Standard C	10
Fine Powdered	11¼	Yellow C	9¾
EAST ERN.			
Standard Granulated	10⅜	Standard A	10⅜

Coffee.

Common Rio	11¾@12¾	Prime Rio	14½
Fair Rio	13 @13½	Choice fancy Rio	14¾@16¾
Mexican	14 @15	Manahaling	50
Good O. G. Java	20	Mocha	——
Prime do	25	Guatemala	16

Fruits—Foreign.

Currants, 1880	6¾@ 7¾	London layers	2 50
Figs, boxes	16¾	Muscatels	2 35
Figs, pill boxes	55	Citron, Leghorn	19
Prunes, bris	6 @7	Dates, new black	6@8
Raisins, layers, ₱ bx	2 25	Lemon peel	18
" ½bx	1 20	Lemons ₱ box	1 25
" ¼bx	65	Oranges ₱ box	6 25
Valencias	9½	Cocoanuts	4½@5

Cheese.

	Per ₱		Per ₱
Buffalo brand	14	N. Y. Fac. Cream	9
Swiss, genuine	30	Swiss, imitation	22
Limburger	21	Y'g America	13
Pine apple	21		

Nuts.

Almonds, ₱ b	16½@19	Peanuts, raw, choice white or red, ₱ b	6
Brazil, ₱ b	12@14	Peanuts, roasted, white or red, ₱ b	——
Filberts, Sicily	13	Walnuts, Naples, ₱ b	17@19
Pecans, Texas, ₱ b	——		
" Ind. Ter	7		

Syrup and Molasses.

BELCHER'S.					
	bris.	hf. bris.	kgs.	hf. kgs.	
Golden syrup	40c	42c	46c	51c.	
Sugar-house syrup	35c	38c	41c	44c	49c.
" in 4½-gal kegs					$1 75
NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES.					
Rebolled, prime to str. choice, per gal					40@55

Rice.

Carolina, good, ₱ b	6¾	Carolina, prime, ₱ b	7¾
Carolina, choice, "	——	Carolina, fair, "	6

Teas.

(The prices here quoted are for tea in original packages. In less quantities than original packages 3c ₱ b will be charged over following prices.)

ENGLISH BREAKFAST OR SOUCHONG.			
No. 1	32	No. 2	55
IMPERIAL.			
No. 1	40	No. 3	45
No. 2	40	No. 4	45
No. 3	50	No. 5	50
GUNPOWDER.			
No. 1	45	No. 5	60
No. 2	50	No. 6	60
No. 3	55	No. 7	65
No. 4	60	No. 8	70
JAPAN.			
No. 1	22	No. 2	30
No. 3	40	No. 4	30
No. 5	50	No. 6	50
YOUNG HYSON.			
No. 1	40	No. 2	60
No. 3	50	No. 4	45
OOLONG.			
No. 1	30	No. 4	50
No. 2	37	No. 5	65
No. 3	42		

FISH.

[Jobbers' Quotations.]

MACKEREL.	Brls.	100 ₱ Hfs.	90 ₱ Hfs.	50 ₱ Qrs.	15 ₱ Kits	12 ₱ Kits
1880, Tinkers	$ 9 00	$ 5 00	$ 4 55	$ 2 55	$ 90	$ 80
No. 1	10 50	5 75	5 20	2 90	1 05	90
Fat Family	7 75	4 40	3 90	2 30	90	75
No. 1 Bay	12 75	3 85	3 50	1 95	75	65
Prince Edward Island Mess	12 00	6 50	5 90	3 30	1 15	95
No. 1 Shore	16 00	8 50	7 75	4 30	1 45	1 20
No. 1 Ex. Shore	20 00	10 50	9 50	5 35	1 75	1 45
No. 1 Mess	22 00	12 00	11 75	6 55	2 15	1 75
No. 1 Extra Mess	28 00	14 50	13 00	7 20	2 45	1 90
No. 2 Large	9 00	5 00	4 55	2 55	90	80
LAKE Fish.						
No. 1 Lake		4 50	4 25	2 55	90	75
No. 2 White		7 00	6 50	3 80	1 30	1 10
Family do		5 50	5 15	3 05	1 05	90
No. 1 Lake Trout		4 75	4 45	2 65	90	80
SALMON.		5 50	5 15	3 05	1 05	90
Columbia River Salmon	16 00	8 50	7 70	4 30	1 45	1 20

Codfish.

Boneless, boxes, choice, 35-₱ bxs ₱ b	——
Boneless selected, 35-₱ boxes, ₱ b	4½
Boneless fancy, 40-₱ boxes, ₱ b	——
Boneless fancy, 5-₱ cartoons, ₱ b	8
Whole Genuine Georges, 100, 50 and 25-₱ bxs, ₱ b	3¾
Medium, 100, 50 and 25-₱ bxs	5½
New smoked Halibut, in 100, 50 and 25-₱ boxes, ₱ b	——

Mackerel in Tins.

Breakfast mess, 5-₱ tins, ₱ doz	12½
Prize medal mess, 5-₱ tins, ₱ doz	5 50
Family mess, 5-₱ tins, ₱ doz	5 75

Miscellaneous.

	Brls.	½-brls.
No. 1 R'd Shore, Herring	$6 50	$3 50
N. Labrador Split	——	3 75
New Gibbed	7 00	3 75
Potomac Roe Herring	6 50	3 50
Herring, Boxed	——	3 50
Herring, boneless, in ½-₱ tins, ₱ doz	——	1 50
Herring Holland, Crown brand, new, ₱ keg	——	——
Herring, Holland, Miller's orand, new, ¼ keg	——	1 65

METALS.

Coke Tin Plate.

IC. 10x20	$10 00	IC. 14x20	$6 00
IC. 10x14	6 00		

Charcoal Tin Plate.

IC, 10x14	$ 7 00	IX, 14x28	$ 9 00
IC, 12x12	7 00	IXX, 14x20	11 00
IC, 14x20	7 00	IXXX, 14x20	13 00
IX, 10x14	9 00	IXXXX, 14x20	15 00
IX, 12x12	9 00	IX, 20x28	15 00

Soft Lead.

Pig Lead, large	5½	Bar Lead	6
Large pigs	23	Block Tin	24
Bar Tin	25	Small pigs	

Babbitt Metal.

No. 1	18	No. 2	14
No. 3	10	No. 4	8

Sheet Zinc.

600 ₱ casks	7¾	100 ₱ casks	8¼
250 ₱ casks	8	Single sheets	8½

Bessemer Steel Baling Wire.

No. 9, ₱ 100 ₱s	$5 00	Nos. 10 and 11	$5 50
No. 12	5 75	No. 14	7 00

Brazier's Rod.

3-16, ₱ ₱	9
"	8

Roofing Tin.

100	$ 6 50	IC, 20x28	$13 50
14x20	8 50	IX, 20x28	17 50

COPPER.

Planished Copper—Boiler Sizes

No. 7, 14 oz., 14x49			
" 7, large, 14x52			
No. 8, 14 oz., 14x56	Nickel plated, ₱ ₱		38
No. 9, 16 oz., 14x60			48
Tinning per sheet, 6 and 7			12
" " 8 and 9			15

Fence Staples.

Per keg	5
Per ₱	5½
No. 12 coppered	8
Stretchers	₱ doz. $2 00

Brass and Copper Wire.

No. 6 to 20, net ₱ ₱	Brass springs.	Copper.
21	35	43
22	38	46
	39	47

Barbed Wire.

Twisted (Galvanized)	——
Clothes line wire, doz. rolls	——

Galvanized Sheet Iron.
(Morehead & Co.'s Juniata.)

Per ₱.	
No. 18 to 20	——
No. 22 to 24	Per ₱.
No. 26	14
No. 28	15
Discount — per cent.	

Russia Sheet Iron.

GENUINE.

Nos 8 to 12	₱ ₱
	14

Bright Market Wire.							
Nos.	6,	7,	8,	9,	10,	12,	13, 14,
Nos.	15,	16,	17,	18,	19,	12¾,	13¾, 20,
	14,	15,	16,	19,	20,		

American Planished Russia.

No. 23	₱ ₱.		
No. 24 to 27B	10	No. 24 to 27A	₱ ₱. 11

Broom Wire.

No. 18 to 22, ₱ ₱	10

Boiled Iron.

No. 18 to 20	₱ ₱		
No. 22 to 24	3 90	No. 26	₱ ₱
"	4 00	No. 27	4 30
No. 1, ₱ ₱		Solder.	4 50
	14	Charter Oak ₱ ₱	15¼

Nails.

Best Wheeling rates	

Galvanized Wire.

Nos. 7, 8 and 9	10	Nos. 10 and 11	11
No. 12	11¾		
Discount — ₱ cent.			

Steel Fence Wire.

Always put up in 100-₱ bundles.
Nos. 7, 8 and 9 fence, ₱ ₱ net
Nos. 10 to 12, grape trellis, ₱ ₱ net
No. 12, grape trellis, ₱ ₱ net

SHEET IRON.

Charter Oak Iron.			
No. 24, 24 and 30 in. wide, 100, in. long, ₱ ₱			5.10
No. 26, 24 and 30	"	100 in. "	5.30
No. 27, 24 and 30	"	100 in. "

A MEXICAN BULL-FIGHT.

Men in Ribbons and Spangles Making a Beast Mad to Kill Him.

Mexican Cor. of the Boston Transcript.

The bull-fight is still an institution of Mexico, performances being given nearly every Sunday and holiday. It is a relic of barbarism inherited from Spain. I will endeavor to give an account of the main features of one of these shows which I observed a few weeks since in Cuantitlan, a town reached by a ride of an hour and three-quarters over the Mexico, Toluca and Cuantitlan Narrow Gauge Road. This road has been largely built from the proceeds of a lottery. The cars are taken in the central portion of the city and are drawn by mules until without its limits. We are left within a short distance of the "Plaza de Toros," so-called, which is a circular arena of about seventy-five feet diameter, surrounded by a board fence six feet high, which is striped with the national colors, red white and green. Outside of this are the seats for the spectators, made of rough boards and arranged in five tiers, each about two feet above that below. At the top is a space roofed over and divided into sections, which are provided with chairs. The main portion of the arena is entirely exposed to sun or rain. A band of about twelve pieces occupies a stand at one side and furnishes music continuously through the whole performance. Cries of "Toros! Toros!" began to exhibit the impatience of the audience at the delay in commencing. At length doors to the east are thrown open and the performers enter. These consist of two clowns, three men mounted on poor, jaded, blindfolded horses and a number of men with red cloths to exasperate the bull. The men are dressed in suits of green or red spangled with silver tinsel, with short knee breeches and white stockings, and they wear the hair knotted in a queue down the back. The riders are provided with long poles armed on the end with iron points to ward off the attacks of the bull. A door to the west is now opened and the animal enters, walking first to the center of the circle and gazing around with an astonished look at the scene presented. A red cloth is now flaunted before him and with his head lowered he dashes toward the one who has dared to offend him. The men easily jump to one side or, if hard pressed, take refuge behind a guard consisting of boards placed at a distance of two feet from the enclosing fence. The bull often rushes at the horses, and, in spite of a thrust from the lance of the rider, succeeds in goring them, often in throwing both to the ground. Sometimes the bull himself is thrown. Nearly every bull kills one or more of the poor horses, but the men are seldom hurt. When this has continued for some time the horsemen retire and one of the men, holding a pointed stick adorned with variously colored papers and ribbons in each hand, approaches the animal and throws them into his neck. They penetrate deep enough to draw blood and the slight pain exasperates him. Finally the matador appears with a sword in the right hand and a red cloth in the left. Concealing the weapon behind the cloth, he boldly approaches the now infuriated animal and, as he lowers his head to rush at him, stabs him in the neck. When done by an experienced man the wound proves fatal in a few minutes. The bull staggers and falls and is dispatched by a thrust from a short knife into the spinal cord in the back of the neck. A rope is now fastened to his horns and some horses drag out the carcass. The earth is shoveled over a little and the arena is ready for another combat.

A Bostonian's Experience in Chicago.

From the Chicago Times.

He arrived in the morning. Looking about for permanent lodgings, he was recommended to a West Washington street boarding-house. That night the hashery was burglarized. For a period of at least five minutes --his first impression was five hours-- one of the enterprising burglars stood over him with a revolver. They ransacked his room, but only got a few dollars for their pains, as he was not in the habit of carrying much loose money in his pockets, and, as good luck would have it, he had left his watch that very evening with a West Madison street teweler to be repaired, it having come to a dead halt during his outward trip. Thus it happened that he was more scared than hurt. But even some scares are pretty bad. Two nights after this he went to the theatre. On his return, having turned from Madison into Ann street, toward Washington street, and gone about half a block, he was sat upon by three men, one choked him, one held a revolver to his nose, while the third "went through him." This time his gold watch went by the board. Also a little more change. He had the consolation of being told that he had been "held up." He could give no description of the men, and accordingly the police could do nothing for him. The following evening he went to a laundry to get his linen. The Mongolian failed to turn over the number of articles that had been left. Our Boston friend remonstrated with Wah Ling. The Celestial cried, "You cheatee!" "You cheatee!" and without further ado flashed a revolver from behind the counter. In speaking about this affair, just before his departure, Mr. Dowling remarked to a friend: "I don't care anything for the linen; it is only a shirt or two, a few cuffs, collars and handkerchiefs. I might have known I wouldn't have got back to Boston with them. Besides it wasn't worth making a fuss about. All I want is to get out of this cursed city." What capped the climax, and fixed his resolution to "cut stick," was coming home the afternoon before his departure and finding his trunk on the sidewalk. As a matter of fact, the whole boarding house was there. There had been an electment. He expressed infinite surprise that the first man that came along didn't walk off with his trunk. If anything had been stolen, he is fully persuaded it would have been his property

Queer Insects.

From the Gold Hill (Nev.) News.

A News reporter has been shown a queer species of worm found in the face of the Lord of Lorne Mine, near Lower Gold Hill. They are found in a solid stratum of stiffy clay 700 feet from the mouth of the tunnel and 300 feet below the surface of the earth, amid the vein matter of that portion of the Comstock. Superintendent McDougal found quite a number of them by soaking and washing the clay, and they are no defunct relics of antediluvian times, but are all alive and kicking, incredible as it may appear. These queer little subterranean worms are about three-quarters of an inch long by about an eighth of an inch in diameter, short and thick, resembling some species of grub. Each is encased in a very neat little shell of siliceous material, corrugated and firm, of a bluish cast, like silver ore, with small round spots, having a metallic lustre. At his forward end appears a vicious-looking head and six legs or feelers, capable of being easily folded when he draws back into his shell. On top of his head is a small helmet or cover of the same material as the shell, so that when he hauls in for a snooze or self-protection his top-piece or helmet just closes the hole nicely. Why this hard-shell covering or protective armor or how it is that these very peculiar worms are found alive at such a depth in virgin ground is not easy of explanation. Their presence can be accounted for on the score of some deep crack or disturbance of the earth at some time, yet what they are doing there and what supports them is a mystery, for the clay is noways rich, though it is wormy. They certainly are a great natural curiosity.

The Feeing Nuisance.

From the Springfield Republican.

With the traveling season comes the consideration of what to do with the infernal nuisance of feeing. Everybody knows it is a disgusting importation, degrading and profitless to those who receive, annoying to those who give, and causing a mean discrimination in the attention paid to travelers or guests who are all entitled to the same privileges for the contract price. Feeing is a relic of the feudal notions of Europe, where the upper classes like to be served without making a contract with the employe. A contract implies equality, and is therefore obnoxious to those who do not like to admit inferiors to be their equals. Hence the European way with many minor and transient services has been to have the service and then throw out the wages as largess. The moneyed and extravagant have introduced the same practice here. It does not; benefit the employe, for what he gains by gift he loses in the market value of his place; hence his contract wages decline, and he becomes a pensioner on an uncertain bounty instead of holding the more honorable position of a laborer on contract. Whatever feeling is introduced it destroys the quality of the service rendered for the ordinary wages.

In Europe it has gone to a much further extent than here. The traveler is besieged by the railway porter, the guard and whoever lays a hand on his baggage or opens his carriage door. The theater-goer is pestered for a fee for the programme, for being shown to his seat, for having his coat and hat stored, his carriage called and a multitude of services rendered gratis here. It is at hotels that Americans suffer the worst invasion of this swindle, and if the hotel keepers would contrive to shut it out they would confer a greater boon upon their patrons and do more to improve their own domestic service than they are aware of. The serving class will of course take fees so long as they are offered, each one hoping to profit individually, but it is perfectly evident from known economic laws that it cannot profit the class as a whole. The traveling public ought to resist it.

A MAGDALENS' HOME.

Some Instances of Christian Charity in the Philadelphia Institution.

From Report of the Managers.

One evening some years ago a young gentleman, a wealthy resident of a distant State, came to the home, bringing with him a beautiful girl, whom he had met on the street and had known for a week. He told the matron that the girl had agreed to reform and that he had promised to marry her if she would remain in the asylum for two years without seeing or hearing from him, and if at the end of that time the matron would give a favorable report of her behavior. The girl was received and the gentleman left. The matron, fearing that if he should never return the result would be to plunge the girl into worse despair and deeper sin, tried to persuade her to put him out of her mind, saying that although he was no doubt sincere at the time he would probably change his mind after awhile and never return. The girl's faith, however, remained unshaken. "She was a lovely girl," said the narrator, yesterday, "and the ladies of the institution grew to love her very much. Sure enough, the gentleman reappeared at the end of two years, and the meeting between him and the young woman was a very joyous and very affecting one. They were married in the parlor of the institution. Her husband is a splendid fellow, rich and respected. His wife moves in the best society and is the mother of a lovely family of children. She was in the city not long ago and called upon me, bringing two beautiful daughters with her."

Another case which the gentleman related occurred much more recently. It was that of a reclaimed girl who was provided a place on a farm in another State. A few months later the matron received a letter from her, saying that a prosperous young farmer wanted to marry her. The matron advised her not to deceive him, but to tell him her story. She told him. He still wanted to marry her, and did marry her, and a few months ago husband and wife and baby visited the home. The husband said to one of the managers: "If I had the whole world to choose from I could not have found a better wife."

"Only a few days ago," said the manager to the reporter, "as I was riding down town in a car, three nicely dressed ladies got in. One of them took a seat near me, and said: 'Why, how do you do, Mr. ——?' I then recognized her as a former inmate. She said she had been married two years, and introduced me to the other two ladies as relatives of her husband. They seemed quite proud of her. I don't know whether they knew her history or not."

Indications.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley, warmer, partly cloudy weather in west portion local rains; northeast, generally veering to southeast winds. Lower Lake Region, warmer, fair weather; winds mostly from northeast to southeast; rising, possibly followed by falling barometer. Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys and Upper Lake Region, warmer, partly cloudy weather, local rains; winds mostly southeasterly; stationary or lower barometer. The Ohio will rise.

ADDITIONAL COMMERCIAL.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery—Choice to fancy22@23; seconds at best dairy rates. Dairy—Choice yellow 16@18; medium to prime 12@14; lower grades 7@8; freshnearby make, choice yellow 9@12; fair to low grade 7@8.

CHEESE—We quote: Fancy full cream —; Western part skim 5@7; hard 2@5.

EGGS—In demand at 11½ for guaranteed strictly fresh or candled; old or doubtful lots hard to place.

POULTRY—Old chickens $1 75 for cocks, $2 25@2 40 for mixed, $2 50@2 65 for hens; spring chickens small and scrubby 75c@$1, medium $1 50@2, choice $2 50@3.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed—Choice 37@38½; dingy and low 34@36; unwashed medium combing 23½@25; extra do 25½@½; medium 22@23; coarse 19@21; light fine 17@20; heavy do 14@16; burry, black and cotted 5@10 less; South ern burry 10@16.

HIDES—Quote: Green salted 9; damaged do 7½; uncured 7½; damaged 6½; bulls and stags 12½@13; green 5½; green salted calf 12½@13; damaged do 9; No. 1 dry salted 12½@13; damaged do 10½; No. 2 dry flint 16¼@17; No. 2 do 13½@14. Branded 10 ₱ cent off.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 55@57, out side for small sks; unripe do 50@53; mixed 10@40 Tare 3 per cent, on large, 10 on small sks.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote: Green salted pelts and lamb skins 50@1 25; dry 30@70; Green salted shearings 25@30; Dry flint do 10@30; bug eaten unsalable.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng $1 1@1 25, Seneca 25@3c; blue flag 4½@5; blood roots 2@3½; golden seal 5@6½; snake 9@10; black 5½; May appie 2½.

DEERSKINS—We quote: No. 1, 39@41; damp, meaty, etc., 27@30.

BEESWAX—Prime 21; dark 2C.

OLD POTATOES—Quote: Peerless; $ @$ Ohio River Peachblow 70@80; Eastern Burbanas $1 10 Rose 55@75.

NEW POTATOES—Sold at $2 75@4 25 ₱ brl outside for choice; choice in bulk $1 60 del.

NEW ONIONS—$6@6 50 ₱ brl for New Orleans; Bermuda $2 25 ₱ bu box.

CABBAGE—Homegrown on orders $4@4 50 ₱ crate.

BEANS—Shipments not wanted, home grown round on orders $1 50 ₱ bu box; $1 50@4 ₱ brl.

NEW GREEN PEAS—Home grown marrow let in shipping order; $1 75 ₱ bu box; $4 50 ₱ brl.

TOMATOES—Mobile, ripe $1 75; Bermuda $1@1 25 per peck pkgs.

SQUASH—Unsalable.

CUCUMBERS—Sell at 40 ₱ doz on orders for choice homegrown; Southern choice $3 50@3 ₱ brl.

APPLES—Early Harvest 50@60c and Red June 65@75c ₱ ½-bu box.

PEACHES—Medium Texas $1@1 25 and choice $1 75@2 ₱ ½ bu box.

CHERRIES—Choice sour $2@2 25 ₱ 6-gal.

PLUMS—Choice Chickasaws $2 ₱ ½-gal case; wild goose; $3 50@4 ₱ 6-gal case; $2 50@2 ₱ ½ bu.

WHORTLEBERRIES—$3 ₱ 6-gal case

BLACKBERRIES—Wild $2 50@3 50, cultivated $4.

RASPBERRIES—Choice red $5 50@6; soft do $5; choice black $3 50@4 ₱ 6-gal case.

STRAWBERRIES—Homegrown $2 25@3 50 ₱ 6-gal case; Sims 50 ₱ 2-gal stand.

GOOSEBERRIES—Homegrown $1 50@1 75 ₱ bu; shipments $1 25 ₱ 6-gal.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples—Dark 3@3¼, fair halves 3¼@3½; choice 3¼@3¾, evaporated 8; Peaches—mixed 5@5½, fair halves 5¾, choice halves 6½.

TROPICAL FRUIT — Oranges — Messina $5 50; Palermo $3 50@4 ₱ bx; Imperial $6 00 Lemons $3 50@3 75 for Messina, $3 25@3 50 for Palermo; cocoanuts $22@25 ₱ 1,000; Bananas on orders $2 50@3 50 ₱ bunch.

GRASS SEED—We quote clover $4 10@4 15; timothy at $1 70@1 80, German millet $2 35@2 50; common do $1 25@1 35; red top 45@50; Hungarian 70@80c.

HEMP SEED—Quotable at $1@1 10 for prime.

FLAXSEED—Nominal at $1 04 4hts and $1 05 east side, on basis of pure.

CASTOR BEANS—Salable at $1 40 for prime.

WHITE BEANS—Quotable: hand picked Eastern medium $2 40; screened do $2 25; hand picked navy $2 50—all from store. Western scarce and wanted at $1 75@2 2o.

MAPLE SUGAR—Selling at 9@13; Vermont 16@18c.

PECANS—Western 4½@5c; Texas 5½@7½.

PEANUTS—White 3@4; red 2@3.

HOPS—We quote New York, first quality, at 24@25. Seconds, do 19@2o.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ₱ 100 lbs: Wrought 90c@$1, heavy cast 75; stove 50@55c; plows 70; burnt 20. Brass—Heavy $14; light $8. Copper—Light $12@13; heavy $15. Bones—$15@16; dry buffalo $19.

RAGS—Country mixed $1 50@1 75.

BROOMCORN—Crooked 3@2½; fair straight 3½@4; prime to choice green 4½@5½.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 90; coal oil $1 15; whisky 90@95.

VEALS—Slow at 6½ ₱ lb for choice small; heretics 5.

LAMBS—$1 50@2 50 per head as in size.

COOPERAGE—Flour brls, city elm, 40@42; country 35; city oak 44; country do 36. Pork brls 90c@95 del; lard tierces $1 10@1 20 del, lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 70@1 75; half-casks 85@95; ham tierces, small, 60; large 70. Whisky brls, iron bound, 6 hoop, $1 40@1 60; 8 hoop $1 65@1 80; half brls $1 20.

COOPERSTUFF—Sawed hoops, country flour brl, $6 00@6 50; choice cooper shaved $7@7 50 pork brl $11@12; lard tierce do $12@14; casks $20@25; half cask $13@15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl, oak $8; elm $7 25. Heading (car lots East side), soft wood 5@5½; hard do 5½@6. Whisky brl (with heading) green $15; dry half $22; casks $10 50@12; nnd $24@28; dry half hnds $15@18; green tierce $14; dry $16; dry beer keg $24@28; green $18@2o.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote in job and order lots. Jute bagging at 10@10¼, according to weight; round lots 2 lb flax 9c, and mixed flax do 9¼; 1¾ lb 8¾c. Hemptwine 14½@15. Iron cotton ties at $1 50@1 75 ₱ bundle

HEMP—We quote common to good undressed hemp, $80@90; choice $95@100; dressed hemp, $145@155; shorts $115@125; hackled tow, $50@55 per ton.

RYE FLOUR—$5 75@6 25 del; in small lots on orders 25@30c higher.

CORNMEAL—City on orders at $2 90 del; small lots 5c higher.

TOBACCO—We quote: Old style—common dark factory lugs $3 25@3 50; fair to good, do $3 75@4; common to fair smoking lugs $4@5 00; inferior nondescript dark leaf $3 50@4; common dark leaf $4 25@4 75; medium do do $6@7; medium to good dark red leaf $6 50@7 50; good do $8@10. Burley—Common to fair, lugs at $4@4 50; good do $5 50@6 50; common leaf, $7@8; medium do $9@11; goodto fine do $12@16. Wrapping leaf—common half bright $10@12; medium do $15@18; medium bright $20@25; good bright $30@40; fine bright (nominally) $50@60. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds, sell at about 25@50c ₱ 100 lbs less.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal and one of the interest notes described in and secured by a deed of trust dated the 10th day of August, 1876, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 558, page 108, and executed by Francis M. Tufts, Martha J., his wife; George W. Belt and his wife, Fannie Belt, to Henry B. Belt, in trust for the purposes therein mentioned; and whereas the said Henry B. Belt has departed this life without having executed said trust, and the undersigned having been appointed by the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis to execute said trust in place of said Henry B. Belt, deceased, now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said unpaid notes, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, and the appointment by said Circuit Court, the undersigned will, on

TUESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JUNE, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, proceed to sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, for cash, the property in said deed of trust described as follows, to-wit: Real estate in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, being lots numbers sixteen (16), twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) in block number four (4), and lots numbers one (1), three (3), four (4), five (5), nine (9), ten (10), twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) in block number five (5), all of the subdivision of St. Louis Commons, block number seventy (70), by Theophile Papin, special Commissioner of William and Belt's estate, according to plat of said subdivision by said Commissioner, which said plat is recorded in the Recorder's office in said city of St. Louis, Missouri, in plat book No. 8, at page 9, to which reference is hereby made; said lots Nos. 16, 21 and 22 in said block No. 4 (now city block No. 1607) having an aggregate front of one hundred and fifty (150) feet on the west side of Jefferson avenue, by depths westward 'y of one hundred and sixty (160) feet to an alley 25 feet wide; said lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 21 and 22 in said block No. 5 (now city block No. 1610) fronting Jefferson avenue, by depths westward front feet by depths of one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to alleys 20 feet wide, all as shown by said recorded plat or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said deed of trust.

ADAM BOECK, Trustee.
207 North Eighth street.

St. Louis, May 27, 1881.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Martin J. Storll and wife, by their deed dated the 29th of December, 1879, and recorded on page 189 of book 625 of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned the following described property, together with all and singular the improvements thereon, lying and being situate in the City of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot No. 13 in block No. 2 of West Bremen Addition to said City of St. Louis (said block No. 2 being also city block No. 1243), said lot containing a front of 25 feet on the west line of Seventeenth street by a depth westwardly of even width of 128 feet, more or less, to the alley of said block; in trust to secure the payments of a certain note specified in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court House in said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

THURSDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881, for the purposes of said trust.

PETER OBERNIER, Trustee.

W. W. C. PERRY, Attorney.
St. Louis, May 23, 1881.

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Wm. P. Cowperthwait, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Wm. P. Cowperthwait,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 20th day of May 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 27th day of May, 1881.

HARRIET N. COWPERTHWAIT.
90Z Executrix.

ESTATE of Angelo Cafferata, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Angelo Cafferata,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 18th day of May, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

FRANK I. CAFFERATA,
Administrator of the estate of Angelo Cafferata, deceased.
Dated this 20th day of May, 1881. 90X

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Creditors and others interested in the estate of

Michael Joseph Breitenbach,

deceased, late of the City of St. Louis, are notified that letters of administration upon said estate, dated the 2d day of June, A. D. 1881, have been granted to the undersigned by the Clerk of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the time of this publication, they will be forever barred.

JOSEPH F. BREITENBACH,
Administrator of the estate of Michael Joseph Breitenbach.
St. Louis, Mo., June 2, 1881. 60A

J. P. COLEMAN VS. PETER FLAHERTY—In pursuance of an order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, made June 1, 1881, I will, on Tuesday, June 21, 1881, at the law office of Taylor & Pollard, room 22, Singer Building, corner of Fifth and Locust streets, in said city, hear all demands against the late firm of Coleman & Flaherty. All creditors of said firm are notified that unless they present their demands on said day at said place they will be debarred from receiving any portion of the assets of said firm in my hands

W. F. COZZENS,
Receiver of the partnership effects of Coleman & Flaherty.
St. Louis, June 1, 1881. 30A

Assignees' Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the People's Savings Institution that on Friday, the 22d day of July, 1881, or as soon thereafter as the matter can be heard, I shall apply to the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Room 2, for a discharge from the trust as Assignee of said People's Savings Institution.

JOHN H. FISSE,
Assignee.

IN MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF Broadway Savings Bank. Notice is hereby given that John F. Lionberger, assignee of Broadway Savings Bank, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the June term, 1881, of said Court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said Court in Room No. 3 on Monday, the 20th day of June, 1881, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHARLES F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, June 9, 1881. 22B

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Oliver Joyal, trustee of Maria Hermans, Maria Hermaus, Julius Hermans are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Washington street in city block 1530, 26 feet 4 inches in front or width, and 134 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being the east part of lot 10 in block 2, in Schneider's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 1, 1881. 17A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Albert Lindell, a minor, Wm. C. Jamison, curator of Albert Lindell, C. N. Crum, lessee, Richard N. Alexander, mortgagee, John R. Matthews, Mary L. Matthews, cestui que trust, and Joseph J. Holland, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot on Lindell avenue, being 27 feet 8 inches in front or width and 207 feet 6 inches in depth, and being known as part of lot 16 in Peter Lindell's second addition to said city, being bounded on the north by Gordon street, on the east by the real estate of one Patchin, on the south by Lindell avenue, and on the west by the real estate of one J. G. Lindell.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 1. 1881. 40A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Dickson, guardian of Josephine C. Mitchell, and Joseph L. Hill are defendants. I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1. A lot of ground on Buel street, in city block 847, 25 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, lot 23 in block 3 in Daggett's addition to said city.

Number 2. A lot of ground on Buel street, in city block 847, 25 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 24 in block 3 in Daggett's addition to said city.

Number 3. A lot of ground on Buel street, in city block 847, 25 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 25 in block 3 in Daggett's addition to said city.

Number 4. A lot of ground on Park avenue, in city block 465 west, 25 feet in front or width and 90 feet 11 inches in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 11 in Page's second addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., May 31, 1881. 35A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the June Term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Hampden Mepham, George E. Leighton and Henry W. Williams, trustee, are defendants. I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lots number 1 and 2 in block No. 2001 of said city, and in block No. 2 of Irwin Z. Smith's addition, each of said lots containing 25 feet front on Oregon avenue by a depth of 124 9-12 feet.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., May 31 1881. 14A

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Thomas Scott is defendant. I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Cass avenue, in city block 1887, being 25 feet in width or front 47 feet 5 inches in the one part and 36 feet 6 inches in the other part, and 122 feet 5 inches in length or depth, and being lot No. 7 in Hutchinson's Addition in said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., May 19, 1881. 22Z

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the June Term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mehlinda J. Howard John Howher husband, James F. How, trustee of Mehlinda J. How, and Joseph A. Berry are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lots number 21 and 42 in block No. 2001 of said city, and in block No. 2 of Irwin Z. Smith's addition, each of said lots containing 25 feet front on Oregon avenue by a depth of 124 9-12 feet.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., May 31 1881. 13B

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June Term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Hampden Mepham, George E. Leighton and Henry W. Williams, trustee, are defendants. I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1. Two lots of ground on Accomac street, in city block 1357, each 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, being lots 2 and 3 in block 25 in city commons.

Number 2. A lot of ground on Accomac street, in city block 1357, in front or width, 72 feet 6 inches in the one part and 21 feet 3 inches in the other part and in length or depth 125 feet in the one part and 135 feet 2 inches in the other part, being lot 4 in block 25 in city commons.

Number 3. A lot of ground on virginia street, in city block 1270, 4 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being in block 6 in Toney's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Virginia street, on the east by real estate of one Schroeder, on the south by an alley, on the west by real estate of said Mepham.

Number 4. A lot of ground on Julia street, in city block 1270, 75 feet in front or width and 76 feet in length or depth, being in block 6 in Toney's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by Virginia street, on the east by real estate of said Mepham, on the south by that of one Martin, on the west by Julia street.

Number 5. A lot of ground on Ohio avenue, in city block 2005, 7 feet 6 inches in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, being the south part of lot 36 in the addition to said city known as Bays subdivision.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 1, 1881. 39A

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Francis Garesche, Mary Eulalie Lane, Kitty M. Garesche, J. P. Garesche, Lilly J. Garesche, Virginia Garesche, A. J. P. Garesche and Charles W. Francis, executors of the estate of Cora Garesche, deceased, and Damas Lane are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Decatur street, in city block 868, in front or width 260 feet in the one part and 265 feet in the other part, and in length or depth 83 feet 8 inches in the one part and 81 feet 10 inches in the other part, and bounded on the north by Olive street, on the east by Decatur street, on the south by the estate of one Gawtry, on the west by an alley. And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff. City of St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., May 17, 1881. 1X

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry Berry, Mary Lyons, William B. Street, trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

First. A piece of land having thirty (30) feet front on west side of Eighth street by a depth with that width of about one hundred and twenty (120) feet to an alley seventeen (17) feet wide, lying south of a line beginning at a point in said line of Eighth street fifty (50) feet south of the south line of Rutger street and running thence westwardly to a point in the east line of said alley, thirty-seven (37) feet south of said line of Rutger street, being in city block 464 W.

Second. A piece of land lying in city block 464 E. having twelve (12) feet front on east side of Eighth street, by a depth eastwardly with that width of one hundred and twenty (120) feet to an alley, and lying south of a line beginning at a point in said line of Eighth street one hundred and eleven (111) feet seven (7) inches south of south line of Rutger street, and running thence eastwardly to a point in said alley one hundred and eight (108) feet two and one-half (2½) inches south of said line of Rutger street.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF J

WAGE WOES.

Second Annual Report of the Missouri Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Points to Ponder Over and Digest—Startling Facts and Figures Alleged by the Commissioner.

The second annual report of the Bureau of Labor Statistics of Missouri, for the year ending January 1, 1881, has just been issued. The volume contains 300 pages, and enters very completely into labor and labor organizations. The opening chapter, headed "Wages and Mode of Payment," is a statistical exhibit of the "truck" trade in this State and its evils.

Out of 577 reports made by employes from establishments of all kinds, 143 of these establishments were paying wages in scrip, checks, orders, etc. After a review of the futile legislation against this system in other States, the Labor Commissioner concludes the chapter by saying that notwithstanding the bill of rights provides that all persons have a right to the enjoyment of the gains of their own industry, "the only instance on record in the legislative history of Missouri to abolish the iniquitous 'truck system,' which has been shown to rob the laborer of the enjoyment of the gains of his own industry, was defeated in the Thirtieth General Assembly by the failure of the bill introduced by Hon. Henry Manistre," etc.

In the second chapter, entitled, "Earnings and Expenses," the Labor Commissioner attacks the statement that "the American laborer has little, if any just cause, for complaint on the ground of inadequate remuneration for labor."

In answer he says that 97 out of the 147 returns received from families declare that for the last five years earnings have not covered expenses, and that in reviewing this question a full statement is not always made. Secretary Evarts, in his report of labor in Europe for 1878, gave wages and price of living, but not the value of the product of labor. The capital employed in manufacturing in this State in 1878 was $100,000,000; the material used, $150,000,000; wages, $40,000,000; market value of the products over $250,000,000. In other words, the value of the products of labor was nearly seven times greater than the wages paid; that is, labor received less than seventeen per cent of its earnings. Or, to put it in another form, the value of the said material and wages combined was less by $70,000,000 than the market value of the products of labor. The following reports from 147 families are given in addition to these statements:

Total number of returns tabulated	147
Total number of persons in 147 families	694
Total earnings of 147 heads of families	$65,402 05
Total earnings of others in family	4,658 75
Total earnings of all	69,460 80
Total expenses of 147 families	68,992 30
Total earnings over expenses	468 50
Total earnings over expenses by 91 families	5,410 55
Total expenses over earnings by 75 families	4,942 15
Total number of families whose earnings covered expenses	13

The question of rent is discussed at full length. It is shown that out of 209 families, containing 694 persons, the total income per year was $100,116, the amount paid for rent $19,591. It is thus shown that nearly one-fifth of the income reported is taken for rent, and that after deducting the rent, the remainder will not give an average of 25 cents a day to for each member of the 209 families represented in the returns. The pecuniary condition of labor is shown to be very bad, but improving, and much stress is laid on the necessity of legislation in the matter. Mines and mining are discussed at full length and the grievances are dwelt upon at length. Child labor is adverted to as a curse that should be caused to cease, and the evils arising from what miners call "long pays" are pointed out. The "long pay system" is that by which a miner has to work one month and wait until the 20th of the next before he gets his wages. Mine ventilation is also discussed and a change demanded. The sanitary condition of workshops and factories and the diseases incident to out-door labor are made the subject of an interesting chapter. The shops are shown in most cases to be in a most unhealthy condition and better arrangements are asked for.

ATHLETIC TOURNAMENT.

Programme of the Exercises at the Grand Avenue Park.

The entries for the Athletic Tournament which is to take place at the Grand Avenue Park on Sunday afternoon will not close to-night as previously announced. Entries can be made up to Sunday afternoon, an hour before the time set for the first contest, on the Grand Avenue Park Before then entries can be made at J. W. Peckington's, Seventh and Pine streets; Andy Kirk's, Eighth and St. Charles, and at E. Cuthbert's, Grand Avenue Park. This is the programme:

1. 220 yards hurdle race; over 10 hurdles, 34 inches high, entrance 50c, open to all comers; first prize, gold medal; second, silver medal; third, cigar-holder.
2. Two-mile bicycle race, open to all, under the rules of the Bicycle Union, entrance free; first prize, gold center medal; second, silver medal.
3. Three legged race, open to all, 80 yards; first prize, $3; second prize, $1.
4. One mile race, open to all, entrance 50 cents. First prize, gold medal; second prize, silver-plated cup; third prize, silver medal.
5. Wheelbarrow race, open to all, entrance free. First prize, $3; second prize, $2; third prize, $1.
6. Throwing base ball, open to all, entrance free; two throws for each man. Prize, the ball.
7. One hundred and twenty yards flat race, from scratch, open to all; entrance $1. First prize, $10; second prize, $5; third prize, $1.
8. Throwing hammer, sixteen pounds, entrance free, open to all. Prize, the hammer.
9. Standing jump, open to all, entrance free, two jumps only allowed to each man. Prizes, $3 and $1.
10. Sack race, open to all, no entrance fee, 50 yards. Prizes, $3, $2 and $1.
11. Tug of war. The teams will be selected by two gentlemen; entrance free. Prize, a box of cigars.
12. Consolation scramble for those who were run and lost during the meeting. First prize, $3; second, $2; third, $1.

NOTES.

The Reds and the Browns play ball on Sunday next at the Reds' Park on Compton avenue.

An Injured Ear.

James H. Flynn, an employe at Reilly & Wolfort's sale stables, No. 1540 Broadway, had a fight with William McDermot yesterday afternoon at Main and Florida streets. Flynn issued from the combat with his left ear hanging in two pieces. Dr. Skwander dressed the acoustic appendage. Flynn refused to prosecute.

Victimizing Farmers.

[Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.]

SCHELL CITY, MO., June 9, 1881.—About a month ago a couple of sharp young men came to this county to interview the farmers in the interest of a small mill for grinding food for stock. They had so much confidence in their little mill and its ability to give entire satisfaction that they were perfectly willing and anxious to leave four of said mills with several of our best farmers each, three to be sold at a nominal price, the fourth to be retained by the farmer for his trouble; none to be paid for until sold. All that was required of the farmer was to sign a contract binding him to pay for these mills when sold, which was retained by the men. Thirty days having expired, notes are sent in for collection, with instructions to protest and threats to carry the case into the United States Courts at once if not paid. The contracts are so written that by dividing it in half one side becomes a plain note.

AMUSEMENTS.

COUP'S CIRCUS.

Enormous crowds continue to pour into the great exhibition at Coup's canvas town, Olive and Nineteenth streets. Notwithstanding the great pressure, however, the arrangements are such that every visitor finds a comfortable seat, and every opportunity to view the attractive features of the mammoth show is afforded at both afternoon and evening performances. Two days yet remain for visiting the circus, museum, menagerie and hippodrome. It is by all odds the grandest combined show ever presented to the St. Louis public. The artists contributing to the programme in the arena are the first in the profession, and everything introduced is novel and pleasing to a degree. Excellence is aimed at in every department, and Mr. Coup has admirably kept faith with his patrons. The arena and hippodrome features excel in magnificence and splendor anything of the kind on the road. The animals, especially the dogs, are all trained with wonderful skill, and they do some extraordinary things, bringing down thunders of well-merited applause from the vast audience. The chariot and Roman races are much appreciated. There are fifty French and English artists in this department, introducing many startling feats. The flying Lulu creates a great sensation, hurled through the air from a huge iron catapult. The race track, forty feet wide, is a special feature of attraction, and some exciting contests are provided. All the graceful equestrian exercises are received with rounds of applause. An excellent band discourses popular selections during the exercises in the arena. One ticket, fifty cents, admits to all, and those who desire to avoid the rush at the entrances can secure seats and tickets in advance at Balmer & Weber's. There are five thousand reserved chairs. The mammoth tent seats fourteen thousand with additional standing-room for two thousand.

UHRIG'S CAVE.

Miles' Juvenile Opera Company presented "The Chimes of Normandy" last evening at the cool, favorite and fashionable West End resort, Uhrig's Cave. It is scarcely necessary to say that the talented young people acquitted themselves with ease and grace, singing and acting well and giving a finished expression to all the gems of the bright little opera. Showers of well merited applause were freely bestowed throughout the performance, and the young artists sustaining the leading roles were especially complimented. The orchestral work was smooth and the performance was creditable in every respect. To-night and to-morrow night the Chimes will be heard at the Cave. On Sunday, the concluding performance of the Miles' Juvenile Opera Company season, a combined programme will be offered, introducing acts from each of the popular operas. Next week Ford's Opera Company will present "Olivette" at Uhrig's Cave.

THE OLYMPIC.

This popular house presents a handsome attraction next week. Daly's Broadway Theater Company will appear in "Cinderella at School," one of the brightest successes of the New York season. There will be two matinees during the engagement. The week following, Harrigan and Hart will occupy the Olympic boards.

BELLEVILLE THEATRICALS.

The City Park Theater, Belleville, will be opened next Sunday evening for a summer season. An excellent company will present the drama, "The Miner's Wife," followed by the farce, "A Bull in a Crockery Shop." The following ladies and gentlemen compose the troupe: Misses Edna Carey, Bessie Taylor and Madge Hughes; Messrs. Charles Krone, J. H. Shewell, R. B. Jones, Fred. Coleman, George B. Berrell, C. R. Thorpe and E. M. Stanton.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Tons of rich ore have been discovered in the Salmon River districts of Idaho.

The heavy rains at Pittsburg and Harrisburg since Sunday threaten floods and much damage to the surrounding crops.

A fishing party at Sodom, N. H., became intoxicated on Thursday, and in a quarrel L. Hardy was shot and killed by J. Robinson.

The League Base Ball scores on Thursday were: Worcester 7, Chicago 6; Providence 6, Cleveland 2; Detroit 1, Troy 0; Buffalo 1, Boston 0.

A. B. Fischer, a stranger with a handsome lady companion visiting Hartford, Conn., swindled the local banks with bogus drafts for $5,100.

George Moore, of Hannibal, has been arrested for seduction and breach of promise. The victim, Miss Flora Raonim, moves in good circles.

Commencements were held on Thursday at McKendree College, William Jewell College, Blackburn University and Paxton Normal Institute.

P. Gray and J. Russell, two youngsters at Arkadelphia, Ark., quarreled on Thursday about some trivial matter and Gray shot and killed Russell.

L. Rickey, an insurance agent of Montrose, Iowa, wandered on the C. B. and Q. track in his cups on Thursday and was cut to pieces by the night express.

Wm. Ryan, alias Hill, a member of the Jesse James gang, is held at Kansas City to answer the charge of robbing an express train a year since.

M. J. Waldron, Railway Mail Superintendent of the Southwestern district, stationed at Memphis, has been indicted in connection with the Star Route swindle.

The Rev. Father Hager and brother were smothered to death on Thursday at Anoka, Minn., by sleeping in a badly-ventilated room with a smoky lamp burning.

The explosion on the steamboat John Hannah, near New Orleans, was the result of a race with the St. John. Six deckhands have died, and one passenger was drowned.

The six-volume album to be presented by the ladies of Illinois to Mrs. Hayes has just been turned out of the bindery. It contains autographs of all the leading public men.

P. H. Wheeler, foreman of the Springfield Watch factory, who was arrested for an assault upon John Meisner, an employe, has fled the country, leaving his wife and family behind.

L. Paseton, a young farmer near St. Paul, Nebraska, was found dead in the plow field on Thursday with a bullet in his skull and a rope around his neck. The Indians had made off with the horses and wagon.

Two boys of the Christian Brothers' Catholic School, Hartford, Conn., have been arrested for removing stamps from beer kegs, collecting for teachers, who sent them to France for sale. Gigantic frauds in this way are developing.

A young bride from Owensboro, Ky., created a sensation at the St. Nicholas Hotel, Decatur, Ill., on Thursday night by jumping in her robe de nuit from the bed-room window to the balcony. She manifested an insane aversion to her husband.

Moerlein's
Celebrated Cincinnati
Lager Beer at
BESSEHL'S.

WAR IN ERIN.

Mr. M. M. O'Sullivan Thinks a Conflict Imminent Within the Year.

How Ireland is Being Driven Into a National Suicide.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning called upon Mr. M. M. O'Sullivan, the Secretary of the Irish Land League, now stopping at the Lindell Hotel and, after passing the usual complements wherewith conversation is generally ushered into being, the scribe began: "I wish you would, in the first place, tell me, Mr. O'Sullivan, just what percentage the average Irish rent is of the purchase value of the farm?"

"It is a hard matter to state that percentage definitely. The average through the country is about 20. Land which will sell for £10 rents for £2. As high as £7, £8 and £10 an acre is paid in some places."

"For farming land?"

"Yes."

"But is it possible to pay a rent of that amount and make any profit?"

"Certainly not; that is the key to the whole problem. When the people did pay these rents they starved and had to appeal to the whole world for food. Now that they have stopped paying these rents they will be able to pull through without posing before the whole world as beggars. Most of these high rents are paid by the graziers who had thousands of tenant farmers evicted from their small holdings. Now these graziers are appealing to the very people in America that they drove across the sea to assist them in receiving fixity of tenure. This is one of the singular features of the Land League agitation. Our work is for the small farmers, however; you know the watchwork of the Land League is "The Land for the People.'"

"How do you propose to recompense the landlords?"

"With land debentures for twenty years' rent, more than a fair purchase price. Our theory is, you know, that no man can have absolute ownership in the soil; that it belongs to the crown or the people. We believe that the Government should not permit any one to interpose between itself and the tiller of the soil."

"That I suppose they denounce as communism?"

"Yes, but it is sound political economy."

"Isn't it a fact that the war of revolution has already begun?"

"In some sense, yes—the people are being driven into it."

"Is Ireland ready for war?"

"Not yet. We have a population of 5,000,000 souls, of which at least 500,000 are able-bodied men, ready and willing to bear arms; but war is the last alternative. Passive resistance is what we wish to oppose to British aggression. Still, in the event of war Ireland will profit by the bitter lessons of the past. She will not look beyond her own borders for aid. She cannot hope to cope with the British forces in the open field. It will be a guerilla war, which the physical geography of the country will make a terrible one. The people are driven to a state of desperation, and they may pass at any time from passive to active resistance. The only way to hold the island down will be to convert it into an immense camp, and garrison it from the Giant's Causeway to McGillicuddy's Peaks."

"Are the people armed?"

Mr. O'Sullivan put the question by only saying, significantly:

"Do you imagine that, placed as we are right upon the theater of events, we do not appreciate the gravity of the situation or its possible consequences?"

"The peasants are thoroughly in earnest."

"They are. The advice of the Land League to them has been to keep their grip on their homesteads at all costs, and they will do it. If the land bill does not pass I fear that the people will be forced into war this coming fall or winter, for they will not give up their harvests, let the cost be what it may. And that land bill itself is very unsatisfactory."

"Farming is the only industry in the country?"

"Yes. England will not permit us to manufacture. Her legislation has always impoverished the country, even at its kindest. Because we have no home production £20,000,000 goes out of the country into England for goods, £6,000,000 more for absentee rent each year. This drain of £26,000,000 has come out of the Irish soil for eighty years, an annual total of $130,000,000 which we pay for the blessings of British domination."

"What do you think of the attitude of the Catholic Church?"

"Well, Dr. Croke said that the tenants should have their rights, bayonets or no bayonets. This would seem to indicate that the Church was with us at all costs. Dr. Nulty of Meath has made similar statements."

"How soon do you return to Ireland?"

"I sail on the 7th of July."

"Do you expect to be arrested?"

"Who can say? Under the coercion act no man is safe. Even if a simple policeman chooses to think a man is "dangerous" he has authority at once to arrest him, and the victim will then be in jail for a year and a half without trial or possibility of intervention by the writ of habeas corpus. The state of Ireland is desperate; there in America you cannot realize it. We are passing through the upper and nether millstones. The condition of the country is much like that of France before the Revolution, and the people in their desperation may write just such a bloody page of history as the people wrote then. They say we will fail, but nations before now have committed suicide."

A Pythian Lecture.

The Y. M. C. A. Hall was filled with a large and highly cultured audience last evening, the occasion being the second appearance in St. Louis of Hon. Justus H. Rathbone, of Washington, D. C., the originator and founder of the order of Knights of Pythias. The lecture was replete with historical and statistical items of interest, not only to the order, but to the outside world. His caution to the ladies was received with great applause. The lecturer dwelt at some length upon friendship, his ideas being fresh, novel and entirely out of the time-worn rut usually pursued by platform speakers. Mr. Rathbone is a fine orator. His style and method of delivery render him a pleasant speaker to listen to, and the order is to be congratulated upon possessing a representative man like him to portray the beauties and benefits of this wide-spread and popular institution.

235 Residence Lots at Public Auction.

The big real estate sale of the season, conducted by Green & La Motte, will take place on the premises on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 14th and 15th inst., commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. each day. This property is known as the St. Louis University Tract. It lies beautifully, it is high and dry, convenient to schools and churches, approached by three different lines of horse cars, directly opposite the O'Fallon Park and a few minutes' walk to the Fair Grounds and Zoological Garden. The streets are all sixty feet wide and the alleys fifteen and twenty. There is a large German Church, with school attached, right on the premises.

Tricks Turned.

Howard Mariner, of Gage, Yates county, New York, was robbed about 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon on the Wabash train at the Union Depot of a pocket-book containing $15 in money and some private papers. He could give no description of the man who took his money.

Mrs. Mary Ryan, who lives at 2824 Walnut street, was standing at the corner of Fourth and St. Charles streets yesterday afternoon, when some sneak secured her pocket-book which contained $7 in money and some trinkets. Mrs. Ryan discovered her loss too late, for the thief made off as soon as he secured the pocket-book.

Auction Sale of Real Estate.

On the premises Tuesday and Wednesday, the 14th and 15th inst., commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., 235 lots of the St. Louis University Tract will be offered at public vendue. The Union Street Car Line, the Bellefontaine and the Fifth Street Line will take purchasers direct to the grounds. Each lot will be flagged so that purchasers can take a plat along and select the lot they desire to purchase. The terms are liberal, the property is first-class for residence purposes and the title perfect. Warrantee deeds will be given.

The Students' Work.

The exhibition of the work of the students of the School of Fine Arts commences to-day at the Museum on Lucas Place. It will be open free for one week and the entrance to this department will be on Nineteenth street. The collection of paintings and statuary is exhibited daily, except Sunday, from 9:30 a. m. to 6 p. m. Admission 25 cents.

Don't Be Led

To believe that because we are the largest house in our line that our prices for furniture are higher than smaller houses; but remember that large sales enable us to make large purchases, and large purchases secure low prices, and our patrons get the benefit. Examine and compare before purchasing.

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

There are about 100 cases on the docket of the Criminal Court.

The arches erected for the Turners' parade are being removed to-day.

The Grand Jury has adjourned until Monday. They are well into their docket and daily examine 25 to 50 witnesses.

About 1,000 persons went on the Second Baptist Church Sunday School excursion yesterday. They returned at 9 o'clock last night. All were well pleased with the trip.

At the meeting of the Board of Public Improvements yesterday it was decided that the wooden posts and cross-beams of the Twelfth street bridge be replaced with iron.

About 2 p. m. yesterday James Flynn and Wm. McDermott engaged in an altercation at Main and Florida streets, when McDermott drew a knife and split Flynn's left ear.

The officers' car of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad passed through the Union Depot to-day, taking a family party to Denver. The car went out attached to the Wabash train.

The Work House has during the months of April and May furnished $1,289 worth of dike rock, which has been divided between the St. Louis Water Works and the Barton street dump.

Rev. Dr. Goodell united Mr. W. T. Gould and Miss Katie L. Weyl in holy bonds at the residence of the bride's father, Augustus Weyl, Esq., No. 3050 Thomas street, last evening.

Lynch & Co. have secured a contract to furnish six gallons of whisky and four gallons of wine for the Female Hospital, but at what terms the Commissioner of Supplies has not divulged.

Mr. T. H. McKelvey, of Monmouth College, Ill., and Miss Mamie C. Lynn, of this city, were married at the United Presbyterian Church last evening, Rev. John A. Wilson performing the ceremony.

The badges of the Humane Society consist of a star within a circle inscribed "Humane Society, St. Louis." The badges are made of nickel, and in the center of the star is a horse's head.

A proposition has been made to hold a regatta shortly at Creve Coeur Lake, but matters will scarcely allow of this for some time to come, as the lake requires a great deal of dredging to permit shell racing.

Upon the recommendation of the Street Commissioner an ordinance was ordered for a sewer between Biddle, Division, Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets by the Board of Public Improvements yesterday.

The Macedonian, Babylonian, Persian and Roman Societies yesterday united in giving a grand banquet for colored Sabbath School children at Stolle's Hall. Prof. Butler's Brass Band furnished music for the occasion.

Rev. Dr. Niccolls has just returned from Lawrence, Kansas, where he delivered an address before the literary societies of in the State University Hall. The Lawrence papers compliment Dr. Niccolls very highly on his address.

Work has been delayed somewhat on the Creve Coeur Lake Railroad owing to scarcity of ties and rails. The road is being pushed rapidly and will be in shape for the big picnics which will inaugurate the new pleasure grounds.

A proposition to remove the slops from the Insane Asylum and Poor House for $25 per annum was accepted at the Board of Health meeting last evening. The remainder of the session was spent in disposing of unimportant nuisance cases.

John Jackson, a colored man, attacked Jas. Cunningham, mate of the Bald Eagle, yesterday with an oak stave. Cunningham drew his revolver and fired at his assailant, but without effect. Jackson was taken to the Chestnut Street Station and locked up.

Mrs. John R. O'Neill, from Terre Haute, arrived in the city last night and went to the Four Courts to learn, if possible, the whereabouts of her husband. He left his home at Terre Haute about the first of April, since which time she has not heard from him.

Officer James Grady arrested Charles Foster yesterday afternoon on the charge of having assaulted Cornelius Lynch at Ninth and Franklin avenue with a brick bat, seriously wounding him over the right temple. Foster is a hack driver in the employ of J. B. Shevlin.

On Monday evening the Executive Committee of the Local Turner Bund will meet to clear up matters. In case there is a surplus in the treasury it will be divided amongst the societies. Quite a number, however, are in favor of turning the amount over to the Hecker monument fund.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis E. Kline, who are spending the summer at Kirkwood Hotel, narrowly escaped severe injuries while out riding last Wednesday evening. Their horse became frightened and threw them both from the buggy, but fortunately they escaped with only a few slight bruises.

To-morrow, Saturday, June 11, occurs the moonlight excursion given by the ladies of St. Peter's Church. At 4 p. m. the beautiful and commodious steamer Chas. P. Chouteau will leave the foot of Chestnut street, and no pleasure-seeker can secure more enjoyment for one dollar—the price of a ticket for the trip—than will be afforded on this excursion. Tickets may be secured at Hildreth's, No. 407 North Fourth street.

The Turners had a great deal of sport during their session with a stuffed "dummy," which was made up in the similitude of an old-time Turner, with short linen coat, linen pants and a black hat. The figure was placed at several of the corners and a number of ludicrous incidents and mishaps occurred in consequence. Last night they held a wake over the figure, put it in a coffin and indulged in the usual accompaniment of "pipes, tobacco and whisky punch"—or beer. Word was sent to the Coroner's office that a body was to be found at Turners' Hall, and in a few moments Deputy Praedicow arrived in a lively state of excitement. He kept up the hoax by sending down Coroner Frank, and then in turn Dr. Tom Robinson and Andy Brown arrived in post haste. The dummy has been buried for good now and will undoubtedly rest in peace.

CALL and see Van Blarcom's thirty-five dollar road and business harness. 613 North Seventh street.

AN INNOCENT MAN.

William L. Hull Exonerated From Any Complicity in the Elevator Frauds.

Officer John Holmes of Central District, who accompanied William L. Hull to Keokuk, Ia., to await an examination on a charge of grand larceny, returned this morning. Mr. Hull was arrested in this city at the telegraphed request of Francis J. Kennett & Co., of Chicago, who had lost nearly $50,000 in grain which had been removed from the Keokuk elevator without their knowledge. When Holmes and the prisoner arrived at Keokuk yesterday Mr. Hull was exculpated from any complicity or knowledge of the transaction. He was released from custody a few hours after his arrival. Messrs. Kennett & Co., the losers, secured the elevator, which will greatly lessen their losses. Two parties arrested in Chicago will be brought to Keoukuk. Mr. Hull is well known in St. Louis, where he has a large business and social acquaintance, and is extensively known on 'Change and in West End social circles.

Second District Police Court.

"William Huggins," called the bailiff at the Second District Police Court this morning, and out came a shoeless, hatless, coatless lad of perhaps twelve years. "Where do you live?" asked the City Attorney. "Nowhere." "Have you a father?" "No." "Mother?" "No." "Where do you stay, then?" "Anywhere." "Were you drunk on the street?" "Yes," Then the Judge called the boy up to him, talked with him for a few moments and leaning over the desk, said: "Mr. Clerk, make out a commitment and send this boy to the House of Refuge." A quartette, consisting of Hattie Kelly, Lizzie Roberts, Mary Norris and Michael Lawler paid for their practice—Mary $5, the rest $10. Five women plead guilty to plain drunk and were fined $3. Timothy McNamara got drunk yesterday and was assessed $5. Charles Foster insisted that he just touched Mr. Lynch with a horsewhip at Eighth and Franklin avenue, in order to wake him up, but inasmuch as Mr. L's hat was cut open by the blow and his face scarred, Foster was fined $15. Wm. Brown was fined $15 for begging, and Peter Flora $5 for keeping a vicious dog.

New Buildings.

A dwelling house costing $5,000 will soon be built at Sixteenth and Morgan streets by the German Evangelical Lutheran congregation.

Mrs. S. W. Scott is going to erect a two story ten room dwelling on Delmar street, between Division Place and Vandeventer avenue, at a cost of $6,000.

A fine large dwelling will soon be erected at the corner of Ewing and Franklin avenues by Mr. F. Rascke. The building will be three stories, contain twenty-nine rooms and cost $10,000.

Mr. C. Meyers will at once begin the construction of three brick buildings at the corner of Chouteau and Jefferson avenues, to be used as stores and dwellings. The aggregate cost is to be $5,500.

MCELRATH'S custom shirts made to measure at $9 for six. Excels all others for quality and perfection of fit.

Coming Back to St. Louis.

Yesterday morning Jas. A. Smith, the ice man on Seventh near Morgan streets, received a telegram from Chief of Police Spears of Kansas City stating that a man in custody at that point giving his name as B. F. Lankin, had admitted taking $200 from Smith & Co. Mr. Smith brought the telegram to Four Courts and informed Chief of Detectives Chapman that a collector had absconded with $200 in money belonging to the firm. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes issued a warrant which was placed in the hands of Officer Christ Palmer of Central District, who left last night for Kansas City.

ZOLA AT HOME.

What the Popular French Novelist Thinks of English Literateurs.

From the St. James Gazette.

From the extremely modern character of M. Zola's novels it is natural to expect to find him living in a house furnished after the latest Parisian fashion, and its walls hung with pictures by the most resolute "impressionist" painters. But no supposition could be more erroneous. Japan and the Middle Ages have had far more to do with furnishing M. Zola's fine country house at Medan than the boulevard upholsterers. The house is of red brick, with towers, and from a steep hillside looks down upon low-lying meadows through which the Seine wanders, shaded by long lines of gray poplars and alders. After going up and down, to right and left at least half a dozen little staircases lined with Japanese ornaments and draperies, you are shown into a room which, from its immense size and enormous window, looks like a painter's studio. The first things that catch the eye are the large "mediæval" tables and bookstands; then the Turkish and Japanese lamps outside contrasting strangely with the green French landscape.

At first you do not see the distinguished occupant of the room, but now he rises from a huge sofa placed next to the open window and advances to meet you. M. Zola is of medium height and rather stout; the square shoulders and thick neck indicate the determination of the man; the face would be ordinary enough were it not for a most brilliant pair of black eyes. The first impression is that of a cold and distant man, but that soon wears off. When the first words of explanation were over M. Zola took up a book from the table beside him and showing me the title said, "You see what I am reading" It was "Adam Bede." I had not to ask his opinion for he went on at once:

"You know I care little for the modern English novel: it seems to me to have transformed itself from the hard, analytical study of men and their passions into the sentimental tract. But here," he said, tapping the book with a Japanese dagger which served as a paper-knife, "all is different; how clear the reasoning from cause to effect—how superior to the amorous story-telling of George Sand! I wish you had come to see me to-morrow or the day after, for I have not yet finished the first volume. With what I have read I am enchanted. Eliot is the English Flaubert, and greater praise than that is not in my power to give. I compare her to Flaubert, because of the wonderful perfection of phrase and the exquisite sense of reality. In her descriptions, be it landscape or interior, she at once seizes the principal line, avoiding cataloguing and enumerating. The descriptions in her work are only used to present the personage more vividly to the reader, not to display rhetorical skill. From what I have read I like her better than Dickens. You English have an unbounded admiration for your magical story teller; he is that certainly, but nothing more. He never quits hold of you; if he did, for a moment only, everything would crumble into dust, for it is only the intensity of his emotion that keeps alive the airy creatures of his fancy. There are no large and broad developments of character like those in Balzac; his vagabonds are those of Dennery—the sentimental puppets we see in all the boulevard dramas."

"And Thackeray?" I asked.

"Ah! Thackeray I like better, and I suppose all of you in England, outside the ordinary public, like him better. But I find him more difficult to understand than any of the others; he is so entirely English that sometimes I find it hard to follow him. But he appears to me to be more of a satirist than a novelist; and I cannot help thinking of Swift when I read him."

You must hear M. Zola talk to appreciate the interest he takes not only in French but in all literature. He tells you what the Russians, Italians, English and German novelists are doing, and where they succeed and fail, with a wonderful critical insight. In all that regards the publication of books he is curiously inquisitive; and he greatly deprecates our circulating library system. The English novel, he says, is dying under the yoke. It forbids the complete and exact analysis of man, and confines the novelist to telling stories fit for family reading.

Of course I was very anxious to hear something of M. Zola's new novel. It is a study of the bourgeoisie, and will reveal their narrowness of mind and their own peculiar, miserable vices, as "L'Assommoir" showed the brutality of the people. In fact, to ally it to "L'Assommoir," M. Zola is thinking of calling it "La Pot Bouille" (slang for pot-au-feu); "Le Foyer" would mean nothing, and "Nos Bourgeois" is too much like Sardou. M. Zola has also written a dramatic version of the "Curee," in which Sarah Bernhardt will appear this winter if she goes back to the Francais. It has been so much altered that it is more an original play than a dramatic version of the novel; it will be called "Renee." M. Zola did me the honor to read me large portions of this play, and my belief is that it will prove one of the greatest literary triumphs of modern days.

Cooking by Steam.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

Yesterday at 1 o'clock Messrs. Caldwell and Boyce, of the Board of Public Works, together with a number of business men and members of the press, assembled at the establishment of Messrs. Wm. Kirkup & Sons, corner of Pearl and Ludlow, to witness test experiments made with his steam cooking apparatus by Dr. Silsbee, which is designed to be used in connection with the Holly steam heating system. It is safe to say that there were none present, even those who had been, as their gray hairs testified, longest under the regime of madame, the domestic economist, who were not astonished by the results. By means of superheated steam, a twelve-pound roast was thoroughly cooked in two hours and ten minutes, beef-steak was cooked in five minutes, biscuit were baked in twenty minutes, and potatoes in twenty-eight, and onions were boiled in their own juices in an incredibly short time. The steam for this purpose was raised to 420 degrees, which has been found upon experiment to be the best. One of the finest features of this apparatus consists in the utter inability of the most bungling cook to burn things. A heat regulator is attached, which being set for a certain degree, the cook has no control of the matter. Moreover, superheated steam is so thoroughly diffused that there can no such thing result as biscuit or pie burned on top and raw in under. They are bound to be uniformly browned all over, while there is no smoke or burning of fingers, no boiling over of fat into the fire, no fuel, no flame, facts from which it is to be inferred that it will prove a powerful conservator of sweet temper among women, and by removing the chief source of domestic unhappiness, convert houses into paradises, or at least introduce the millennium.

No danger is to be apprehended from the superheating of steam for cooking purposes, as was evinced by the thermometer at 420 degrees of heat the index showed only five pounds of pressure to the square inch. Ranges, which in the near future are to bring about these desirable results, large enough to do the cooking for forty persons, can be manufactured and sold for $75. Another simple contrivance, by which a small chamber is filled with steam, heats instantly, by its passage through it, water directly from the main, and gives, if needs be, a continuous stream, heated to any temperature desired, up to the boiling point. The company sat down to a finely and expeditiously cooked dinner, and unanimously voting it a success on both moral and economic grounds, expressed their anxiety for the speedy introduction of the Holly system.

The Local Coloring of Modern Rome.

Correspondence N. Y. Times.

Rome has undoubtedly lost color and picturesqueness by becoming the capital of the Italy and ceasing to be the capital of the States of the Church. Yet there is enough left to delight the eye at every turn. Churchmen of every color, from black to scarlet, wander singly or in groups about the streets or sit under the trees of the Villa Borghese. Sardinian sailors in short, black kilts, white baggy trowsers and cape, whose ends fall gracefully on their shoulders, linger on the bridge of St. Angelo. The peasant women still wear the costume with which the sketch-books of a thousand artists have made every one familiar. The models wear the same dress only a trifle more elaborate. You will see a score of them in a walk of a few hundred yards up the Via Sistina. Even the city women of the poorer classes have partly modified the costume, and carry their bright shawls as if they were drapery. Then there are the jaunty Italian officers and the riflemen with their marvelous hats, bearing cock's feathers on the crown. Now and then there comes a Capuchin in brown, with sandaled feet, or a policeman with a cocked hat and red feather worthy of one of Napoleon's Marshals. The Roman streets do not seem to be given over to foreigners like those of Florence. Everywhere there are the native Romans, with their bright, healthy complexions, giving the lie to tales of the unhealthfulness of Rome. In few cities do the inhabitants have so fine a color. The women are handsome, but show a tendency to grow stout as they grow older. Rome is one of the few Italian cities where water is good to drink. He who has tasted that of the fountain of Trevi before he departs will, it is said, come back to Rome. This is perhaps only another way of saying that whoever has once reached the heart of the Imperial city will always dream of returning.

An Eye-Stone's Wanderings.

Middletown (N. Y.) Press.

The following remarkable incident has just come to our knowledge. It would seem almost incredible, were it not for the absolute veracity of the gentleman making the statement. Mr. Rufus Miller is a well known farmer of this town, living at Mechanicstown. Some fine or six years ago, just before retiring, Mr. Miller placed in his eye what is known as an eye-stone, for the purpose of removing a mote, as he had frequently done before. For the benefit of those of our readers who may not know what an eye-stone is, we will explain. It is a small, white, round shell, about three-sixteenths of an inch in diameter, concave on one side, convex on the other, and quite thin. It is taken from the head of a crab, one being found under each eye of that crustacean. In the morning, when Mr. Miller awoke, he could not find the stone. He made a careful and thorough search, but all in vain, and he made up his mind that it was gone for good. A few weeks ago he felt a hard growth on the end of the little finger of the right hand. He showed it to some friends, who concluded it was a wart, and advised him to let it alone. He did so until about a week since, when it began to be sore, and he commenced picking at it. He soon found out that some hard substance was under the skin, and, digging away, he finally took out his long-lost eye-stone. He examined it so carefully that there can be no mistake. He now recollects that at one time he experienced a considerable soreness in his wrist, and supposes at that period the stone was pressing in that direction. How this little bit of carbonate of lime ever made that long journey without being lost or absorbed is a mystery. That it did so there can be no doubt.

A Rich Man's Son.

From the New York Tribune.

Word was sent yesterday to the Police Station in Nineteenth street that Patrick Kelly, a vagrant, was lying sick with pneumonia in an alley at 230 West Forty-fourth street. A policeman who was sent to take him to the station decided that he was drunk and endeavored to make him walk, but failed. The man fell down from exhaustion, and was finally carried to the police station, where he soon afterward died. It was learned that the vagrant was the son of a wealthy farmer who lives in New Park avenue, Parksville, Hartford, Conn. Andrew Kelly is his name. Of his five sons two ran away. Patrick was only twenty-five years old. Repeated efforts had been made by the father to reclaim him, but without avail, and he was at last disowned. He became a tramp in this city and led a life of intemperance and vice that ended in his death in the gutter. The relatives of the family who live in New York refused to remove his body from the police station, and word of his death was sent to the father.

HEADQUARTERS
FOR FINE
Boots and Shoes,
JOEL SWOPE & BRO.,
311 North Fourth Street.

We have all our goods made to our own order and can fit almost any foot.

Buy your Hats at Steinberg's
303 North 4½ St.

MILFORD'S RESTAURANT,
114 North Fifth Street,
DINNER DAILY from 11:30 a. m. to 3 p. m.
All kinds of Fish and Meats cooked to order.
FRUITS, ICE CREAM, ETC.

LOCAL NEWS.

...th a delicate complexion ...zzoni's Com-
NEXT to beautiful ... is the great female attraction. ... plexion Powder gives it.

BOSTON ART FURNITURE
In St. Louis at Boston Prices NO Charge for Freight.
Bedroom, dining room, parlor and ... kinds of fancy furniture in ebony, ... ass, maple, walnut, mahogany and cogn... y wood.
GUER... SEY, JONES & CO.,
500 ... North Fourth street.

PRIVATE matters ... skillfully treated and medicine sent to ... y address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 North Seventh street.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

Police Points.

In police circles at the Four Courts the situation is still strained; the new Chief has fallen easily and naturally into his position, but the subordinates by no means feel that the upheaval has subsided. The declaration is made on every side that the Board and the Chief mean to have harmony in the force if they have to reduce every officer to the ranks, and consequently an era of brotherly love and affection has set in the like of which will not be witnessed again this side of the millennium. Old sores are healed over with a rapidity which would do infinite credit to St. Jacobs Oil, and the antiquarian who, centuries hence, delves into the foundations of the Four Courts, will find it absolutely honey-combed with buried tomahawks. Old jealousies and old feuds are being patched up and forgotten, and the right hand of fellowship has been shaken until it aches. This reconciliation all along the line comes too late, however, to save some of the heads that will, ere another week, be rolling upon the sawdust. Chapman has laid out the old Chief, but it was something on the principle of the swan singing sweetly just before he dies; like Samson he has pulled down the temple of the Philistines only to perish himself amid the ruins. Next Tuesday's meeting of the Board will be an important one and many anxious eyes are directed towards it.

THE assortment of men's jewelry at McElrath's 509 N. Sixth street, surpasses all others in the city.

Y. M. C. A.

The exposition of the International Sunday School Lesson for next Sunday will be given by Rev. W. H. Black, pastor of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church on Lucas avenue, at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow at noon. The subject of the lesson is: "The Walk to Emmans." Luke xxiv: 13, 32.

The first annual basket picnic of the Y. M. C. A. at St. Paul to-morrow promises to be a very enjoyable affair, and all who go will be well cared for. The company leaves the Union Depot at 9 a. m. via Missouri Pacific special train of five coaches.

MR. REUBEN TURNER, No. 1230 Carleton street, Philadelphia, Pa., writes that his wife had been a terrible sufferer with inflammatory rheumatism. A physician whose skill stands unquestioned by any one had been attending her, but only did her little good. She began to use St. Jacobs Oil, and experienced relief at the first application, and before she had used half a bottle she was able to come down stairs. Mrs. Turner attributes her remarkable recovery entirely to St. Jacobs Oil.

Ticknor & Co.,
Merchant Tailors, Sixth and Chestnut streets, solicit your business. Superior stock of goods now in store, suited to the season.

'TWILL pay those purchasing summer underwear, hosiery, or men's furnishing goods of any description to examine McElrath's stock at 509 North Sixth street.

No Changes.

The only subject agitating the minds of the patrolmen now is whether any changes will be made among the ranks. To a reporter Chief Kennett to-day said: "No changes will be made at present, though many will be found necessary in time, and will accordingly be made. For the present no officers will be transferred. The force is like a corn crop, only needing careful attention to bring it up to all that can be desired."

MILLS & AVERILL,
S. W. Corner Fourth and Olive Streets.
Genuine East India seersucker made to order for $20 per suit. Leave your measures before the hot weather comes.

Hotel Personals.

A. S. Philbob, A. A. Knowles and W. Ashworth, England, are at the Southern.

A. H. Shy and son, Centerville, Hudson, Ferguson, and Henry L. ... istered at Barnum's.

A. B. Rosenthal, Dallas ... ker, Detroit, Mich., ... York, are at Barnu... ...o.; H. ... J. H. Bradb... ...arture reg... family, New ... are sto...

P... ... Texas; W. A. Par... ...d J. T. Moore, New ... s.

... ...org, Conn.; W. V. Arms and ... ...port, Ark., and E. Beach, Chicago, ...ing at Barnum's.

... ...il. Levy, St. Joseph; W. C. Hanna, Bloomington; J. C. Given, Austin, and S. J. Capen, Boston, are at the Southern.

Elijah Gates, Jefferson City; John O'Day, Springfield; J. A. Woolf, New York, and W. E. Sherwood, St. Joseph, are at the Laclede.

H. F. McDonield, Fayetteville, Ark.; G. E. Atwood, Cincinnati; J. E. Cressans, London, England; W. M. Ayres, Philadelphia and Chas. N. Brady, Wellsville, West Virginia, are at the Lindell.

J. F. Williams, Jr., Macon, Mo.; W. A. Regan, Meridan, Miss.; Martin H. Miller, Des Moines, Ia.; T. A. Waller and Chas. T. Waller, Tyler, Tex.; W. S. Davis, Little Rock, Ark., and John C. Needham and Thos. Windsor, ... at the Planter's.

THE BAR'S BEREAVEMENT.

Sorrow and Regard for the Late Ed. P. McCarty Expressed.

A meeting of the St. Louis Bar took place this morning in Circuit Court No. 4, pursuant to a call of Col. Broadhead, for the purpose of taking action with reference to the death of Ed. P. McCarty. It was one of the largest memorial gatherings ever recorded at this bar, a fitting testimonial of the regard and esteem in which Ed. McCarty was held among his professional associates. The attendance was so large that to mention the names of those present would be to publish the complete roll of 700 members. It included all the distinguished members of the ... such likewise, past and present, and a peculiar ... solemnity attached to the proceedings.

The meeting was called to order by Albert Todd, who moved that James O. Broadhead be called to the chair. The motion was carried unanimously and Col. Broadhead, taking ...dley's seat, alluded with emotion to ... as one of peculiar sadness. Men ...ccustomed to see colaborers taken ... from the busy scenes of life, but nevertheless ... sad shock occasioned by the death of Ed. P. McCarty. He, the chairman, had been thrown in the most intimate business relation with ...c. McCarty. After serving as ...preme Court he entered the law office of Sharp & Broadhead, having already been admitted to practice. He was subsequently appointed City Counselor under the Brown administration, to the astonishment of a great many on account of his youth, but he proved to be a most efficient public officer, bringing to his work a wonderful knowledge of human nature, a brilliant intellect, indomitable energy and a strong legal mind. Among the members of the bar of his age he had no superior. His acute mind, strong and masterly, grasped intuitively all the points of a case. He possessed a fine address, and although not of commanding eloquence his argument was concise and logical. Ed. McCarty was beloved by all who knew him. It was fitting to pay a tribute of respect to his memory, for assuredly no man deserved a higher tribute.

Mr. William Patrick was called upon to act as Secretary, and upon motion of M. D. H. MacAdam a committee of five was appointed to draft suitable resolutions of respect and regard, composed as follows: D. H. MacAdam, John W. Noble, Albert Todd, D. B. ... and T. C. Reynolds.

During the ... Duncan ... gentleman ... of the committee the follies of heart ... and mind possessed by the lamented dec... ... bore testimony to the qualities ... Patrick ... ased: John R. Shepley, William ... friend, a former room-mate and a warm ..., who watched at his bedside; Truman ... Post, Judge Breckenridge and W. C. Hobbs.

The resolutions presented by the committee were as follows:

ST. LOUIS, June 10, 1881.

The St. Louis Bar, convened for the purpose of formal and united action in connection with the death of Edward P. McCarty, do order and adopt the following memorial:

That the death of Edward P. McCarty in the prime of life inflicts upon the profession the loss of a most gifted and promising member, and a sharp and distressing bereavement upon a wide circle of friends.

That during ten years or more of active practice at this bar he has developed remarkable ability and leaves behind him an honorable name, linked with the fact that in the profession he selected he acquired the respect of his associates and of the public.

That notwithstanding his comparatively early death he accomplished the lasting and honorable success of endearing himself to many hearts and of enhancing the reputation of a thoroughly competent lawyer. He approached the practice of the law with a wise and just estimate of its difficulties and rewards. He devoted years to conscientious preparation, and when he entered upon the practice it was with a comprehensive knowledge of the principles of law that rendered his progress rapid and enabled him to at once command respect and influence. That the industry he displayed in acquiring a knowledge of his profession and in the development and enrichment of his great natural genius by reading and self-culture points out and illustrates the only true pathway to intellectual success.

But on this occasion we are assembled not only as lawyers but in a spirit of affection and friendship. Behind the professional career of our deceased brother there lies his personal character and conduct as a gentleman. It is enough to say that no young lawyer could die more lamented. A magnetic charm drew around him many friends whom his conversational brilliancy instructed and delighted. In admiration of his original and shapely intellect, in affectionate remembrance of his noble and loving nature and in deep sorrow for his premature demise, we adopt this memorial so that it may be spread upon the records of the courts where his voice will be heard no more forever.

That a copy of the proceedings and action of this meeting be transmitted by the secretary thereof to the family of the deceased, with whom in their great affliction we most sincerely condole.

That the president of this meeting be and is hereby authorized to designate members of the Bar to present the testimonial here adopted to the respective courts for engrossment on the records thereof and for such other duties as may be found necessary.

D. H. MACADAM.
JOHN W. NOBLE.
ALBERT TODD.
D. D. DUNCAN.
THOS. C. REYNOLDS.

The resolutions were adopted unanimously. Some further expressions in eloquent sadness was offered with much emotion by John W. Noble, T. C. Reynolds, A. J. P. Garesche, Judge Wickham, Jeff Chandler and W. H. H. Russell.

The resolutions will be spread on record in the various courts throughout the city and the Supreme Court. The bar will attend the funeral in a body this afternoon.

The following gentlemen have been selected to present the McCarty memorial resolutions to the Courts: Supreme Court, John R. Shepley; Court of Appeals, William Patrick; United States Circuit Court, John W. Noble; United States District Court, Ford Smith; Circuit Court, A. J. P. Garesche; Criminal Court, C. P. Johnson; Probate Court, Jeff Chandler.

NEW LINE TO JACKSONVILLE, ILL.
No Change of Cars via the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific and Jacksonville Southeastern Railways.
No other line makes better time. Girard and Virden passengers will find this a most pleasant route. Try it. For tickets and full information call at Grand Union Ticket Office, 120 North Fourth street, corner of Pine.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

The storm which has been brewing between the Mayor and one of the justices was brought to a focus this morning. Since the election of the new Mayor he has been endeavoring to invent an ingenious method of curtailing the city expenses. A short while ago a plan was perfected with the assistance of the city attorney, which if executed would supply the deficiency which the Mayor felt had long existed in the city government. A long article was drawn up and presented to the Justices for their signature. The ... was to the effect that when cases were tried in which the prisoner was unable to pay the costs the Justices would remit. ... sweet charity's sake. ... Graney and Bun... articles on ... such cases ... the city's ... Hou... ...an, refused to sign the ... the ground that in ... it was the duty of ... to send such prisoners to the Work ... and thus liquidate the flue. The other ... signed the articles and an order was immediately issued that all city cases should be sent to either Notom or Eggmann, and furthermore that any prisoners from Justice Graney's court should not be accepted at the police station. For some unaccountable reason the majority of the city cases since the issuance of the order of the Mayor continued to drift towards Graney's Court and this so exasperated the Mayor that he sent a long communication to Chief Renshaw to the effect that he had been negligent in his duty; and that if city cases were properly managed they would be sent to the justices who coincided with the Mayor's views. Early this morning Constable Kelly arrested a negro against whom Squire Graney had issued a warrant. The prisoner was brought to the Police Station, but notwithstanding the fact that the County Commissioners had notified the Constable thas all such prisoners should be confined in the City Jail, the Chief notified the Constable that the Mayor had issued strict orders that his prisoners should not be accepted. The only alternative was either to accept doubtful bail or release the prisoners; the former was chosen and the prisoner released on the security of a negro, who should the prisoner disappear, could not be held responsible. The Justice expresses a determination to fight the issue to the bitter end and find out if the Mayor is ... to accept ... der. Thus far the chickens have not been identified, but Ripley will remain at the station till the owner is found.

Geo. F. Haslaud, a lad of ten summers, was arrested last night for running away from his home at Carthage, Mo. He was released this morning on a promise to return to his parents.

Henry Resh, a farmer, stopped at the Green Tree Hotel this morning leaving his team of mules outside. The mules became frightened and started on a dead run up Broadway, leaving pieces of the wagon along the streets. When the mules were stopped only two wheels and the front axle of the wagon remained.

A Single Scull Race.

The most important event of the season in aquatic affairs has been arranged for the coming Sunday. In fact it will be the first single scull race that St. Louis has had for a long term of years, and will lead to further competitions.

For a long time there has been a great deal of rivalry between Messrs. Licks, Edell and Ben Brand, of the St. Louis Rowing Club, their respective adherents backing them warmly but in a good natured manner. Accordingly a match has been made and on Sunday afternoon, between the hours of 4 and 6, they will try conclusions, the course being from the foot of Chouteau avenue up the east side of the river to the bridge and down the west side to Chouteau avenue—a good three mile course. Edell will row in his paper boat, made by Waters of Troy, which weighs twenty-nine pounds, and Brand will row in a wooden boat made by himself. It is the intention of the victor to challenge all oarsmen in St. Louis, the duel being especially intended for some of the experts of the Modoc and Mississippi clubs. On dit, Edell has entered for the single sculls at the Peoria regatta, and his movements will accordingly be watched with much interest.

Court Crumbs.

Judge Horner to-day decided that the Circuit Court had no jurisdiction in the matter of granting an order upon a Justice of the Peace for change of venue. Where there are two justices in one district the change of venue should ... the next justice, but in districts ... provided the change can be ... where only one is ... taken to any ... district.

... Strode, familiarly ... known as "Doc," ... who has faithfully served as ... clerk in the Probate Clerk's department ... some years, severed his connection to-day to accept a position in the Auditor's department of the Wabash Railroad Company.

A petition for divorce was filed to-day by Annette B. Morrow against Josh L. Morrow on the ground of brutal treatment.

The will of Wm. Westholt, bearing date May 13, 1881, was admitted to probate to-day. The property is left to the the widow ... who is directed to care for the two children.

The following judgments were rendered to-day in the Circuit Court:

Isaac Pferzheimer et al vs. Will Habermann, judgment for plaintiff for $466 85; Robt. Lewis et al. vs. Mayer Stern et al., judgment for plaintiffs for $958; L. P. Milligan vs. John A. Sloan and Robt. Stranahan, judgments for plaintiffs for $507 43; L. C. Doering vs. Chas. Heitmann, judgment for plaintiff for $700.

John R. Christian was to-day enrolled a member of the bar in Circuit Court No. 2.

In the suit of John Johnson vs. William H. Maurice default was entered to-day and final judgment against defendant for $14,226 84.

In the suit of Elizabeth Boisseller against the Broadway Savings Bank, judgment for plaintiff was rendered to-day, notwithstanding answer, for $1,562 45.

The assignee of the People's Savings Institution has applied to the Circuit Court for his order of discharge. The notice will be published in the POST-DISPATCH.

George Davis sold to-day at the Court House, by order of the Circuit Court, the remaining assets of the estate of Sterling Price & Co., an assignment of many years standing. The list comprised old judgments and accounts of very little value. John Lady purchased a lot for $95 50. One share of stock in the National Sauegertest brought two cents.

Judge Horner granted the following judgments by default to-day: D. Kelso vs. Memphis, Carthage and Northwestern R. R. Co., final judgment for plaintiff for $6,307 50; A. M. Gardner vs. R. Dutman et al., judgment for plaintiff for $255 75; A. L. King vs. Hacelumite and Mineral Co., judgment for plaintiff for $2,020; William Meinecke vs. Eugene Reno, judgment for plaintiff for $120 33; Robertson, assignee of Helm, Campbell & Co., vs. Joshua Brown, judgment for $620 10.

'CHANGE GOSSIP.

Billy Dieus, who is just back from a trip through Missouri, says that this State will not raise a third of a crop of wheat. This is the lowest estimate yet.

The meeting between Major George Small, who has but lately returned from an extended trip to the South, and of Col. Harry Chandler, just in from the West, was of the tenderest description and drew tears from the spectators.

The following telegram was received from Keokuk to-day: E. ... O. Standard: It will be gratifying to the friends of Wm. Hull on 'Change that not a shadow of foundation is found in the charges against him. THOS. C. FLETCHER.

Although the Call Board ... operators voted to adjourn the afternoon call ... and "curb" during Race week, yet a good many ... of them meet every afternoon in one of the bucket shops down stairs and trade. The Exchange does not recognize this "curb" trading as legal, but would if not be a good idea, as they have in Chicago, which ... have a rule, such as they have in Chicago, which ... positively prohibits "curb" trading and imposes a penalty for anyone found engaging in said trading outside of hours. (?)

Col. Harry W. Chandler's smiling countenance showed up on 'Change this morning, surmounting a light suit of the latest and almost elegant cut, but a brighter gleam in his eye and a bronze tinge on his cheek showed he had been putting in some time in the sun. The Colonel has been in Southern Kansas, where, he says, the wheat looks fine and promises excellently. He only saw one field down and damaged. This testimony goes far to disprove the many reports of damage to wheat lately received from that section. He brought back with him a sample of upland prairie hay that was very choice.

Mike, of the Cafe de Cooney, the Exchange lunch room, entered into a contract the other day that resulted most disastrously to him and very near broke him up in business. It was growing late and Mike was preparing to close up, when there came in John Pritchard, Harry Olmsted and Bob Nicol, who all wanted to be filled up, but wanted the filling ... cheap. After considerable talk by ... done Mike finally consented to let each ... the three much as he could at the rate of ... each as head. But when he consented ... 10 cents per head had no idea of their ... to this Mike consequence was an almost ... out of his stock. Nicol ... and the away with seven ... sandwiches and ... buttermilk, ... and Olmsted each got cast far in ... plete clearing formance ... es of cherry pie, several hard ... or four large glasses of ... their gastronomic feats were ... shade by the gymnastic jaw performance of Pritchard, who, starting on four ... boiled eggs, followed that up with ham, ... tongue, bacon and roast beef sandwiches, washing them down with occasional glasses of milk (sweet or buttermilk) and lemonade, filled in the cracks and crevices with six quarters of pie and then, with a sigh expressive of relief and repletion, called for a cigar.

Mr. Thos. Booth and Green Larrimore, who have been traveling through the Northwest—Minnesota and Dakotah—for the past three weeks, accompanied by their wives, returned this morning looking greatly improved in health and appearance by their trip. Mr. Booth gives a most enthusiastic description of the great Northwest, where, he says, there is a perfect boom just now in everything. Emigrants are pouring into these States by thousands and not all foreigners by any means, as a great many farmers from Michigan, Illinois, Iowa and other States are leaving their old farms to settle in the rich and fresh fields of the Northwest. The people of this country rely principally upon their spring wheat crop, and now feel very hopeful over the prospects. The acreage planted is much larger than last year, and as the weather so far has been favorable a larger yield is looked for than ever before was known of. If the experiment of shipping spring wheat by buyers from St. Paul to Europe, via New Orleans, turns out successfully, a large portion of the immense crop of 1881 may be expected to seek a route to Europe by way of the river.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

John Caffrey was arrested last night on a charge of larceny. A few nights ago Caffrey entered the house of Richard Varnett and stole two silver watches. When arrested one of the watches and a pawn ticket for the other were found in his pockets. His case will be tried to-morrow.

Early this morning a tramp boarded a freight train on the Iron Mountain Line near De Soto, ... stick, bid defiance to the combined exertions of both men. Matters waxed warm, with the tramp having a decided advantage, till one of the brakemen, with the assistance of a coupling-pin, brought the enemy to the bottom of the car. Both closed in upon him, and, after kicking him till their indignation had evaporated, they threw him off the car on to the roadside. He walked the remainder of the way to St. Louis.

The River Convention.

At the next regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Merchants' Exchange President McEnnis will direct the attention of the Board to the necessity of calling a River Convention in St. Louis in the fall. The action of the St. Paul Chamber of Commerce in this regard has already been noted and the public sentiment of the Valley calls upon the St. Louis Board of Trade to take the lead in this matter. Of course nothing definite has been decided about the Convention only that it has been suggested that the best time will be Fair week, when the city will be in gala dress and the added attractions of the season will make the town more than usually pleasant for the delegates. As far as the necessity for holding such a Convention here there is only one opinion upon the floor of the Exchange—ardent endorsements. It is believed that the Board of Trade is the proper, in fact the only organization to inaugurate such an assembly, as its interests are at stake in the river. The idea is to call a Convention of all the Valley States—the whole tremendous region watered by the Mississippi and its triontary streams—to devise means for securing the improvement of the water way to the sea. Each State and each commercial body in the Valley will be invited to send delegates. On 'Change the matter is taking form through the medium of thorough discussion. It is thought that such a Convention will be worth millions of dollars to the river route, as Congress will hardly ignore such a colossal expression of the will of the people.

This is the view taken by Mr. McEnnis especially who is enthusiastic over the idea, and in which he is endorsed by all the merchants whose interests are in the development of the water way.

The Notaries.

The Governor to-day is absolutely under martial law. He has been compelled to barricade the ... room, and to leave stringent orders ... door of his ... in the office of the Southern that absolutely ... nobody can be seen. He spent the morning in consultation with Police Commissioners Cupples and Simmons, presumably ... condition of the Department ... him he ... and after they left ... went into executive session over ... appointment of the notaries. It is understood that nearly forty of the names of these officers have been settled on and that there is more difficulty in choosing the last ten than the first thirty. The Governor has intimated to several gentlemen that their names were on the list. He told a POST-DISPATCH reporter that there was a strong probability that the work will not be finished to-day, but as he intends leaving on the evening train there is little doubt but that the list will be pushed through, even if it is impossible to settle all claims.

The Governor just before leaving for the races told a POST-DISPATCH reporter that there was a hitch in the appointment of the Notaries which would throw the whole matter over for a couple of days. Over forty names have been selected, and the trouble appears to have grown out of the last three or four on the list. Mr. Crittenden said further that the list would not be published until completed, and that it would be telegraphed from Jefferson City.

BELLEVILLE.

The real estate transfers made in Belleville for the past week foots up $75,000.

Spencer M. Kase, Jr., of Belleville, is home, having graduated the other day at the Annapolis Military Academy.

Melier vs. Cairo Short Line, wherein the relations are suing for $5,000 damages. Case submitted to the jury in Circuit Court.

Twenty one tramps were brought before Squire Guentz this morning; thirteen were permitted to leave the city and eight were advised to work for the city.

The Board of Trustees of West Belleville have concluded the purchase of the Fire Engine House, and will have it ready to receive their new steamer on its arrival.

Rev. Father Hinson united in matrimony Mr. Chas. G. Einer to Miss Emma, daughter of Maj. C. H. Camfield. The happy couple make St. Louis their future home.

Ben. Bonean having secured the right of way for the Belleville and East Carondelet Railway, the corporators are now pushing its construction, and hope to have it ready for the fall traffic.

At the recent meeting of the City Council John Betz was confirmed Chief of Police and Wm. Branch, Street Superintendent. Mayor West in his message recommends rigid economy in city affairs with the view of redeeming maturing bonds.

They All Come And See Us!

You will always find at "FAMOUS" goods just as represented. It is true our prices seem astonishingly LOW, but when you take in consideration the fact that the enormous volume of our trade requires the presence of five or six SHARP, ACTIVE BUYERS in the field all the time, you will not be at a loss to account for the jealous feelings sometimes shown by our competitors. We "acknowledge the corn." We do SELL LOW—lower than any house in the WEST. The public have found this out, consequently the BULK OF THE trade continues to come NORTH and finds its way through the WIDE DOORS of the cosmopolitan CLOTHING HOUSE, the "FAMOUS." It occasionally becomes our pleasure to advertise a line of staple goods FAR BELOW their real value. Of course this is a good thing for our customers and the public, although rather distasteful to houses who CAN NOT COMPETE.

Gentleman who wish STYLISH NECKWEAR and HOSIERY, the best grades only, at from 30 to 50 per cent under prices asked elsewhere, will find it in unlimited quantities

AT

"FAMOUS."

THE
IMPERISHABLE
PERFUME.
Murray & Lanman's
FLORIDA WATER,
Best for TOILET, BATH, and SICK ROOM.

Court of Criminal Correction.

Henry Fourshreder and Adolph Vogel were arraigned in the Court of Criminal Correction to-day on a charge of malicious trespass. Vogel was discharged and Fourthreder fined $1. The charges of grand larceny against Isaac Adler and Jno. Bidlow were dismissed for want of prosecution. A nolle pross. was entered to the charge of assault to kill against John Heitz.

Grant Not Gone.

Mrs. Gen. Grant is much better this morning and her recovery is looked for immediately. The General took a walk about town this morning, after which he went to his room and was beset by callers until the hour for the races. He may leave town to-morrow, his departure depending upon Mrs. Grant's health and the taking of his testimony in the jewelry case.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY.
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.
... equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a ... External Remedy. ... relatively trifling outlay ...
No Preparation on ... A trial entails but the ... of 50 Cents, ... and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.
Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

SOMETHING EVERY LADY OUGHT TO KNOW.
There exists a means of securing a soft and brilliant Complexion, no matter how poor it may naturally be. Hagan's Magnolia Balm is a delicate and harmless article, which instantly removes Freckles, Tan, Redness, Roughness, Eruptions, Vulgar Flushings, etc., etc. So delicate and natural are its effects that its use is not suspected by anybody.
No lady has the right to present a disfigured face in society when the Magnolia Balm is sold by all druggists for 75 cents.

SOMETHING NEW!
Gentlemen who desire a Cool Summer Suit are invited to call and see our Novelty in a Cool Fabric known as
THE SOUTH AMERICAN STRIPED DRILL.
These Suits are particularly adapted to this climate, and will wear equal to any goods in the market. No gentleman's toilet is complete without it includes a SOUTH AMERICAN DRILL SUIT. Please call and see them.
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Northeast Corner Fifth and Pine.

BED-ROOM SUITS.
127 Separate Designs.
Prices Lower Than the Lowest.
BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

STORY & CAMP PIANOS AND ORGANS
The Largest House on the Continent.
Wholesale and Retail.
Our LOW PRICES and EASY TERMS will astonish you.
Decker Bros., Chickering, Haines, Mathushek, Fischer PIANOS.
Estey, Story & Camp ORGANS.
203 N. 5th Street, ST. LOUIS, AND 188 & 190 State St. CHICAGO.
203 N. FIFTH ST.

FRESH ARRIVALS OF
BLACK SPANISH LACES.
CREAM SPANISH LACES.
CREAM RUSSIAN LACES.
EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.
Green & Cavanaugh,
511 N. FOURTH ST.

RACES! RACES!

ST. LOUIS JOCKEY CLUB.

1881 SPRING MEETING 1881

FIFTH DAY---FRIDAY, JUNE 10.

FOUR RACES.

Selling Race for all ages.

Grand spin five furlongs for all all ages.

Merchants' Stake for 3-year olds.

Heats of one mile and a furlong.

Entries to second race close at the Judges' stand at 10:30 this morning.

First race each day called at 3 o'clock p. m.

Franklin avenue and Olive street cars and Narrow-Gauge Railway convey passengers direct to the grounds.

Official pools sold only at the Turf Exchange, 18 South Fifth street, and the Lindell Hotel, morning and evening, and at the track during the races, by J. R. Watts & Co.

Daily and weekly quarter-stretch badges for sale at 18 S. Fifth st.

Admission $1.

Daily quarter-stretch badges, $2.

Weights in the Citizens' Plate Handicap will be announced by 10 a. m., and acceptances by 8 p. m. Saturday, June 11, at the office of the Secretary, No. 18 South Fifth street.

C. L. HUNT, Pres.
L. A. CLARKE, Sec'y.

LEGAL.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE IN PARTITION.

In pursuance of an order of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, made and entered of record on the 2d day of June, 1881, in a certain cause pending in said court, wherein Elise Guye is plaintiff and Elise d. Guye, Anna F. Guye, Adele Guye, Alice L. A. Guye and Paul Guye are defendants, being cause No. 54,212 of said court, whereby the undersigned was appointed special commissioner in said case, and where by the undersigned was directed to sell the above real estate hereinafter described, the undersigned, special commissioner in said cause, under the authority so vested in him by said order of court and by virtue thereof, will, on

TUESDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, and during term time of said Circuit Court, offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, upon the terms below mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz.:

First. A certain lot of ground, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate in block number seven (7) in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, designated on the plat of the subdivision of said block as lot number fifteen (15), containing twenty-five feet front on Main street by ninety feet four inches in depth and bounded on the north by lot number sixteen, on the east by an alley, on the south by lot number fourteen and on the west by Main street.

Second. Two certain lots or pieces of land lying and being in the city of St. Louis and described as follows: Being lots number thirty-five and thirty-six in block number seventy-six of survey No. three (3) of Kreutzbauer's subdivision in the late city of Carondelet (now St. Louis), each lot having a front of about twenty-five feet, said lots being bounded north by the property of Siekenderk, east by Benton street, south by Espenschied street and west by an alley.

The terms of said sale as fixed by said order of court are as follows: One-third of the purchase price to be paid in cash and the balance in equal instalments, payable respectively in one and two years from day of sale, with 6 per cent interest per annum upon the deferred payments, with purchaser's option to pay the whole in cash; deferred payments, if any, to be evidenced by promissory notes secured by deed of trust upon the property sold.

JNO. J. MAUNTEL,
Special Commissioner.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Thomas Kidney and Anna Kidney, his wife, by their deed of trust dated May 24, 1878, and recorded in book 483, on page 120, in the Recorder's office at St. Louis, Missouri, did convey to the undersigned, as trustee, lots numbered seventy-nine (79) and eighty (80) in block one (1) of South Stoddard Addition of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, according to the amended plat of said addition, which is duly recorded in the Recorder's office aforesaid; said lots having an aggregate front on the west line of Argyle avenue of fifty (50) feet by a depth of one hundred and twenty-eight (128) feet to an alley twenty feet wide; which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas, the principal note of $1,200 and last interest note being for $48, secured by said deed, have become due and default has been made in the payment thereof; now, therefore at the request of the legal holder of said notes and pursuant to the authority given me by said deed of trust, I will on

MONDAY, JUNE 27TH, 1881,

between 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash at the east front door of the Court House, in said City of St. Louis, sell said real estate to satisfy said notes and trust.

GEO. W. LUBKE,
Trustee.

NOTE—The property above described is improved by a five-room dwelling house and stable and outbuildings, being No. 423 Argyle avenue. The lot is well situated, and street and alley made. Said deed of trust is the first lien on said property. Party in possession promises to give up possession to the purchaser at said sale immediately after the sale is made. 61A

WHEREAS, Daniel Murphy, by his deed of trust, of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, in the City of St. Louis, Mo., in book 615, page 1, dated 12th day of May, A. D. 1879, did convey to the undersigned lot of ground situated in said City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 134, 135, and the western seventy-two feet and one-half inches of lot number 136 of a subdivision United States survey 1261 of Grand Prairie Common Fields, styled "North Cote Brilliante" a plat whereof is on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, containing together a front of two hundred and seventy-two feet two and one-half inches on Caroline and Second avenues, and a depth between said avenues of four hundred and ninety feet, more or less, and being the western half of lots 134, 135, 136 and 137 of said survey; and whereas deed was in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described; and whereas, said notes have become due and remain unpaid, now, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, public notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned said trustee, will on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m., and at the eastern front door of the Court House, in said City of St. Louis, sell said real estate at public auction, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

EBER PEACOCK, Trustee.

St. Louis, June 3, 1881. 61A

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas Michael O'Meara, an unmarried man (now dead over nine months), by his certain deed of trust dated the 14th day of April A. D., 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office for the City of St. Louis, in book 586, at page 450, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate lying and being in the City of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot number five of block six in Broome and Vandeventer's addition to the City of St. Louis, as the same is designated in a plat of said addition on file in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis in the county, fronting fifty feet on Moore street and running back northwardly two hundred and twelve feet more or less to the proposed south line of Bell street, said twenty feet having been set apart in the subdivision of the McCune and Vandeventer tract for the south half of the said street; one foot on the north line of the said street will be reserved until the parties owning the adjoining land on the north side of the said twenty feet shall give a like amount to make Bell street forty feet wide; said lot bounded as follows: east by lot four of said block six, west by lot six of said block six, north by proposed Bell street and south by Moore street; also lot number fourteen in block number twelve of the third subdivision of the "Wash estate" a plat of which said subdivision is of record in the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis, Mo., to which said record reference is hereby to be made for further description, said lot having a front of fifty feet on the south side of Boston street by a depth southwardly of about two hundred and forty-five feet to the northern line of property now or formerly owned by Eikard; bounded north by Boston street, east by Pendleton avenue, south by Eikard and west by lot thirteen in said block; which said conveyance was made to me in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of the principal note and the same remains unpaid, now, therefore, notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said will, on

SATURDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said note and the cost of executing this trust.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Trustee.

St. Louis, June 2, 1881. 40A

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF BOATS AND BARGES.—Whereas, the Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company by its certain deed of trust, dated January 15, 1879, and recorded in the Custom House at St. Louis, in book P, page 148 and following, conveyed the undersigned in trust the steamboats "Wareagle," "Northwestern," "Belle of Grosse," "Alex Mitchell," "Clinton," "Rob Minneapolis," "North" and "Red Wing," together with all and singular their engines, machinery, cabin furniture, tackle and apparel; also the hulls and boats of the following barges, to-wit: The barges "Janet," "Grant," "West," "Fanny," "Ferry," "East" and "Keokuk"; also the wharf boats, two in number, lying at the port of St. Louis, between the foot of Olive street and the foot of Vine street, in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described and the renewal or renewals of the same; and whereas said notes and the renewals remain unpaid, and the owners and holders thereof have in writing requested us, the said trustees, to sell said boats and sell said property and said notes; and whereas said steamboats, barges and wharfboats are now in the custody and possession of Samuel C. Clubb as receiver appointed by the St. Louis Circuit Court in the case of James Ward and others against said Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company and others, with the exception of the steamboat "Alex Mitchell" and barge "Fanny," not in the possession of the receiver; and whereas the said trustees have applied to and obtained leave of said Circuit Court to sell said property under the terms of said deed of trust by an order of said Court made in that behalf, and by said order the said Samuel C. Clubb was required to join with said trustees in the sale of said boats and barges and wharf boats, and in the execution of proper bills of sale therefor. Now, therefore, take notice that we, the undersigned trustees, in pursuance of the terms and provisions of said deed of trust, will, on

TUESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF JULY A. D. 1881,

proceed to sell between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m., at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, the above described boats, barges and wharfboats, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, for the purposes of said trust.

S. T. GLOVER,
JOHN R. SHEPLEY,
Trustees.
S. C. CLUBB, Receiver.

St. Louis, June 8, 1881. 11B

LEGAL.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE
OF
Valuable Real Estate.
In Partition.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, made and entered of record on the 23d day of May, 1881, in a certain cause pending in said court wherein Margaret Bumb, Catharine Bonsser (nee Bumb) and Michael Bonsser, her husband, John Bumb and August Bumb, and William Booth, trustee, and Wm. H. Cummiskey are plaintiffs and Michael Heinz and Martin Heinz, minors, are defendants, being cause No. 55768 of said court, where: by the undersigned was appointed Special Commissioner in said case, and whereby the undersigned was directed to sell the above real estate hereinafter described, the undersigned, Special Commissioner in said cause, under the authority so vested in him by said order of court and by virtue thereof, will, on

THURSDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, and during term time of said Circuit Court, offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder upon the terms below mentioned, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz.:

First. A certain lot of ground, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate in block number seven (7) in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, designated on the plat of the subdivision of said block as lot number fifteen (15), containing twenty-five feet front on Main street by ninety feet four inches in depth and bounded on the north by lot number sixteen, on the east by an alley, on the south by lot number fourteen and on the west by Main street.

Second. Two certain lots or pieces of land lying and being in the city of St. Louis and described as follows: Being lots number thirty-five and thirty-six in block number seventy-six of survey No. three (3) of Kreutzbauer's subdivision in the late city of Carondelet (now St. Louis), each lot having a front of about twenty-five feet, said lots being bounded north by the property of Siekenderk, east by Benton street, south by Espenschied street and west by an alley.

The terms of said sale as fixed by said order of court are as follows: One-third of the purchase price to be paid in cash and the balance in equal instalments, payable respectively in one and two years from day of sale, with 6 per cent interest per annum upon the deferred payments, with purchaser's option to pay the whole in cash; deferred payments, if any, to be evidenced by promissory notes secured by deed of trust upon the property sold.

JNO. J. MAUNTEL,
Special Commissioner.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Frederick Storll and wife, by their deed, dated 16th July, 1877, and recorded in page 386 of book 578 of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the City (formerly county) of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned the following described lots or parcels of ground, situate in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: Two lots number two (2) and three (3) (twenty-five and twenty-six) in block No. 4 of the 4th (fourth) subdivision of St. Louis Commons, containing fifty (50) feet front on the west line of Grattan street by a depth westwardly of (128) one hundred and twenty-five feet to an alley bounded on the north by lot No. (34) twenty-four, east by said Grattan street, south by lot (27) twenty-seven th, and west by said alley; which said conveyance was made to the undersigned in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein fully described; and whereas the principal note and three of the interest notes have become due and are unpaid, and default having been made in the payment of taxes; Now therefore in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, the undersigned will proceed to sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to the highest bidder, for cash, on

WEDNESDAY, THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF JULY, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m. of that day, for the purposes of said trust.

THOMAS S. RUTHERFURD, Trustee.

St. Louis. Mo., June 7, 1881. 3B

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Frederick M. Wood and Catherine M. Wood, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated August 18th, 1873, recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county (now city), in record book number 482, page 75, conveyed to the undersigned, as trustee, the following described lots or parcels of ground situated in the city and county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots number twenty-three (23) and twenty-four (24) of block numbered four (4) of the four th subdivision of the St. Louis commons (now city block numbered twelve hundred and fifty-four (1254), being a depth of one hundred and fifty (50) feet on the west line of Gratton, between Park avenue and Carroll street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to an alley, bounded on the north by the property of the Sectional Dock Company, and on the south by the property of Anderson; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described, and whereas said notes have become due and are unpaid, and default having been made in the payment of taxes: Now therefore in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holders of said notes, the undersigned will proceed to sell the above described real estate at the eastern front of the Court House in the City (formerly county, of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction on WEDNESDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of that day for the purpose s of said trust.

THOMAS S. RUTHERFURD,
Trustee.

St. Louis, June 7, 1881. 2B

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Jules M. Verneuil and Emerancia, his wife, by their deed of trust, dated the seventh of April, 1868, and recorded in book 120, pages 127 and 128, in the records of the county of Madison in state of Illinois, conveyed to John Byrne, Jr., in trust, the following described real estate, to-wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of lot No. five (5) in block No. one (1) in E. W. Collin's Addition to Collinsville, and running in a northerly direction along Vandalia street nine (9) rods to Clay street, thence at right angles in a westerly direction along Clay street nine (9) rods, thence at right angles in a southerly direction and parallel with Vandalia street nine (9) rods to Wood alley, thence in an easterly direction and parallel with Clay street nine (9) rods to the place of beginning, together with the improvements thereon; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note therein described, which note and interest remains yet unpaid, and whereas said Jules M. Verneuil having been dead more than nine months, now, therefore, by virtue of the provisions of said deed and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will offer said property for sale at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. of

FRIDAY, JULY 1, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

JOHN BYRNE, JR.,
Trustee.

St. Louis, May 31, 1881. 11A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by deed of trust dated the thirtieth day of April, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book number four hundred and ninety-two (492), page four hundred and eighty-two (482), Philip A. Bamberger and Katharina Bamberger, his wife, conveyed to Franklin A. Dick and Benjamin Farrar, trustees, to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described, the following described tract or parcel of ground in the county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: being block number twelve (12) of Robert W. Hunt's addition to the City of St. Louis, a plat of which addition is of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis county (now city), Missouri, beginning at a point where the eastern line of said block intersects the northern line of the Gravois road and running thence northwardly along the western line of Hunt avenue nine hundred and fourteen feet (914) to Scudder avenue; thence westwardly along the southern line of Scudder avenue five hundred and ninety-six feet eleven and one-half inches (596 ft. 11½ in.) to ground of Russell; thence southwardly along the line of said Russell and along the western line of said block twelve hundred and sixty-one (961) feet to the southwest corner of said block twelve, thence eastwardly on a line parallel with the said northern line of said block twelve, four hundred feet to the Gravois road; thence northeastwardly along the northern line of the Gravois road two hundred and three feet and eleven inches (203 11-12) to the point of beginning, containing a tract of land of 15 35-100 arpents, bounded eastwardly by Hunt avenue, northwardly by Scudder avenue, westwardly by land of Russell, and southwardly in part by the Gravois Road, it being the same tract or parcel of land acquired by Philip A. Bamberger of Robert W. Hunt and wife by deed dated April 15, 1865, and recorded in said Recorder's office in book 302, page 231. And whereas by a certain renewal agreement between the parties to said deed of trust, dated October 30, 1877, and recorded in said Recorder's office in book number 386, page 57, it was agreed that the principal note in said deed of trust described should remain unpaid until the maturity of all the interest notes described in said renewal agreement, provided all of said interest notes were paid at their maturity, and in case of the non-payment of any of said interest notes at maturity then the extension of payment of said principal note should be of no force or effect, and payment thereof might be immediately enforced under said deed of trust; and it was further agreed that all provisions of said deed of trust should remain in full force until the payment of said principal note; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note and interest notes thereon and taxes upon said property, and said Benjamin Farrar having departed this life, July 14, 1878, notice is hereby given that the undersigned, surviving trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, by virtue of the authority of said deed of trust and in pursuance of the provisions therein with, on

SATURDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said notes and interest and the costs and expenses of executing the trust of said deed.

FRANKLIN A. DICK,
Surviving Trustee.

St. Louis, May 16, 1881. 12X

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE,
Under Order of Circuit Court.

In pursuance of order of sale, made by the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, on the 31st day of May, 1881, in the case of Laura A. LeBeau et al. vs. Peter J. Hurck's administrator et al., the undersigned will, on

FRIDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of 12 m. and 4 p. m. of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for one-third cash and the balance payable in equal parts, in one and two years, deferred payments to bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent, per annum and to be secured by deed of trust on the interest sold, four undivided ninth parts of the following described real estate, to-wit: A piece or parcel of ground in block No. 88 of the city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the eastern line of Fourth street 64 feet 6 inches north of Olive street, thence eastwardly 141 feet 2 inches to line of T. E. Tutt, thence northwardly 64 feet 2 inches to property of McKnight, thence westwardly 141 feet 2 inches to Fourth street, thence southwardly 64 feet 2 inches to the beginning. Second—Also a piece or parcel of land in rear of the property last aforesaid, commencing at the northeast corner thereof, running thence eastwardly 21 feet 1½ inches, thence southwardly 32 feet 2½ inches, thence westwardly 21 feet 1½ inches to the eastern line of the property last aforesaid, thence northwardly along said line 32 feet 2½ inches to the beginning, bounded south by Tutt, east by Ramsey and north by McKnight. The two parcels above described being known as the Everett House property, formerly belonging to John Rice, deceased. Third—Lots 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41 and 42, in block 1627 of the City of St. Louis, being part of block 73 of the city commons. Fourth—Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22 of block 1632 of the City of St. Louis, being part of block 73 of the city commons. In regard to the fourth parts of the first and second parcels above described the same being encumbered by deed of trust to Edward Rossang's trustees dated $45,000 and interest, dated February 20, 1879, recorded in book 607, page 51, in office of Recorder of Deeds of City of St. Louis, of which said principal sum of $42,000 there rests upon said parcels apportionable to said four-ninth parts the sum of $25,887. The same will be offered 1 and sold together as one property, subject to said deed of trust and the proportionable part aforesaid and the taxes of the current year.

M. J. HARTNETT,
Trustee under will of Rose D. Rice.

St. Louis, June 1, 1881. 22A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Daniel B. Brennan and Sarah Brennan, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated April 24, 1878, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 592, page 103, conveyed to the undersigned as trustee the following described real estate situated in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot number twenty-two (22) in block number twelve (12) of the third subdivision of the Lami tract, said lot having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the east line of Clara street by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and twenty-five feet and five (125-5) inches, more or less, to an alley 15 feet wide, and being in city block number 1993; in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes fully described in said deed; and, whereas the principal note and one interest note has become due and are unpaid; now, therefore, in accordance with the provisions of said deed and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will proceed to sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court House in the said city of St. Louis, to the highest bidder, at public auction, on

TUESDAY, JUNE 14TH, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, to satisfy said notes, together with the cost of executing this trust.

GEORGE W. NATION,
Trustee.

St. Louis, May 20, 1881.

NOTE—Having sold the above described property, subject to the said deed of trust, I am fully prepared to protect my notes.

88X D. B. BRENNAN.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas Phebe Hunt, Robert W. Hunt, her husband, and William McDonald, trustee for Phebe Hunt, by their deed dated January 27, 1871, recorded in the Recorder's office, for the city of St. Louis in book 421, at page 353, conveyed to Albert N. Sterling the following described real estate, situate in the city (late county) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: The whole of block No 10, of Robert W. Hunt's addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting 972 feet 2½ inches on the south line of Fairview avenue, with a depth of 350 feet on the west line of Morrow avenue.

And whereas, said conveyance was made in trust to secure certain notes described therein; and whereas, said notes have become due and remain unpaid; and whereas, said Albert N. Sterling, trustee as aforesaid, is absent from the city of St. Louis, and the Sheriff of St. Louis county has refused to act, and whereas, the Circuit Court for the City of St. Louis has made an order appointing the undersigned as trustee in the place and stead of said Albert N. Sterling for the purpose of executing the trust left incomplete by said Sterling;

Now, therefore, at the repuest of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the powers in said deed contained, notice is hereby given that I will, on

MONDAY, JUNE 20TH, 1881,

offer and expose for sale, at public vendue, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. of that day, to the highest bidder, for cash, all and singular the real estate above described, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri

RICHARD D. LANCASTER,
Trustee.

St. Louis, May 26, 1881. 74Z

JULIAN J. LAGGHLIN, Attorney.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Frederick Storll and wife, by their deed dated 16th July, 1877, and recorded on page 386 of book 572 of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the City (formerly county) of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate lying and being in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: All that part of block No. 5 of Penrose addition to said City of St. Louis (said block No. 5 comprising city blocks Nos. 2417 and 2418), described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point in the south line of Penrose street distant 74 feet 9¾ inches from the west line of Fourteenth street, thence running westwardly along said south line 105 feet, thence southwardly and parallel with said west line 127 feet, thence westwardly and parallel with said south line 57 feet, thence northwardly and parallel with said west line 127 feet to said south line, thence westwardly along said south line 366 feet and 8 inches to the east line of Sixteenth street, thence southwardly along said east line of Sixteenth street 267 feet 9¾ inches to the north line of Angelica street, thence eastwardly along said north line 611 feet and 9¾ inches to said west line of Fourteenth street, thence northwardly along said west line 264 feet and 9¾ inches, thence westwardly and parallel with said south line 74 feet and 9¾ inches, thence northwardly and parallel with said west line 65 feet to the place of beginning, together with all the improvements thereon; in trust to secure the payment of a certain note specified in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court House, in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., of

THURSDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

JOHN H. F. WESSLER, Trustee.

W. W. C. PERRY, Attorney.

St. Louis, May 23, 1881.

WHEREAS, John G. Lange and Mathilda H. Lange, his wife, Frederick Lange and Mary G. Lange, his wife, Christian Lange and Anna M. Lange, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated February 28, 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis in book 583, at page 207, conveyed to the undersigned the following real estate, to-wit: First—A lot of ground in block No 708, of the City of St. Louis in the State of Missouri, being known as lot No. one (1), of block No. thirty-seven (37), of Julia C. Soulard's Addition to said city, as per plat of record in the St. Louis City Recorder's office; said lot having a front of thirty (30) feet on the west line of DeKalb street, and a depth westwardly with that width one hundred and forty feet to an alley, bounded south by Lafayette street. Second—Lot Seven, ten (10) of block No. sixty-seven (67) of said Julia C. Soulard's Addition to said City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, being in block No. 370 of said city; said lot having a front of thirty feet on the east line of Seventh street by a depth eastwardly with that width of one hundred and forty feet to an alley, being bounded south by Lafayette street; in trust to secure the fulfilment of the conditions of a certain bond in said deed described; whereas said conditions have been broken in that no payments have been made under said bond for more than two months: Now, therefore, under the provisions of said deed the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court House in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., of

SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

FRED. A. WISLIZENUS,
Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Peter H. Steinkuehler and Sophia (his wife), by their certain deed of trust, dated March 22, A. D. 1879, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 606, page 505, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in block No. 1124 of the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: Commencing sixty-seven and one-half feet (67 ft. 6 in.) on the south line of Montgomery street, west of the west line of Thirteenth street, thence running eastwardly and parallel with Montgomery street thirty-two feet six inches (32 ft. 6 in.) to a point, thence southwardly one hundred and twelve feet six inches (112 ft. 6 in.) to an alley, thence westwardly and parallel with the said north line of said alley thirty-two feet six inches (32 ft. 6 in.), thence northwardly one hundred and twelve feet six inches (112 ft. 6 in.) to the place of beginning; bounded north by Montgomery street, east by land of Siemers, south by said alley and west by land of C. Siemers; being the same property acquired from Francis G. Siemers and Catharine Siemers as per deeds dated 10th of May, 1876, and recorded respectively in book 548, page 378, and book 541, page 503; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed of trust described; and whereas, the said note has become due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said notes, together with the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

JOHN M. HOLMES,
Trustee.

99X

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas Joseph Mulhall and wife and Samuel Scaling and wife, by their deed of trust of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, in the City of St. Louis, Mo., in deed book No. 582, at page 206 and following, dated Nov. 27, 1877, did convey to the undersigned, as trustee, a lot of ground in block No. 988, in said City of St. Louis, and composed of lots number one, two, three and four (1, 2, 3 and 4,) of block number twenty-three (23) of Stoddard Addition to said city, per recorded plat thereof; said lots together fronting one hundred and five (105) feet three (3) inches on the northern line of Laclede avenue, and having each a depth northward of one hundred and thirty-one (131) feet to an alley 15 feet wide, and together bounded north by said alley, east by Beaumont street, south by Laclede avenue and west by lot No 1 of said block; said conveyance in trust to secure the payment of certain indebtedness therein mentioned. Now, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed and for its purposes, public notice is given that I, said trustee, will, on

TUESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m. of that day, and at the eastern front of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, Mo., offer said real estate above described for sale at public vendue, and to the highest bidder for cash.

JOSIAH G. McCLELLAN,
As Trustee.

4A

TRUSTEE'S SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST.—Whereas, Jonathan S. Webster, by his deed dated the 9th of November, A. D. 1881, and recorded in the Recorder's office of said city of St. Louis in book 644, page 169, conveyed to Andrew J. Clabby, in trust, the following described real estate situate, lying and being in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, as follows to-wit: A lot of ground in block numbered twelve hundred and eighteen (1218) of said city, commencing at a point in the east line of the Bellefontaine Road distant northwardly one hundred and forty-five (145) feet and nine and three-quarters (9¾) inches from the north line of Clark avenue, thence from said intersection of the south line of lot number six (6) in block number (1) of Clark and Dillon's addition to Bremen, thence running east along said south line of lot number six (6) one hundred and forty-five (145) feet and two (2) inches and two and three-fourths (2¾) inches to an alley, thence north and along the west line of said alley thirty-two (32) feet to a point, thence west and parallel to said south line of said lot numbered six (6) one hundred and forty-five (145) feet and two three-quarter (2¾) inches to the Bellefontaine road, thence south and along the east line of the Bellefontaine road thirty-two (32) feet and one-half (½) of an inch to the place of beginning; being lot number six (6) of the subdivision of said lot fronting on said alley by depth to the Bellefontaine road of lot numbered seven (7) in said block numbered one (1) of Clark and Dillon's addition; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note described; and whereas, said note remains due and unpaid; now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described real estate, to satisfy said note and the costs of executing said trust.

ANDREW J. CLABBY,
Trustee,

St. Louis, May 23, 1881. 12Z

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, the Missouri Cotton Seed Oil Company, of Saint Louis, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Missouri, by its certain deed of trust dated the 28th day of October A. D. 1880, and duly acknowledged, and recorded in the Recorders office of the City of St. Louis, in book 648, on page 64, conveyed to John Goodin, of the City of Saint Louis, the following described leasehold premises, personal property and fixtures now existing in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

All and singular the right, title and interest of the said Missouri Cotton Seed Oil Company, of St. Louis as lessee, to the following described premises situate in block 4 in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a point where the eastern line of alley intersects the southern line of Cedar street; running thence easterly 219 feet and 3 inches more or less to the western line of Main street; running thence southerly 241 feet and 6 inches, more or less, to the northern line of Mulberry street; running thence westerly 200 feet, more or less, to a line fence recently erected; thence northerly along said line of fence 128 feet, more or less, to the southern end of said alley; thence along the eastern line of said alley 113 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning, with the buildings now erected thereon, with the machinery, tools, and implements of every kind and nature used on said premises or pertaining to the business of said company. Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal of interest on all of the said notes, and the same remain unpaid; and whereas the said John Goodin, trustee as aforesaid, has failed and refused, and still fails and refuses to execute the said trust and make a sale of the said property under and in accordance with the provisions of said deed; and whereas, by reason of the refusal of the said John Goodin as aforesaid, the Circuit Court of the City of Saint Louis, did on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1881, at the June Term, A. D. 1881, thereof, upon application in person interested in the debt or liability secured by said deed of trust, duly verified according to law, make an order appointing the undersigned trustee to execute said deed of trust in the place of the said John Goodin, the original trustee. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned trustee, appointed as aforesaid, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed, and of the premises aforesaid, will on

TUESDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, sell and dispose of all and singular the said leasehold premises and other property above described, and all right, title, interest, benefit and equity of redemption of the said Missouri Cotton Seed Oil Company, in and to the same or any part thereof, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the cost of executing this trust.

THOMAS P. SULLIVAN,
Trustee.

St. Louis, June 7, 1881. 7B

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Thomas Clark, by his certain deed of trust, dated July 10, 1877, and recorded in book 573, page 372, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, at St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lot number one of block number 629, of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, having a front of twenty feet on the west line of Thirteenth street by a depth westwardly of one hundred and fifty-one feet four inches to a public alley, bounded on the north by Chambers street, east by Thirteenth street, west by said alley and south by lot number two of said block; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein described; and whereas, the interest note due January 21st, 1881, is due and unpaid, thereby causing in accordance with the terms of said deed, all of said notes to become due; and whereas, said Thomas Clark departed this life more than nine months ago, now therefore, at the request of the legal holders of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, notice is hereby given that I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court House, in said city of St. Louis, sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

ISAIAH MOWREY, Trustee.

WM. C. WILSON & BRO., Agents.

St. Louis, Mo., May 23, 1881. 96Z

97X

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE,
Under Order of Circuit Court.

In pursuance of order of sale, made by the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, on the 31st day of May, 1881, in the case of Laura A. LeBeau et al. vs. Peter J. Hurck's administrator et al., the undersigned will, on

FRIDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of 12 m. and 4 p. m. of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for one-third cash and the balance payable in equal parts, in one and two years, deferred payments to bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent, per annum and to be secured by deed of trust on the interest sold, four undivided ninth parts of the following described real estate, to-wit: A piece or parcel of ground in block No. 88 of the city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the eastern line of Fourth street 64 feet 6 inches north of Olive street, thence eastwardly 141 feet 2 inches to line of T. E. Tutt, thence northwardly 64 feet 2 inches to property of McKnight, thence westwardly 141 feet 2 inches to Fourth street, thence southwardly 64 feet 2 inches to the beginning. Second—Also a piece or parcel of land in rear of the property last aforesaid, commencing at the northeast corner thereof, running thence eastwardly 21 feet 1½ inches, thence southwardly 32 feet 2½ inches, thence westwardly 21 feet 1½ inches to the eastern line of the property last aforesaid, thence northwardly along said line 32 feet 2½ inches to the beginning, bounded south by Tutt, east by Ramsey and north by McKnight. The two parcels above described

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Oliver Joyal, trustee of Maria Hermans, Maria Hermans, Julius Hermans are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Washington street in city block 1530, 28 feet 4 inches in front or width, and 134 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being the east part of lot 10 in block 2, in Schneider's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 1, 1881. 17A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Albert Lindell, a minor, Wm. C. Jamison, curator of Albert Lindell, C. N. Crumlecase, Richard N. Alexander, mortgagee, John R. Matthews, Mary L. Matthews, cestui que trust, and Joseph J. Holland, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot on Lindell avenue, being 20 feet 8 inches in front or width and 207 feet 6 inches in depth, and being known as part of lot 16 in Peter Lindell's second addition to said city, being bounded on the north by Gordon street, on the east by the real estate of one Fatchin, on the south by Lindell avenue, and on the west by the real estate of one J. G. Lindell.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 1, 1881. 40A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph C. L. Hill and Joseph C. L. Hill are defendants. I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1. A lot of ground on Buel street, in city block 1676, 25 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, lot 23 in block 3 in Daggett's addition to said city.

Number 2. A lot of ground on Buel street, in city block 1676, 25 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 24 in block 3 in Daggett's addition to said city.

Number 3. A lot of ground on Buel street, in city block 1676, 25 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being lot 25 in block 3 in Daggett's addition to said city.

Number 4. A lot of ground on Park avenue, in city block 1636, 25 feet in front or width and 90 feet 11 inches in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 11 in Page's second addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., May 31, 1881. 35A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and C. N. Jamison, curator of Albert Lindell, C. N. Crumlecase, Richard N. Alexander, mortgagee, John R. Matthews, Mary L. Matthews, cestui que trust, and Joseph J. Holland, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot on Lindell avenue, being 20 feet 8 inches in front or width and 207 feet 6 inches in depth, and being known as part of lot 16 in Peter Lindell's second addition to said city, being bounded on the north by Gordon street, on the east by the real estate of one Fatchin, on the south by Lindell avenue, and on the west by the real estate of one J. G. Lindell.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 1, 1881. 38A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Susan H. Floyd, William F. Floyd, Mary Lutz, Elizabeth Haas, Louis Haas and unknown heirs of Sabina Haab are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 2, a part of lot No. 2 of Haab's addition to the city of St. Louis, and city block No. 1149 of the city of St. Louis; said lot fronting 15 6-12 feet on Bellefontaine road by a depth of 28 6-12 feet, and bounded on the north by Lutz, on east by Bellefontaine road, on the south to a point and on the west by Branch street.

2. A lot in Haab's addition to the city of St. Louis, in city block No. 1147 of said city, said lot having a front of 99 feet on Branch street and an irregular width in the rear by a depth of 70 feet, and bounded on the north by land of Floyd, on the east by Branch street, on the south by land of Lutz and on the west by land of Davis.

And I will on

THURSDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 1, 1881. 18B

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Hampden Mepham, George E. Leighton and Henry W. Williams, trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. The east part of lot No. 56, Lindell's second addition to the City of St. Louis, said lot having a front on Baker avenue of 275 feet and two inches by a depth of old lines of 141 inches, and a width in the rear of 324 feet and 3 inches

2. Part of lot No. 56, Lindell's second addition to the City of St. Louis, fronting 329 feet and 6 inches on Baker avenue by 450 feet and 11 inches deep and with a width in the rear of 273 feet, bounded north by Lindell avenue, east by land of Leffingwell and others, south by Baker avenue, and west by lot of Chauvenet and others.

3. Part of lot No. 56, Lindell's second addition to the City of St. Louis, fronting 13 feet on Baker avenue by 450 feet deep, bounded north by Lindell avenue, east by land of Leffingwell et al., south by Baker avenue, and west by land of Geggie and others.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, May 31, 1881. 38A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Susan H. Floyd, William F. Floyd, Mary Lutz, Elizabeth Haas, Louis Haas and unknown heirs of Sabina Haab are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. A part of lot No. 2 of Haab's addition to the city of St. Louis, and city block No. 1149 of the city of St. Louis; said lot fronting 15 6-12 feet on Bellefontaine road by a depth of 28 6-12 feet, and bounded on the north by Lutz, on east by Bellefontaine road, on the south to a point and on the west by Branch street.

2. A lot in Haab's addition to the city of St. Louis, in city block No. 1147 of said city, said lot having a front of 99 feet on Branch street and an irregular width in the rear by a depth of 70 feet, and bounded on the north by land of Floyd, on the east by Branch street, on the south by land of Lutz and on the west by land of Davis.

And I will on

THURSDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 1, 1881. 18B

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Hampden Mepham, George E. Leighton and Henry W. Williams, trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. The east part of lot No. 56, Lindell's second addition to the City of St. Louis, said lot having a front on Baker avenue of 275 feet and two inches by a depth of old lines of 141 inches, and a width in the rear of 324 feet and 3 inches

2. Part of lot No. 56, Lindell's second addition to the City of St. Louis, fronting 329 feet and 6 inches on Baker avenue by 450 feet and 11 inches deep and with a width in the rear of 273 feet, bounded north by Lindell avenue, east by land of Leffingwell and others, south by Baker avenue, and west by lot of Chauvenet and others.

3. Part of lot No. 56, Lindell's second addition to the City of St. Louis, fronting 13 feet on Baker avenue by 450 feet deep, bounded north by Lindell avenue, east by land of Leffingwell et al., south by Baker avenue, and west by land of Geggie and others.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, May 31, 1881. 38A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Susan H. Floyd, William F. Floyd, Mary Lutz, Elizabeth Haas, Louis Haas and unknown heirs of Sabina Haab are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. A part of lot No. 2 of Haab's addition to the city of St. Louis, and city block No. 1149 of the city of St. Louis; said lot fronting 15 6-12 feet on Bellefontaine road by a depth of 28 6-12 feet, and bounded on the north by Lutz, on east by Bellefontaine road, on the south to a point and on the west by Branch street.

2. A lot in Haab's addition to the city of St. Louis, in city block No. 1147 of said city, said lot having a front of 99 feet on Branch street and an irregular width in the rear by a depth of 70 feet, and bounded on the north by land of Floyd, on the east by Branch street, on the south by land of Lutz and on the west by land of Davis.

And I will on

THURSDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF JUNE, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 1, 1881. 18B

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said